The New-York Times.

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FROM WASHINGTON.

Passage of the Revenue Bill in the Senate.

The Tax on Spirits on Hand Stricken Out.

THE PAY AND EQUIPMENT OF COLORED TROOPS

Spicy Discussion on the Printing of Public Documents.

Further Destruction of Rebel Salt Works in Florida.

Additional Captures of Blockade-Runners.

SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE N. Y. TIMES.

Washington, Thursday, Feb. 4.

ENLISTMENTS IN THE REGULAR ARMY TO BE CREDITED TO STATE QUOTAS.

The Secretary of War has issued a circular letter to the Governor's of loyal States, informing them that all men enlisted into the regular army since Sept. 3, 1862, will be credited upon the quota of the State in which they were enlisted. A list of all men enlisted in the regular army by recruiting officers under their commands from Sept. 3, 1862, to Jan. 1, 1864, giving the names of the men, and wherever they can do so, the district in which they were enlisted has been forwarded to the several State capitals. Hereafter tri-monthly reports of men thus enlisted will be forwarded to the State authorities, such reports to commence from Jan. 1, 1864.

REORGANIZATION OF THE ARMY OF THE POTOMAC.

It is rumored in military circles here that, when the Army of the Potomac is reorganized, it will be formed into three grand divisions, with a separate cavalry corps. The names of Gens. Hancock, Sedgwick and Augur are mentioned in connection with the new order of things.

NEW COLORED REGIMENTS IN MARYLAND.

Three new colored regiments are to be organized in the lower Maryland counties. There are several thousand recruits rendezvoused at different points in that section.

SEEKING A MODIFICATION OF THE NATIONAL BANKING LAWS.

A delegation from the Bank of Commerce is here successfully urging such modification of the National Banking Law as will let that institution in with its immense capital to do business under its provisions. They give an elegant entertainment to-night, at which Messrs. Chase and McCullough, Senators Fessenden, Sherman, Hale and Anthony, and Representatives Ganson, Hooper, Frank, Kasson, Clark and Pruyn are present.

TAX WHISKY TAX.

The disagreement between the House and the Senate upon the tax on whisky will be made the subject of a committee of conference. Those who know the temper of the House say that it will not secede from its policy of taxing this immense property in the hands of speculators; that it will adhere to its vote, and pursue the 4,000,000 that it seeks to add to the treasury.

GEN. FREMONT.

Mr. Fremont's friends here declare that he could not be persuaded to go out of the country by any foreign appointment.

DISPATCHES TO THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

Washington, Thursday, Feb. 4.

APPROPRIATIONS FOR FORTIFICATIONS.

The Fortification Bill, reported from the Committee on Ways and Means to-day, appropriates over five millions of dollars, including the following sums: For Fort Schuyler, $25,000; Willett's Point, $150,000; another fort in New-York Harbor, $100,000; battery near Fort Hamilton, $75,000; Fort Richmond, $20,000; Fort Tompkins, $150,000; battery at Staten Island, $75,000; fort at Sandy Hook, $125,000; Fort Mifflin, $20,000; and Forts Winthrop and Warren, $70,000.

FURTHER DESTRUCTION OF SALT WORKS IN FLORIDA.

The Navy Department has received communications from Acting Rear Admiral Lee, dated Jan. 27, in which he says:

"It affords me pleasure to report to the department that the promise made by Acting Master William R. Brown, commanding the bark *Restless*, at the conclusion of his last report concerning the destruction of the extensive salt works in the vicinity of St. Andrew's Bay, namely, that he would complete the work so handsomely begun, appears to have been kept. He reports that he went on board the stern-wheel steamer *Bloomer*, with two officers and 47 men belonging to the *Restless*, and proceeded up the bay, against very unfavorable circumstances of darkness, wind and tide, some ten miles above St. Andrews, where his force was, and destroyed some 90 additional salt works, together with all the boilers, kettles and buildings attached to them, whereupon the enemy commenced the destruction of 200 more which were in advance of our party, and thus saved us from all further trouble, except skirting along the bay for the distance of fifteen miles, to make sure that the work of destruction had been well performed by them. Deserters from Capt. Anderson's and Robinson's companies reported subsequently that both officers and men had broken up, and gone home, as the destruction of the salt works, which they were ordered to guard, had been so complete, and six of them have enlisted in the navy after taking the oath of allegiance.

ANOTHER BATCH OF PRIZES.

Information has been received at the Navy Department of the capture of the following blockade-runners. On the 28th of December, the rebel schooner *Caroline Gertrude*, loaded with cotton, was captured in St. Mark's Bay, Florida, by the armed boats of the United States steamer *Stars and Stripes*. The schooner was aground when captured. Fourteen prisoners were captured. After taking out forty-three bales of cotton, and having a sharp engagement with the enemy's cavalry, finding they could not save the vessel, they set her on fire to prevent her falling into the hands of the rebels, and she, with the balance of her cargo, was totally destroyed. On the 18th of January, the *Stars and Stripes* captured, in the same locality, the steamer *Laura*, hailing from St. John, N. B., and purporting to be from Havana, loaded with merchandise and cigars. Five prisoners were found on board, the Captain and fifteen others having escaped in a boat. The United States steamer *Hendrick Hudson* was also engaged in a chase after this prize. She went with the cotton captured on the *Caroline Gertrude* to Key West for adjudication.

On the 14th of January the U. S. supply steamer *Union* captured, south of Tampa Bay, Fla., the rebel steamer *Mayflower*, bound to Havana, with 75 bales of cotton. When discovered, she was secreted in Sarasote Pass, with steam up all ready to steam out, and was cut out by three boats. Ten prisoners were taken. The Captain and two engineers had escaped. The *Mayflower* is described as an old and almost worthless vessel. She was towed to Key West, where the cargo was condemned by the United States Marshal, and ordered North on the *Union*.

THE PURCHASE OF COTTON.

The bill introduced by Mr. Kasson to-day, authorizes the Secretary of War, through the money officers of the army in the several military departments of the cotton-growing States, to issue certificates of indebtedness, to be paid after the close of the war and upon the permanent restoration of the authority of the United States over the State of which the party receiving the certificate is at the time a citizen, to be delivered to any person the possessor of cotton in bales, who shall bring the same, or cause the same to be brought, to any military post or position, occupied or held by our troops; the amount of such certified indebtedness not to exceed one-half of the estimated value of such cotton at the seaports of the United States open to foreign trade. The Secretary of War is authorized to provide by proper regulations that no person shall be permitted to purchase in such districts any cotton which is not, at the time of such purchase, in the possession of persons residing within the military lines, and removable without military protection. This bill has been sent to the Committee of Ways and Means.

THE TAX UPON SPIRITS AND LIQUORS.

The House Bill to increase the Internal Revenue, as it passed the Senate to-day, provides that after its passage, in lieu of the duty provided for in the act of July 1, 1862, and in addition to the duties payable for licenses, there shall be paid on all spirits that may be distilled and sold, or distilled and removed for consumption or sale, previous to July 1, 1864, of first-proof, a duty of 60 cents per gallon; and upon all liquors that may be distilled after the passage of this act, and sold, or removed for consumption or sale, on and after the 1st of July next, and previous to July next, 70 cents per gallon; and on all liquors that may be distilled after the passage of this act and sold, or removed for consumption or sale, on and after the 1st of January next, 80 cents per gallon. In addition to the duty heretofore imposed by law, there is to be paid on spirits distilled from grain or other materials, whether of American or foreign production, imported from foreign countries previous to the 1st of July next, of first proof, a duty of 49 cents per gallon, and on all such spirits imported from foreign countries on and after the 1st of January next a duty of 50 cents; and on all such spirits imported from foreign countries on and after the 1st of January next, 60 cents per gallon. The Senate struck out the House provision taxing spirits on hand for sale, and also the clause proposing an addition of 20 cents per gallon on adultered spirits sold as brandy, wine, &c. The Senate also rejected the proviso increasing the duty on cotton to 2 cents.

PROCEEDINGS OF CONGRESS.

SENATE.

Washington, Thursday, Feb. 4.

EMIGRATION TO MISSOURI.

Mr. Brown, of Missouri, (Union,) offered the memorial of the National Land Transfer Company of Missouri, praying for and to promote the emigration of skilled laborers into that State. Referred to the Committee on Finances.

KANSAS CITIZENS IN TEXAS.

Mr. Lane, of Kansas, (Union,) reported back from the Committee on Public Lands a bill setting apart a portion of the State of Texas for Kansas citizens, with amendments. Ordered to be printed.

THE SANDWICH ISLANDS.

Mr. Sumner, of Massachusetts, (Union,) offered a resolution requesting the President of the United States, if not incompatible with public interests, to communicate any correspondence in his possession relating to the Reciprocity Treaty between the United States and the Sandwich Islands. Passed.

AUCTION SALE OF BOOKS.

Mr. Howe, of Wisconsin, (Union,) offered a resolution instructing the Secretary of the Interior to sell at public auction all public books and documents in his custody. Adopted.

THE PAY OF SOLDIERS.

On motion of Mr. Wilson, of Massachusetts, (Union,) the bill equalizing the pay of United States soldiers was taken up.

Mr. Fessenden, of Maine, (Union,) was opposed to the retrospective character of the bill, though he was in favor of placing colored troops on the same footing as other troops from and after its passage.

Mr. Wilson thought the bill should be a retrospective one, for the troops in the colored regiments had been assured before they were mustered into the service, that they would receive the same pay and be placed on an equal footing with white troops. The gross acts of injustice heretofore done to this portion of our soldiery should be rectified.

Mr. Ten Eyck, of New-Jersey, (Union,) thought this a matter of justice. If these colored men had been promised certain things by our war authorities it became our duty to recognize and legalize the promises held out to them. These were sufficient reasons to induce him to vote for the bill.

Mr. Lane, of Kansas, supported the bill in its retrospective character.

Mr. Fessenden said that the troops raised by Gen. Hunter had no pledge from the Government. This bill proposed a very loose mode of legislation. Recruiting officers were prone to offer inducements not authorized by law to promote enlistments. If officers had undertaken to promise these colored recruits more than $10 per month, it was from a misapprehension of the law. It would not be proper to legislate to pay more than we had contracted to pay. He thought that from the passage of this bill all of our soldiers, without regard to color, should be placed on an equal footing. As to paying what the Government did not at present owe these colored men under its contract with them, he was opposed to it.

Mr. Conness, of California, (Union,) did not think the Treasury could afford to make this bill retrospective. He would propose an amendment giving them pay after the passage of this act.

Mr. Pomeroy, of Kansas, (Union,) thought the Treasury of the United States always sufficient to provide for an act of justice.

Mr. Conness inquired whether this act would cause the rebels to acknowledge colored troops as soldiers.

Mr. Pomeroy replied that the effect of the act would be the acknowledgment of colored troops as real soldiers.

Mr. Conness regarded this as a proposition involving money, and nothing more. It was a question as to the payment of a certain amount of money under a contract.

Mr. Lane, of Kansas, said the Government was under a nominal, if not a legal obligation to redeem its obligations to the First Colored Kansas Regiment.

Mr. Conness desired that the Senate should introduce a separate bill for this purpose.

Mr. Wilson stated that the present number of colored troops in the field and in the departments would reach 50,000. These had been enlisted mostly within the last six months.

Mr. Doolittle, of Wisconsin, (Union,) believed that the Government should act in good faith to these soldiers. At the same time, there were considerations which should lead us to act cautiously in the matter. There were many white soldiers serving in the army without receiving the bounties given to subsequent recruits. If we adopted this bill we should give the old soldiers similar benefits.

Mr. Fessenden calculated that the bill, in its retrospective action, would incur an expense of a million and a half dollars.

Mr. Doolittle argued that as the wives and children of many of our colored troops were being supported by the Government, they should not receive the same bounty and pay as white recruits, whose families are dependent on them for support.

THE REVENUE BILL.

On motion of Mr. Fessenden, the House proceeded to consider the House Revenue Bill, with the amendments proposed by the Senate Finance Committee.

Mr. Hendricks, of Indiana, (Dem.,) moved an amendment reducing the tax on distilled spirits to a uniform rate of 40 cents, instead of 70 and 80 cents. He argued at length that the proposed tax discriminated against an article of Northwestern manufacture, while it did not affect the productions of other sections. He thought that in a few years, when the currency should become reduced, liquor could not stand such a tax as that now proposed. He did not consider this a fair mode of legislation toward the Northwestern States.

Mr. Fessenden, of Maine, (Union,) replied that we should tax an article to obtain revenue, according to what it would bear. Liquor would bear the tax proposed by the Finance Committee. The tax would fall upon the consumer, wherever it was used. The tax imposed in England was more than double this, and yet no one was injured or complained. If it was not used as an article of manufacture in the Atlantic States, the tax fell there.

Mr. Fessenden deprecated any sectional feelings in great measures like this. The bill originated in no sectional spirit.

Mr. Hendricks would say that no one deprecated sectional issues more than himself; and as a Senator he would not give a vote for a bill imposing burdens unequally on any particular section of the country, as he thought such a course would tend to sever the union of the States. The Northwest had not, nor would it, refuse to bear its full share of the burden in this great war.

The debate was continued at length by Messrs. Cowan, Howe, Johnson, Grimes, Doolittle, Harlan and others.

Mr. Hendricks' amendment was rejected.

Mr. Doolittle moved to recommit the bill to the Finance Committee, with instructions to report a proviso taxing liquors on hand prior to July 1 twenty cents per gallon.

Rejected by a vote of 14 yeas against 29 nays, as follows:

Yeas.—Messrs. Anthony, Brown, Chandler, Doolittle, Foot, Foster, Grimes, Harlan, Howard, Morrill, Ramsay, Sherman, Sprague, Trumbull.

Nays.—Messrs. Buckalew, Carlisle, Clark, Collamer, Conness, Cowan, Dixon, Fessenden, Hale, Harris, Henderson, Hendricks, Hicks, Howe, Johnson, Lane of Indiana, Lane of Kansas, Morgan, Pomeroy, Powell, Richardson, Sumner, Ten Eyck, Van Winkle, Wade, Wilkinson, Willey, Wilson, Riddle.

The bill, as amended by the Finance Committee, then passed.

On motion of Mr. Lane (of Indiana) it was resolved that when the Senate adjourned it be until Monday.

The Senate then went into executive session, and shortly afterward adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Washington, Thursday, Feb. 4.

FORTIFICATIONS.

Mr. Stevens, of Pennsylvania, (Union,) from the Committee on Ways and Means, reported a bill making appropriations for the construction, preservation and repair of certain fortifications, for the year ending with June, 1865.

GRADE OF VOLUNTEER NAVAL OFFICERS.

On motion of Mr. Schenck, of Ohio, (Union,) a resolution was adopted calling on the Secretary of the Navy to communicate the report of the Advisory Board of July, 1862, to establish and equalize the grade of line-officers of the navy, together with the instructions to said board, and all the documentary testimony, memorials and protests of those who were not recommended, and of others in their behalf, and all other papers and proceedings connected therewith, and the report of the said board.

PRESERVATION OF GAME.

On motion of Mr. Bennett, of Colorado, (Union,) the Committee on Territories were instructed to take into consideration the propriety of passing a law to prevent the wanton destruction of the buffalo during the Spring and Summer.

INDEMNIFICATION FOR PROPERTY DESTROYED.

Mr. Hale, of Pennsylvania, (Union,) from the Committee on Claims, reported a bill providing for ascertaining and adjusting the claims against the Government for injury to and destruction of property by military authority during the present rebellion.

BOUNTY LANDS FOR SOLDIERS.

On motion of Mr. Noble, of Ohio, (Union,) the Committee on Pensions were instructed to take into consideration the propriety of giving bounty lands to all soldiers in the present war who have been, or may be honorably discharged, and also to the soldiers engaged in the Oregon Indian War.

CAPTURED COTTON.

Mr. Kasson, of Iowa, (Union,) introduced a bill relating to captures of cotton, and the disposition thereof, by the forces of the United States, which was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

THE DIPLOMATIC CORRESPONDENCE.

Mr. Ambrose W. Clark, of New-York, (Union,) from the Committee on Printing, reported a joint resolution that there be printed ten thousand copies of the diplomatic correspondence accompanying the President's Message, for the use of the State Department.

Mr. Davis, of Maryland, (Union,) said that this was the only mode the Government had to enlighten the public mind of Europe. If this was not allowed no one could desire that we should be driven to the disreputable measure of the rebels, viz.: buying up the public press of Europe. By distributing the document through the State Department it would have all the weight of an official declaration.

Mr. James C. Allen, of Illinois, (Dem.,) asked the Chairman of the Printing Committee to include in the order the printing of ten thousand copies of Gen. McClellan's report. We are, he said, annoyed to death by inquiries for it, not only from individuals in the Western country, but from officers of the army.

Mr. Ambrose W. Clark said that the copies of Gen. McClellan's report would soon be ready for distribution.

Mr. James C. Allen remarked that the number ordered, namely, 10,000, would give the members only 50 copies a piece. The demand for McClellan's report was so great that the exigency required that a larger number of copies should be printed.

Mr. Grinnell, of Iowa, (Dem.,) said that the gentleman (Allen) could have his share of the copies.

Mr. Cox, of Ohio, (Union,) replied: The gentleman (Grinnell) does not want his constituents to read the truth.

Mr. Wilson, of Iowa, (Union,) wanted to know what the printing would cost. This ought to be first ascertained.

Mr. Cox said that he and his friends would not object to making known the transactions of all the departments. Let all the books be printed. The diplomatic correspondence should be laid before the world. He would say to the gentleman from Iowa that his (Grinnell's) constituents had written hither for Gen. McClellan's report. We want to know, and the people of the West want to know why this report is kept back?

Mr. Washburn, of Illinois, (Union,) asked why the friends of Gen. McClellan did not ask in the first instance, for printing a larger number of copies of his report?

Mr. Cox replied: We did not know there would be so great a demand for that report. Gen. McClellan's popularity is almost equal to that of Gen. Grant. [Laughter.]

Mr. Wilson understood that the diplomatic correspondence was already printed and ready for distribution among members. He wanted to know the cost of printing the additional copies, as the type was distributed.

Mr. Pomeroy, of New-York, (Union,) remarked that the thousand copies heretofore ordered to be printed for the use of the State Department were not enough for the purpose of the distribution intended. It was important that copies should be sent abroad, in order to a better understanding of our diplomatic affairs for the past year. The public attention had been drawn to the subject of foreign intervention, more than to any other. It was the rock on which our enemies thought we would split and their prosperity established. There was no subject on which the people had more right to demand information than on our foreign relations.

Mr. Dawes, of Massachusetts, (Union,)—Suppose we ascertain, just for curiosity, how much the printing will cost.

Mr. Pomeroy replied that the question was whether additional copies shall be printed or not.

Mr. Stevens, of Pennsylvania, (Union,) proposed that instead of one thousand, two thousand copies of those already printed be given for the use of the State Department. He was quite sure that the House did not want 7,000 copies. Besides the printing expenses had been run up to $1,250,000 the past year, and it was becoming an alarming expense.

Mr. Davis, of Maryland, (Union,) said that if the House were disposed to higgle as to the sum for bringing our diplomatic correspondence before the nations of Europe, let them do so.

The House then passed the resolution for printing 10,000 additional copies of the diplomatic correspondence, by yeas 118, nays 17.

THE CONFISCATION ACT.

The House then resumed the consideration of the joint resolution to amend a joint resolution, explanatory of the Confiscation Act of July, 1862.

Mr. Woodbridge, of Vermont, (Union,) in the course of his argument, said, that if we concede the rebels to be alien enemies, we concede their territory to be alien territory; but if we adopt the theory that they are not out of the Union, then confiscation becomes a municipal regulation to practically operate on the property of those who are in armed rebellion against the Government. The rebels have broken the contract, and it is the right and duty of Congress to restrain their persons and appropriate their property.

Mr. Cox, of Ohio, moved to lay the joint resolution on the table.

The question was decided in the negative by yeas 71, nays 83.

Mr. Kernan, of New-York, (Dem.,) opposed the pending resolution and asked gentlemen on the Republican side to pause and reflect whether confiscation was not destructive rather than preservative of the Government. Let us not make this a war of conquest—a war of extermination affecting six or eight millions of people. Let not their lands go to speculators, to those who follow the army not to strengthen it, but to fatten on the plunder. He would prosecute the war for the purpose of putting down the rebellion, and as far as possible restoring the peace and harmony of all sections.

Mr. Wilson, of Iowa, (Union,) said that the policy of confiscation is embodied as the living law of the land, and therefore was not before the House. All that had been said by the opponents of the resolution was a waste of time. He would not be harsh beyond the measures of the hour, but his patience had been exhausted by the efforts here to shield traitors from the penalty of their crimes. The gentleman from Ohio (Cox) had furnished the rough material out of which all the speeches of the opposition had been made, and those he had been sailing with were in the craft belonging to the Confederate navy.

Mr. Cox, of Ohio, (Dem.,) said: The gentleman from Iowa (Wilson) was speaking by the courtesy of this side, after putting himself off by calling the "previous question." He makes a personal attack on me, and declines to yield the floor.

Mr. Wilson—I did not interrupt the gentleman when he spoke, and I refuse to yield the floor.

Mr. Cox—The gentleman dare not yield.

The Speaker to Mr. Cox—The Chair will protect the gentleman from Ohio.

Mr. Cox—I beg the pardon of the Speaker for the interruption.

Mr. Wilson resumed. He said that the resolution was strictly in accordance with the Constitution, and yet gentlemen on the other side opposed it, with all their professed reverence for the Constitution, and their willingness to leave such important questions to the adjudication of the courts. Traitors had no right to expect to be shielded from the consequences of their crimes. The rebellion was not to be crushed out by offering olive branches, or by the utterance of honeyed words, even from the lips of members of Congress. While gentlemen were thus talking for the benefit of their erring brothers and wayward sisters, their relatives on the other side were making desperate efforts against us. We expect to see the Southern States rescued from a remorseless aristocracy, and a semi-feudal system destroyed; labor elevated to its just dignity, and such institutions of republicanism established as will secure the future peace and prosperity of the entire country.

Mr. Pendleton, of Ohio, (Dem.,) moved to reconsider the vote by which the previous question was ordered on the passage of the resolution.

This motion was laid on the table by two majority.

The Speaker announced the question on the passage of the joint resolution, when

Mr. Voorhees, of Indiana, (Dem.,) moved that the House adjourn, and

Mr. Cravens, of Indiana, (Dem.,) moved that the House adjourn until Monday.

These questions and others, evidently designed to stave off action on the confiscation resolution, occupied more than an hour, the votes being taken by yeas and nays.

Mr. Davis, of Maryland, (Union,) at 4¾ o'clock, said, if these tactics were continued, it was evident that they could do nothing, therefore it would be better to come here fresh to-morrow morning, and he moved to adjourn, which motion was carried.

FROM THE SOUTH.

The Rebel Military Bill—Longstreet vs. Foster.

The Richmond papers of Jan. 30 contain the following interesting extracts:

THE SENATE MILITARY BILL.

From the Examiner, Jan. 30.

The Senate, on yesterday, removed the injunction of secrecy from the Military Bill reported from the Military Committee. We give below an abstract of the bill as it passed the Senate in secret session. We learn the bill now being considered by the House of Representatives, in secret session, is entirely a different affair.

The first section of the Senate bill declares all white men, residents of the Confederate States, between 18 and 55 years, in the military service of the Confederate States for the war.

Sec. 2. All persons between 45 and 55 not now in the army, shall enroll themselves within a period to be prescribed by the President, under pain of being conscribed into the army in the field, and all details for provost and hospital guards, Commissary, Quartermaster and Niter Bureau agents, clerks and guards, and for service in enforcing the Conscript Acts, &c., shall be taken from those persons who are between 45 and 55 not now in the army, and from those below 45 who are unfit for military service in the field by reason of physical disability, within 30 days from the passage of this act: Provided, that in the Trans-Mississippi Department the time for the enrollment aforesaid shall be 60 days. And provided further, that all persons named between 45 and 55 shall only be placed in the service to act as details as herein provided.

Sec. 3. Discharges from the army to be of no effect, unless the disability on account of which the discharges were obtained still exist; provided, that persons exempted on account of religious opinions, and who have paid the tax levied on them as such, shall not be conscripted.

Sec. 4. Repeals all laws granting exemptions, and provides that hereafter none shall be exempt, except—

I. All who shall be held to be unfit for military service, under the rules to be prescribed by the Secretary of War.

II. The Vice-President of the Confederate States, the members of Congress and of the State Legislatures, and the officers thereof, and such other Confederate and State officers as the President or the Governors of the States, respectively, may declare to be necessary for the proper administration of the Confederate or State Governments.

III. Ministers of religion who, on the 10th of April, 1862, were and still are in the discharge of their regular ministerial duties; superintendents of asylums for the deaf, dumb, blind and insane; one editor of each newspaper established and being published on the 10th of April, 1862, who was owner or editor of a newspaper at that date, and which has been so published regularly since that time, and such journeymen printers as such editor may, under oath, declare are indispensable for printing said newspaper; one apothecary doing business on the 10th of April, 1862, and who is now and has been since that time doing business; all physicians over thirty-five years of age who for the last seven years have been in the actual practice of their profession; and teachers of twenty children whose schools have been in operation for the past two years; *Provided*, that when the occupations here mentioned have been interrupted by the occupation of the enemy and resumed at the place of residence, the persons named shall be entitled to exemption.

IV. For the police of slaves there shall be exempted on each farm or plantation, the sole property of a minor, person of unsound mind, *femme sole*, or person absent in the military service, on which there are twenty or more effective hands; *Provided*, the persons so exempted were acting as overseers previous to 16th April, 1862, and there is no white male adult on such farm or plantation, not liable to military duty; and, *Provided*, the owner of such farm or plantation, his agent or legal representative, shall make affidavit that, after diligent effort, no overseer can be procured who is not liable to military duty.

Provided further, That this clause shall not extend to any farm or plantation on which negroes have been placed, by division, from any other farm or plantation, since Oct. 11, 1862; *Provided further*, That for every person exempted, as aforesaid, and during the period of such exemption, there shall be paid annually into the public treasury, by the owners of such slaves, the sum of $500; *Provided further*, That nothing herein contained shall be so construed as to prevent the President from detailing the owner of a plantation to oversee the same, upon the terms and in the cases where such owner would have the right to claim the exemption of an overseer to manage such plantation.

V. Nothing herein contained shall be construed to repeal the Act of April 14, 1863, in relation to mail contractors, and the exemptions herein granted shall only continue while the persons exempted are engaged in their respective pursuits or occupations.

Sec. 5. By this section the President is authorized to grant details, under general rules and regulations to be issued from the War Department, either from persons between forty-five and fifty-five, or from the army in the field, in all cases where, in his judgment, justice, equity and necessity, require that he should make such details, and he may revoke such order of details whenever he may think proper; *Provided*, The power herein granted to the President to make details and exemptions shall not be construed to authorize the exemption or detail of any contractor for furnishing supplies to the Government by reason of said contract, unless the head or secretary of the department shall certify that the personal services of said contractor are indispensable to the execution of the contract, and that the same is carried on in good faith; and then never more than one person for each contract; or of the officers, clerks, agents or employes of express companies.

Sec. 6 provides that any Quartermaster or Assistant Quartermaster, Commissary or Assistant Commissary, (other than those serving with brigades or regiments in the field,) or officer in the niter bureau, Provost-Marshal, or enrolling officer, who shall employ any person between the ages of 18 and 45, who is liable to military duty in the field, as a clerk, agent, or in any other way, shall, upon conviction thereof, by a court-martial or military court, be cashiered; and it shall be the duty of department or district commanders to relieve such Quartermaster, &c., upon proof, by oath of some creditable person, that he or they have violated the requirements of this clause; and any department or district commander who shall fail to do as required by this act as above stated, shall, upon conviction thereof, be dismissed the service.

Sec. 7. In appointing local Boards of Surgeons for the examination of persons liable to military service, no member composing the same shall be appointed from the county in which said persons reside.

Sec. 8. Nothing herein contained shall be construed to repeal any part of the act entitled "An act to provide further for the public defence," approved April 16, 1862, or of the act amendatory thereto, approved Sept. 27, 1862, except as herein expressly provided.

GENS. LONGSTREET AND FOSTER.

From the Dispatch, Jan. 30.

We copied, yesterday, from Northern papers, a correspondence between Lieut.-Gen. Longstreet and Maj.-Gen. Foster, commanding the Yankee forces in East Tennessee. Designedly, no doubt, the most important letter of this correspondence was omitted in the journal from which we copied the letters which have already appeared. As the letter speaks for itself, and terminates the correspondence, we submit it without comment:

Headquarters Department East Tennessee,
Jan. 11, 1864.

Sir: I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 7th of January, with its inclosures, &c.

The disingenuous manner in which you have misconstrued my letter of the 3d has disappointed me. The suggestion you claim to have adopted was, in words, as follows, viz.:

"I presume, however, that the great object and end in view was to hasten the day of peace. I respectfully suggest for your consideration the propriety of communicating any views that your Government may have on that subject through me, rather than by handbills circulated amongst our soldiers."

This sentence repudiates, in its own terms, the construction which you have forced upon it. Let me remind you, too, that the spirit and tone of my letter were to meet honorable sentiments.

The absolute want of pretext for your construction of the letter induces me to admonish you against trifling over the events of this great war. You cannot pretend to have answered my letter in the spirit of frankness due to a soldier, and yet it is hard to believe that an officer commanding an army of veteran soldiers, on whose shoulders rests, in no small part, the destiny of empires, could so far forget the height of this great argument at arms, and so betray the dignity of his high station, as to fall into a contest of jeers and jibes.

I have read your order announcing the favorable terms on which deserters will be received. Step by step you have gone on in violation of the laws of honorable warfare. Our farms have been destroyed, our women and children have been robbed, and our houses have been pillaged and burnt. You have laid your plans and worked diligently to produce wholesale murder by servile insurrection. And now, the most ignoble of all, you propose to degrade the human race by inducing soldiers to dishonor and forswear themselves.

Soldiers who have met your own on so many honorable fields, who have breasted the storm of battle in defence of their honor, their families and their homes, for three long years, have a right to expect more of honor, even in their adversaries.

I beg leave to return the copies of the proclamation and your order.

I have the honor to renew to you the assurances of great respect. Your obedient servant,

J. LONGSTREET, Lieut.-Gen. Com'd'ng.

Major-Gen. J. G. Foster, Com'ding Dept. of Ohio.

ARMY OF THE POTOMAC.

Rebel Deserters—Confiscated Sutler's Goods—Gayety in Camp—Cold Weather.

Washington, Thursday, Feb. 4.

Greatly exaggerated reports have been published as to the number of rebel deserters received by the Army of the Potomac. They averaged last month from five to twelve per day, but the arrivals have been more frequent thus far in the present month, not, however, at any time exceeding the latter estimate.

A letter from the army, received to-night, says: Last Monday was the time appointed for the rebel conscripts of Virginia to assemble at the various rendezvous. Refugees say a large portion declined doing so, and many will probably reach our lines.

A large lot of confiscated sutlers' goods were sold at Brandy Station yesterday by Capt. Clinton, of Gen. Patrick's Staff. Notwithstanding an apparent combination of sutlers to get them at nominal rates, they netted the average Washington rates. The articles were generally in excess of the manifests and officers' orders. The liquors composing part of the seizures, were turned over to the Medical Department, and the proceeds of the sale, about $1,500, placed in Gen. Patrick's hands, to be applied to the relief of our sick and wounded.

Gen. Birney's ball, on Tuesday night, afforded much pleasure to a large company.

Within the last twenty-four hours, the writer says, we have passed through every grade of the seasons, from Summer's heat, with thunder and lightning, to cold, producing ice an inch thick. A cold south wind is blowing this morning, but the weather is clear and pleasant.

There is nothing exciting from the front.

Trade to West Virginia Unrestricted.

Baltimore, Thursday, Feb. 4.

John F. McJilton, Esq., the Surveyor of the Port of Baltimore, received from the Treasury Department at Washington to-day the following regulation, which allows the transportation of merchandise to Western Virginia:

Treasury Department,
Washington, Feb. 2.

The Secretary of War having transmitted to this Department the letter of the Commanding-General, expressing the opinion in reply to a letter addressed to him by the Secretary of the Treasury on the 16th ult., that restrictions on all trade in the State of West Virginia, within the national military lines, may now be safely removed, the 26th regulation of trade, established with other regulations on the 11th of September, 1863, is so far modified that all restrictions on trade in the State of West Virginia, within said lines, are annulled and abrogated, and all products and goods may be freely taken into and transported within the above-mentioned portion of said State, as in time of peace; provided, however, that no products or goods shall be taken from said State into any State declared to be in insurrection, or to any port in any such State heretofore blockaded, which has been, or may be opened, except in compliance with the regulations of Sept. 11.

(Signed,) S. P. CHASE,
Secretary of the Treasury.

The Nova Scotia Legislature.

Halifax, N. S., Thursday, Feb. 4.

The Nova Scotia Legislature was opened to-day by the Administrator of the Government, Maj.-Gen. Doyle. His speech refers to the increased exports and large surplus revenue; congratulates the country upon the success of the militia organization, the increased traffic on the railways, and the enlarged activity in the mining operations; recommends amendments to the agricultural and gold field acts; promises measures to effect a geological survey of the Province; promises to extend the existing railways, to complete the St. Peter's Canal, to promote education, to establish a maritime court to investigate shipwrecks, and to inaugurate measures to unite, under one Government and Legislature, the Provinces of Nova Scotia, New-Brunswick and Prince Edward Island.

Mr. Wadt was elected Speaker of the House.

The Escape of Marshal Kane and Confederate Officers—The Chesapeake Case.

Halifax, N. S., Thursday, Feb. 4.

Marshal Kane and a large number of Confederate officers have arrived here. They are said to have escaped from Johnson's Island.

There was nothing definite done in the Court of Admiralty yesterday in reference to the steamer *Chesapeake*. The Court has adjourned until Friday, when it is expected that the vessel will be delivered over to her owners.

Copperheadism in the New-Jersey Legislature.

Trenton, N. J., Thursday, Feb. 4.

A bill against enlisting and paying bounties to negroes was offered by the Democrats in the Senate to-day.

It was vigorously resisted by Hon. James M. Scovel.

The New-York State Medical Society.

Albany, Thursday, Feb. 4.

The State Medical Society adjourned to-day, after electing the following officers: President, Frederick Hyde; Vice-President, George J. Fisher; Secretary, S. D. Willard; Treasurer, J. V. P. Quackenbush.

For the Front.

Syracuse, Thursday, Feb. 4.

Major-Gen. Peck, now here, throws up his leave of absence and returns immediately to his command in North Carolina, in consequence of the reported attack on Newbern.

The Will of R. H. Winslow.

Bridgeport, Conn., Thursday, Feb. 4.

The validity of the will of R. H. Winslow was established by a decree of the Superior Court here, to-day.

GEN. KELLY'S DEPARTMENT.

A Fight Imminent in Hardy County.

In the Field, Western Virginia,
Thursday, Feb. 4.

Our forces have overtaken the enemy at the ford near Moorfield, in Hardy County.

The enemy evidently intends to dispute the passage of the river.

Our forces are in position and the artillery just opened.

Interesting from the Southwest.

Cairo, Thursday, Feb. 4.

The steamer *Belle Creole* struck a snag off Plum Point on the 2d and sunk. One passenger was lost. Nothing was saved from the boat, which was insured for $10,000.

The steamers *Darling* and *Silver Moon*, from Memphis, passed up, en route to Cincinnati, to-day, with 1,749 bales of cotton, and the *Perry* has arrived with 204 bales for St. Louis.

The rebels used artillery against the steamers which were recently fired into, and engaged three of our gunboats for a considerable time before they were repulsed, and thirteen of them were killed.

The inauguration of the officers chosen by the State Convention of Arkansas took place on the 22d ult., in the Senate Chamber at Little Rock. It was a most solemn and imposing affair. After a prayer by the Rev. James Butler, the Governor addressed the assemblage in a touching and impressive manner.

The ceremonies concluded with the administration of the oath of office to Gov. Murphy, Lieut.-Gov. Bliss, and the Secretary of State. The scene was most affecting, and many present were moved to tears as the solemn words that bound the new officers to loyalty to their country and fealty to the Union, were uttered and responded to.

Fifteen hundred recruits arrived to-day at Springfield, a portion of them from Missouri. They are en route for the South to fill up old regiments. About 3,000 more will soon follow.

Hon. A. M. Jenkins, Judge of the Third Judicial Circuit, died yesterday at his residence in Murfreysboro, Ill.

The Memphis *Argus*, of the 2d, says there is little doing in the cotton market, and a decline of two cents from Saturday's quotations has been experienced. Buyers are holding off, expecting heavy receipts and a further decline in New-York. It is rumored in commercial circles that two or three boats are expected to arrive from below, with an aggregate of 3,000 bales.

A Pennsylvania Regiment at Home.

Philadelphia, Thursday, Feb. 4.

The Ninety-eighth Philadelphia Regiment, Col. Ballier, has reënlisted, and arrived here to-night on furlough. The heroes were received by a grand military and civic escort, and will be entertained by the German societies at a supper to-night.

Sentence of a Counterfeiter.

Trenton, N. J., Thursday, Feb. 4.

In the United States District Court, Sylvester C. Cook was tried and convicted of uttering counterfeited "fifty dollar" United States notes, and he has been sentenced by Judge Field, to imprisonment for three years. This same person was indicted by the Essex County Court, for a similar offence, but was surrendered upon an order, to the United States Court.

United States Supreme Court.

Washington, Thursday, Feb. 4.

The United States Supreme Court is still considering the case of Greene C. Bronson et al., appellants, *vs.* The LaCrosse and Milwaukee Railroad Company et al., and three other cases in that connection. There is much entanglement about the matter, and the issue involves $750,000.

Non-Arrival of the Asia.

Halifax, Thursday, Jan. 4—10 P. M.

There are no signs of the *Asia*. Weather thick.

Fire.

Concord, N. H., Thursday, Feb. 4.

The store owned by J. S. Tufts, in Plymouth, was destroyed by fire this morning. Loss $16,000; insurance, $11,000.

The Draft in this State.

Gen. Fry has issued the following circular to the Assistant Provost-Marshals-General of the several States, inclosing the President's call:

Provost-Marshal-General's Office,
Washington, Feb. 1, 1864.

Maj. F. Townsend, A. A. P. M. G., Sup't Vol. Rec'g, Albany, N. Y.:

The President's order of this date (copy herewith) for a draft on 10th of March, for five hundred thousand men, after deducting all who may be raised prior to March 1 and not heretofore credited, is equivalent to a call for two hundred thousand men, in addition to the three hundred thousand called for Oct. 17. Do everything possible to fill this as well as the former call, and secure action at once, in anticipation of the exact quotas, which will be announced from this office as soon as possible. (Signed,)

JAMES B. FRY, Provost-Marshal-Gen.

II. The Provost-Marshals of this division will make every exertion to fill this call in the manner they have, and are exerting themselves to fill the former call. Efforts should be immediately put forth by them, and by the Military Committee of their districts, to secure a continuance of the local bounties, or to obtain an equivalent on the part of the State, and to arouse again the enthusiasm of the people, hitherto so instrumental in procuring recruits.

(Signed,) FREDERICK TOWNSEND,
Major U. S. A., A. A. P. M. G., Sup't. Recruiting.
Official: Jacob F. Chur, Lieutenant and Acting Inspector.

A Soldier's Wife Commits Suicide.—Coroner Wildey yesterday held an inquest on the body of Mrs. Ann Wood, a young woman, aged about 27 years, and a native of Staten Island. The husband of deceased has been for some time connected with the Union army, first as a private in the Forty-seventh Regiment New-York Volunteers, but more recently as First-Lieutenant in the Third South Carolina regiment (colored.) He returned to this City a few days since, his term of enlistment having expired. A day or two ago he informed his wife that it was his intention to reënlist. This information so affected the spirits of his wife that she became very melancholy, and about 1 o'clock on Wednesday afternoon she went up to the sixth floor of the house in which she had resided, No. 135 Crosby-street, and threw herself from the sixth-story window to the pavement below. In falling she struck and passed through a wooden awning. She was immediately taken up and conveyed to Bellevue Hospital, where she died in about half an hour. The jury rendered a verdict in accordance with the above facts. The only motive for the commission of the rash act, which any of the witnesses could assign, was the proposed reënlistment of her husband.

The Veterans in the Army.—A letter was received by the Kings County Bounty Committee yesterday from Supervisor Bloom, who in connection with Supervisor Kirby, proceeded to the Army of the Potomac for the purpose of reënlisting and paying bounties to veterans in Brooklyn regiments. He states that they have visited all the corps and find a general desire among a large majority of the men to reënlist, provided they can procure furloughs. As there is some difficulty now in this respect, the prospect is not as good as it might be, or would have been two or three weeks since. Still they are making good progress. The men are represented as being in first-rate condition.

Bounty to Veterans.—The Kings County Supervisors Committee continued the payment of bounties yesterday to the reënlisted men of the Forty-eighth Regiment New-York State Volunteers, just returned from Hilton Head. About 300 men have now been paid, and it is understood that over one hundred of those remaining in South Carolina have reënlisted since the main body of the regiment left. A number of the Sixty-seventh Regiment were also paid yesterday. About twenty new recruits were enlisted.

Brooklyn City Court—Friday, Feb. 5.—Nos. 26, 40.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

DISTRESSING POISONING CASE.

A Whole Family Poisoned by Ham—Death of One of the Victims.

PROCEEDINGS UPON THE CORONER'S INQUEST, ETC.

A case of much interest has just been concluded by Coroner NAUMANN. As we regard it of some public importance we give below the facts as they have come to us, together with the testimony adduced on the inquest, including evidence of the physicians, who have made a thorough examination of the subject: It appears that three weeks ago yesterday, an elderly lady, Mrs. ELIZABETH WERKMEISTER, residing at No. 45 Elizabeth-street, purchased a ham at the store of a provision dealer on the corner of Grand and Mott streets. She took it home and the family all partook of it. Mr. FLAIG, the husband and father of the family, his wife, their little daughter MARY, aged two years, and an aunt of the latter, soon after eating, became quite ill. The next day, however, they ate some more of the ham. This second repast made them worse, and they began to attribute it to what they had eaten. The child lingered several days in great distress, and at length died, in spite of all the attending physicians could do for her. The father, mother and aunt are still very ill, but hopes are entertained of their recovery. Mrs. WERKMEISTER, mentioned above, and who is the grandmother of deceased, was not so much affected, she having only eaten a small piece to test it. Below we give the testimony of the grandmother and of the physicians who made the examination.

Elizabeth Werkmeister being sworn, testified: Deceased was my grandchild; three weeks ago Thursday, I bought a ham, corner of Grand and Mott streets; I brought it home, and we all ate it of raw, and took bread and wine with it; on the next morning, deceased's father and mother were taken very ill; they complained of a great pain in the stomach, &c.; on that day they ate more of the ham, and since that time they have been constantly very ill; they thought the ham poisoned them and I ate a piece of it to try it; the same symptoms showed themselves with me; afterwards the deceased was taken sick, and Dr. Valliere was sent for.

Dr. Valliere, residing in Jackson-street, testified: I am a physician; two weeks ago to-day I was called to see deceased; I found her in great pain, vomiting, &c.; these symptoms continued for four or five days; the deceased gradually grew weaker, and died day before yesterday; all the members of the family were similarly affected; the family consisted of the father, mother, grandmother, aunt and deceased; they were all of the opinion that the sickness was caused by eating a ham, which they had purchased a short time before; on examining the ham with a microscope it was found to be diseased, and filled with a kind of insect known as "*trichimes*."

Joseph Schnetter, of No. 99½ Amity-street, testified that he was a physician; that he saw deceased in consultation with Dr. Valliere; deceased was suffering from symptoms described by the doctor; my opinion was that the disease was caused by the "*trichinæ spiralis*;" I took a piece from the same ham that deceased had eaten, and examined it under a microscope; I found that it contained an immense number of the animalcules; as far as the appearance of the ham with the naked eye went, it seemed to be healthy; nothing wrong could be detected with the naked eye, and no blame could be attached to the dealer for selling the article. I have seen several cases of disease from the same cause, and believe it to be more prevalent this season than others.

Dr. Wooster Beach testified: I have made a post-mortem examination of the body of deceased, with Drs. Valliere, Schnetter and Jacobi; the organs showed no marks of disease, except the brain and left lung, which exhibited signs of congestion; portions of various parts of the body were removed for microscopic examination; I agree with Dr. Schnetter in his opinion as to the cause of the death of deceased.

At the conclusion of the testimony, the jury rendered the following verdict: "We find that the deceased, Mary Flaig, came to her death from accidental poisoning from eating ham containing *trichimos Spiralis*."

The "Month's Mind" for Archbishop Hughes.

This solemn ceremonial of the Roman Catholic Church took place at St. Patrick's Cathedral at 10½ A. M. in the forenoon of Wednesday. The funeral decorations put up at the obsequies of the Archbishop still remained, and a catafalque bearing archiepiscopal symbols, surmounted by a cross, and brilliantly lighted by burning tapers, stood in the central aisle. The seats were early filled, by pew-holders and their friends, no person being admitted without a ticket from the Trustees of the Cathedral. Among the audience were the relatives of Archbishop HUGHES, his brother-in-law, Senor RODRIGUEZ, many of our best-known Roman Catholic citizens, and an imposing array of clergy, including Archbishop Connolly, of Halifax; Bishop Bailey, of New-Jersey; Dominique, of Pittsburgh; Farrell, of Hamilton, (C. W.;) Loughlin, of Brooklyn; Lynch, of Toronto, and Timon, of Buffalo, and nearly two hundred priests.

The services, which were very impressive, consisted of a Pontifical High Mass for the repose of the dead, followed by a sermon by Bishop LOUGHLIN. These ceremonies commenced with the chant of the litanies for the dead, by the clergy. After this followed the celebration of the mass by Archbishop CONNOLLY, assisted by very Rev. Father STARRS, Administrator of the Diocese, as assistant Priest, Rev. Father MAGUIRE, Deacon, and Rev. Father MCSWEENEY, Sub-Deacon. Rev. Father MCNIERNEY was Master of Ceremonies.

The music was conducted by Mr. WM. BERGE, of St. Francis Xavier's Church, Mr. HARRISON presiding at the organ, and the choirs of St. Francis Xavier's and St. Peter's assisting. The mass sung was as follows:

"Requiem Eternam" and "Kyrie Eleison," by CHERUBINI; "Dies Irae," "Tuba Mirum," Lachrymosa," Offertorium," and "Sanctus" by MOZART; and "Benedictus" and "Agnus Dei," by CHERUBINI. All these noble and solemn compositions were rendered with great correctness and effect.

The mass was followed by a sermon from Bishop LOUGHLIN, from Hebrews xiii., 7: "Remember your prelates, who have spoken to you the word of God, whose faith follow, considering the end of their conversation." The sermon, a brief and well-written discourse, after mentioning the unanimous eulogies upon the departed from all classes, public and private, of all religious denominations and all professions, proceeded to enumerate the virtues and abilities of Archbishop HUGHES. He was gifted, said the preacher, with extraordinary powers of mind, sentiments of heart which do honor to humanity, and a robust and vigorous physical constitution, which, together, would have secured him preëminence in any pursuit. He loved fondly the land of his birth, but discharged the duties he owed to the land of his adoption, with unswerving fidelity. To use his own language, "his feelings, his habits, his thoughts had been so much identified with all that is American, that he had almost forgotten he was a foreigner." The preacher next traced the outlines of the character of Archbishop HUGHES, as priest and as prelate, exalting his powers and success as a controversialist in defence of the doctrines of his church, and as a ruler in administering the church discipline or internal polity of his diocese. Individually, he was a stranger to fear; sometimes apparently severe, yet always kind, benevolent, charitable. He found, in all his trials, constant consolation in his religion, and in the rectitude of his conduct. "In all my public life in New-York," he writes, "I have done no action, uttered no sentiment, unworthy of a Christian Bishop and an American citizen." The preacher concluded by enforcing the doctrine of obedience to the prelates of the church as the divinely-ordained vehicles of the Christian faith and truth, and by exhorting his hearers to practice in their own lives the lessons taught by that of the departed.

The services of the occasion were closed by singing the Libera at the catafalque, and by the usual mortuary ceremonies, and the pronouncing of the concluding absolution by Archbishop CONNOLLY.

The South-street Homicide.

DEATH OF THE VICTIM.

WM. SMITH, the barkeeper of JOHN H. MCKINLEY, who was shot at an early hour on Tuesday morning at the saloon No. 93 South-street, an account of which has been published in the TIMES, died yesterday afternoon at the New-York Hospital. Coroner NAUMANN will hold an inquest on the body at 10 o'clock this morning. The deceased has served long and faithfully in the Union army. His untimely death is mourned by a large circle of warm and admiring friends. At the breaking out of the rebellion he enlisted with Capt. MESCHUTT, of Company D, Seventy-first Regiment, N. Y. S. N. G. In this regiment he served during the first year and a half of the war, was in the first battle of Bull Run, and numerous other fights subsequently. His period of enlistment having expired he was honorably discharged, came to this City, where soon after he reënlisted as Second Lieutenant in Company G of the Second New-York Fire Zouaves, under Col. BREWSTER. After the second battle of Bull Run he was honorably discharged, upon application to Gen. HOOKER. Since that time he has been residing in this City. He had been but a very short time in Mr. MCKINLEY's employ when he received the fatal shot. He was about 27 years of age, and is said to have been a man of excellent character.

Court of General Sessions.

BEFORE JUDGE RUSSELL.

In the case of GEORGE HEROD, a negro, who was tried yesterday for murder in killing another [illegible] by shooting him with a pistol, Mr. [illegible] said that the evidence of the witnesses for the prosecution was not sufficiently clear on the subject of identity to warrant him in pressing a verdict. The court therefore submitted the question to the jury, and the prisoner was acquitted.

MARY BENEDICT was placed at the bar upon an indictment, charging her with murder. Mr. STEWART said that in this case there were grave doubts in his mind whether the prisoner's husband, with whose murder she was charged, was really murdered, or whether he committed suicide. He therefore asked that she be discharged upon her own recognizance, and an order was entered to that effect.

The court then took up the case of HARKNER LITTLE, indicted for manslaughter in killing JOHN KANE by stabbing him with a knife. This is the case of stabbing by a negro at No. 54 Worth-street, an account of which appeared in the papers a few weeks ago.

WM. F. KINTZING, Jr., and JOHN H. ANTHON appeared for the prisoner, and the trial was adjourned until this morning.

German Liederkranz Fancy Dress Ball.

The annual ball of this society took place last evening, at the City Assembly Rooms.

From the reputation of this Society, and the excellence of its former balls, this was looked forward to with great interest by the number who had been so fortunate as to secure tickets; which being $5 each, but a limited number issued, and they only to be had by personal introduction of one of the members, brought them in great demand.

The society has been in existence since 1849, when it was formed by a number of German gentlemen, lovers of music, who thought by this means to secure the better cultivation of German music in this country, and to have a place where they might sociably spend their evenings, they engaged Pythagoras Hall, and held their meetings there regularly, their numbers steadily increased, and their funds kept pace, until they finally bought the two buildings Nos. 379 and 381 Fourth-street, erected a large extension in rear of them, and on the 26th of November last took possession. The buildings are most admirably arranged for the purpose for which they are intended, having a large dining-room in the basement, two large and handsomely furnished parlors for ladies on the next floor, sitting rooms for the members, dining-room and a cosy little wine-room on the next floor, reading rooms, a fine library, committee and billiard rooms on the floor above, and in the rear of all a large hall 75x50, beautifully decorated with paintings, with balconies for ladies and lighted from the ceiling, in which they have their singing parties three evenings in the week, and once a month a grand concert, which Messrs. BERGMANN, MASON and other celebrities frequently attend.

The Society numbers some 700, with a chorus 110 strong, 50 gentlemen and 60 ladies; they will sing at the Philharmonic Concert on the 12th of March next. The officers are O. Ottendorfer, President; O. Sackerdorff and Dr. Petzhold, Vice-Presidents; George Nembach and H. C. F. Koch, Secretaries; L. Grasse, Treasurer, and A. Paur, Director.

The ball-room was crowded to its utmost extent with a most brilliant assemblage. Two bands, one at each end of the room, gave most excellent music. The costumes were some very rich and some very funny. Here mingled together were Kings and brigands, monks and clowns, soldiers and sailors, Dukes and tailors, Queens and flower-girls, market-women and columbines, and, in fact, almost every character that can be imagined. Among the richest of the dressers were noticeable the splendid costume of FRANCIS I. of France, worn by Secretary H. C. F. KOCH, and the Duke of Buckingham, worn by Mr. DERNIER.

The Old Guard, commanded by Gen. RAHME, with its banner, on which was inscribed "Stevens Battery," and bearing a picture of the old ferry-boat *Newark*, attracted much attention and caused great amusement, as did also the itinerant musicians. The grand carnival procession was really magnificent, and as it is a novel affair in this country, the description of it may be interesting. The procession is headed by the lawyers and eminent divines, who, in a short speech, inform the audience that, in consequence of its many sins, the world must suffer great punishment. A number of fairies then appear and intercede. They are followed by all the masks present, and with them an immense hen who struts about the hall to the front of the divines and at their feet lays a silver egg. The doctors present are then called for, who exert their skill. The egg is carefully opened and from it springs the "good genius," who removes the spell and brings all back to happiness again. Taken all together, it was one of the finest, balls of the kind ever held in this City.

The Committee of Arrangements, who, with the Floor Committee, performed their duties so satisfactorily, are Messrs. Wm. Steinway, Julius Ernest, Henry C. F. Koch, James Classen, and George Varrelmann.

Volunteering in New-York.

THE BOUNTY FUND EXHAUSTED—HOSTILE ACTION OF THE LEGISLATURE—THE LEGISLATURE AT FAULT—SPECIAL MEETING OF THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS—A DEPUTATION SENT TO ALBANY.

The dispatches from Albany, in Wednesday's papers summarizing the proceedings of the Legislature on Monday, briefly stated, among other matters, that the Senate failed to pass the act (originating in that body) to confirm the substitute and relief and bounty ordinances of our Board of Supervisors, and that a motion to reconsider the unfavorable vote was tabled. This news fell like a huge thunder-clap or a much saturated blanket on the feelings and hopes of the Supervisors' Recruiting Committee, who were quite confident of a speedy legislation of the loans under these ordinances, by which they could go on unchecked in their operations of securing men "to be counted and allowed on the quota of this county." Such a consummation was most devoutly to be wished, for the general welfare of the public, but especially in view of the alarming fact that the funds so far raised under the last $2,000,000 ordinance were very nearly exhausted.

The reasons for this apparent antagonism in the Senate to the ordinances could not be satisfactorily determined, although there was much conjecture upon the subject. Some persons said the vote on the question of confirmation showed that the Republicans wished to compel a draft in the Democratic cities to strengthen their party vote at the Presidential election. Others said the Republican Senators wanted the Democratic cities and counties to raise their quotas without paying bounties. And again it was supposed the Senate wished to rebuke our Supervisors for having inaugurated a system practically nullifying the law passed at the previous session prohibiting all city and county authorities from paying bounties. The real reason probably is because a general law applicable to all public authorities in the State, who have taken a similar course, is designed, or else an act for a State bounty so framed as to legalize unauthorized bounties and positively prohibit their further payment.

However, the Volunteer Committee held a meeting early in the afternoon, and considered the matter. It was finally agreed that the Chairman, Mr. BLUNT, should request the Board of Supervisors to hold a special meeting, and then further request them to send a committee to Albany. The Board of Supervisors accordingly met by special call, signed by nine members, at 3 o'clock.

After the roll had been called, the President (Supervisor TWEED) said:

I would state that this meeting has been called at the instance of Supervisor BLUNT, who will explain to the board the reasons why he desired the meeting to be held.

Supervisor BLUNT—Mr. President: My object in asking for a meeting of the board was that we might do something to favor volunteering. The enlistments are constantly increasing, and yesterday the Recruiting Committee paid out the largest amount of any day yet. I see by the newspapers of this morning that the Legislature has not legalized our ordinances to raise money to pay the bounties. It is very important that these should be legalized at once, as the funds are about exhausted, and the reënlisted men are coming on in large numbers. It takes a large amount of money every day now to pay them. Day before yesterday, the Mayor, the Comptroller and I called on some banks, and solicited subscriptions, and they spoke at once about our loan not being legalized. I suppose they await its legalization before subscribing. There is about $500,000 worth of the bonds not yet taken. The committee feel that they must stop operations if money is not immediately forthcoming to pay the bounties. The committee do not wish to stop without telling the Board why they must do so, and give a clear understanding of the situation of their affairs. If my colleagues agree with me, we can send a committee to Albany to urge the Legislature to pass a law legalizing our loans; then we could readily dispose of the unsold bonds, and get all the money necessary to enable the committee to get on prosperously. I offer the following resolution:

The clerk read as follows:

Resolved, That the County Volunteer Committee be authorized and directed to proceed to Albany, and urge upon the honorable the Legislature of this State the immediate passage of an act legalizing the ordinances of this Board, appropriating moneys to pay for substitutes, under the several proclamations of the President of the United States.

The resolution was adopted by the unanimous vote of the eight members present, Messrs. Tweed, Smith, Shook, Blunt, Ely, Little, Roche and Stewart.

The Board then adjourned to 3 o'clock P. M., on next Tuesday.

CONDITION OF THE BOUNTY FUND.

The following statement shows the condition of the Bounty Fund:

Subscribed and paid	$1,523,300
Amount transferred to this fund from the Substitute and Relief Fund	300,000
Total cash	$1,823,300
The bounty has been paid to about 5,600 men, which, at $300 to each, amounts to	1,680,000
Leaving a balance of	$143,300

Of this apparent balance, a portion has been used for the expenses of the committee, and the actual balance of the fund yesterday was about $90,000, which was paid over to Mr. BLUNT, and will about suffice for one day's operations while the reënlisted men are crowding up for their bounty.

SUBSCRIPTIONS FROM THE BANKS.

Twenty-two banks, embracing a capital of $34,800,000, have subscribed and paid into the fund $647,000, and thirty-two banks, embracing a capital of $34,820,000 have not subscribed at all.

UNPAID SUBSCRIPTIONS.

The following are the only subscriptions to the fund which have not been paid:

Name.	Amount.	Name.	Amount.
Wm. H. Florence	$7,000	N. Miller	1,000
Edward N. Laffey	900	H. Lindenstruth	1,000
A. W. Nathan	1,000	Chas. Moore	1,000

It has been suggested that if the Legislature should fail to legalize the substitute and relief and bounty loans, that the Supervisors can put the amounts in the Tax levy for 1864, and on the refusal of some citizen to pay his portion of the assessment, to go into the courts, and decide the question of the right of this county to make its appropriations independent of special legislative action.

The Volunteer Committee sent a deputation of their number to Albany last night, pursuant to the action of the Board.

Our New Iron-Clad Navy.

COMMENCING THE SECOND BATCH OF NAVY-YARD IRON-CLADS.

It is not generally known that, notwithstanding the immense iron-clad fleet in course of construction by the United States, only four of the vessels have been built by regular Government constructors at the Navy-yards. The first batch of vessels, consisting of the *Monadnock*, *Tonawanda*, *Agamenticus* and *Miantonomah*, are nearly finished, the latter being afloat, and the *Tonawanda* being in course of preparation for sea on the stocks.

At the Brooklyn Navy-yard the first of a new fleet of iron-clad vessels has just been commenced. Four of them will be built—one at Boston, one at Philadelphia, one at New-York, and one at Portsmouth, N. H. These will be immense vessels—larger, we believe, than any yet conceived in this country. The name of the vessel whose keel was laid at Brooklyn is the *Kalamazoo*, and already the timbers are rising from her keel. The following are her dimensions: Length, 332½ feet between perpendiculars; beam, 44 feet, and depth of hold 18 feet 10 inches. We believe she will be the longest naval vessel in the world, iron or wooden. The side-armor will be 12 inches thick, and into it will be put four streaks of iron 8 inches square, between which will be driven sticks of live oak endwise. Then over all this, on the outside, there will be platings of two courses of iron, three inches thick; so that the entire armor of the vessel, wooden and iron, will be 18 inches thick, 6 inches of it being iron. The monitors had only 4½ inches of iron, and the *Warrior* and *Gloire* the same amount. The only vessels in Europe which have had more, are the *Minotour* and the *Northumberland*, now in course of construction; those have 6 inches of iron laid on 10 inches of wooden backing. The deck plank of the *Kalamazoo* will consist of 6 inches thick of white oak, and over this will be a sheathing of iron in two courses of 3½ inches. On the top of this there will be a wooden deck of white pine. This last has been put on for the comfort and convenience of the crew, an iron surface to the deck being very unpleasant and cold for them. The turrets of this vessel, and those of the iron-clads, are said to be three in number, two more than any of the Ericsson batteries possess. Indeed, the only vessels now in the United States service having more than one turret are the *Roanoke* and *Onondaga*, the former having three and the latter two. Mr. WEBB's ram, the *Dunderberg*, will only, we believe, have two. The *Kalamazoo* will be finished as rapidly as circumstances will permit. Her engines have been contracted for by a responsible firm, and will be very powerful. They will, it is expected, drive her at from 12 to 13 knots an hour. It is expected that she will be completed by the 1st of September next.

The other vessels of the same class as this one will soon be commenced at the Navy-yards of Portsmouth, Boston and Philadelphia. The plans have been forwarded to those yards by Mr. DELANO, Naval Constructor, of the Brooklyn Navy-yard. The iron armor for the vessel at this port will be built by contract, and will be put on the vessel at such time as the authorities may stipulate. The bow of the vessel portrudes nearly 50 feet outside of the immense ship-house at the Navy-yard, in which her keel has been laid down, showing her immense magnitude.

Chamber of Commerce.

Yesterday afternoon, at 1 o'clock, a regular monthly meeting of the Chamber of Commerce was held, President A. A. LOW in the Chair. The following gentlemen were elected members: WALTER STORMS, FREDERICK KIRTLAND, JAMES A. RAYNOR, B. F. SMALL and BENJ. CARVER. JOSEPH A. LANE was reelected a member of the Committee of Arbitration. Mr. THOMAS TILESTON, Chairman of the Committee on Ocean Navigation, submitted a report, accompanied by a memorial to Congress, prepared by J. AUSTIN STEVENS, Jr., setting forth the fact that American commerce had suffered to a considerable extent by the failure of Government to encourage merchants who have been engaged in establishing lines of steamships communicating with Europe. The memorial prayed for such legislation on the part of Congress, that parties may be able to establish permanent lines of steamers with foreign ports.

In offering the report, Mr. TILESTON made a few remarks favoring the same. He believed that Great Britain was over-reaching us by her steam navigation, and that unless something could be done to prevent such a course prevailing in the future, our commerce must necessarily suffer. Mr. RUGGLES made some remarks complimentary of the report.

The report and memorial, with copies of the speeches of gentlemen, and a report presented by Mr. RUGGLES to the Statistical Congress at Berlin, were ordered to be sent to Congress.

After the transaction of some further business of minor importance, the meeting adjourned.

LAW REPORTS.

Court Calendar—THIS DAY.

SUPREME COURT—CALENDAR—*Part I.*—Short Causes.—Nos. 1298, 1330, 1381, 1176, 1787, 1778. *Part II.*—Not in session.

SUPREME COURT.—*Part I.*—Nos. 3133, 2953, 2097, 3213, 3257, 2933, 2491, 3355, 3373, 3379, 2581, 629, 2959, 3389, 3391. *Part II.*—Nos. 3350, 3378, 3160, 298, 634, 2958, 2258, 3386, 3400, 3410, 628, 2568, 3389, 3336, 2372.

COMMON PLEAS.—*Part I.*—Nos. 59, 88, 296, 348, 253, 364, 366, 348, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 376. *Part II.*—Nos. 302, 315, 416, 322, 9, 169, 335, 400, 345, 347, 205, 192, 254, 377, 378, 379.

Argument on Appeal in the Jones-Seward Case.

SUPREME COURT—GENERAL TERM.

Before Justices Leonard, Sutherland and Clerke.

George W. Jones vs. Wm. H. Seward.—This is the case of Ex-Senator Jones, of Iowa, against the Secretary of State, for false imprisonment, the facts of which are familiar to the public from frequent publication.

The case now comes up on appeal from the order of Justice Clerke, denying the motion made by defendant's counsel to remove the case to the Courts of the United States.

It will be remembered that in deciding that motion, Justice CLERKE took occasion to write a lengthy opinion, condemning the course of the Government in strong terms, and holding that this court had jurisdiction of the case.

The same questions discussed on the motion below, and then reported, were again considered on the appeal. Decision reserved.

E. R. Meade and Wm. Allen for plaintiff; James T. Brady, for defendants.

Insurance Case—Verdict against the Company—Allegations of Fraud against the Plaintiff Refuted.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM.

Before Justice Barbour.

William Tucker vs. The Mechanics' Fire Insurance Company; The Same vs. The New-York Fire and Marine Insurance Company; The Same vs. The Jefferson Fire Insurance Company; The Same vs. The Clinton Fire Insurance Company; The Same vs. The People's Fire Insurance Company.—The court has been occupied for ten days past in trying the first of these cases, and the others all depend upon the evidence adduced and the issues raised on this trial. In the Fall of 1861 the plaintiff moved to Washington, D. C., took a store at No. 325 Pennsylvania-avenue, stocked it with groceries, wines, liquors, &c., and commenced business as a wholesale and retail grocer. In October, 1861, he insured the stock and fixtures in his said store upon policies of $5,000 each, in each of the above companies, defendants in these actions, making the total insurance $25,000. The alleged value of his stock at the time was $34,000. On the 7th of April, 1862, his store was burned down, and the entire stock and fixtures destroyed by fire. Plaintiff notified the companies, and demanded the amount of his insurance. Mr. Thomas Morrell, President of the Jefferson Fire Insurance Company, went on to Washington to investigate the facts in relation to the fire, and announced to plaintiff that he acted in behalf of his own and other companies. Upon the return of Morrell to New-York, the companies refused to pay the insurance, and plaintiff brought these suits, alleging that his stock at the time of the fire was worth upward of $27,000.

The companies have defended the suits, alleging fraud on the part of plaintiff in overvaluing his stock. Much evidence was taken as to the value of the stock, and it was variously estimated at from $10,000 to $40,000. One witness, Mr. Tuller, who was formerly a porter in plaintiff's store, acknowledged upon cross-examination that he had written a letter to plaintiff, asking him for money, and stating that he had been in receipt of offers from some one else in relation to his testimony. A detective, named Allen, was placed on the stand, and the evidence showed that he had received money from Mr. Morell, and was promised a contingent fee of $1,000 in case a verdict was obtained against Tucker.

The charge of fraud was withdrawn early in the trial, and the officers of the other Insurance Companies testified that they knew nothing about the promises made by Mr. Morrell. His Honor said in his charge that there was no necessity for him to comment upon the evidence. The only question was how much the plaintiff's loss was, and that the jury must assess. The jury were, therefore, directed to bring in a sealed verdict for the plaintiff, assessing the amount of his loss.

Gilbert Dean and Ex-Judge Pierrepont for plaintiff; J. W. Edwards and Mr. Scudder for defendant.

Damages for an Alleged Slander—A Milliner the Complainant.

MARINE COURT.

Before Judge Alker.

Eliza Crew vs. S. T. Corey.—This was an action for slander. The plaintiff alleged that some time in December the defendant's wife came into her place and desired a skating cap made of a certain style and materials, she agreeing to furnish some of the materials herself; that the cap was made and sent to her at the Planter's Hotel, in Broadway, and that she then expressed herself well pleased with it, but that afterward she entered the plaintiff's place of business, in company with her husband, who, as alleged, charged the plaintiff with putting in cotton velvet instead of silk velvet for lining, and used other abusive language. This the plaintiff denied, showing them, as alleged, a piece of silk velvet off from which the lining was cut.

The defence was "mistaken identity."

The jury found a verdict for the plaintiff for $500.

D. McMahon for plaintiff; L. Gardner for defendant.

The Matrimonial Slander Case—Virtue Vindicated.

MARINE COURT—TRIAL TERM.

Before Judge McCarthy.

Christine Eichorn vs. Ferdinand Stribling.—In this case, reported in yesterday's TIMES, the jury brought in a verdict in favor of the plaintiff for the full amount. The evidence showed that she was entitled to damages, and the jury gave her $500.

N. A. Chedsey for plaintiff; Mr. Hersch for defendant.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange....FEB. 4, 1864.

$35,000	U. S. 6s. '81 Co.	106⅝	10,000	Hudson R.R.Sc'p	95
14,000	U.S.6s, 5-20s..Co.	103⅞	1000	Harlem R.	104
2,000	U. S.5s,'74..Co.In	96⅝	300	do	103¾
6,000	U. S. 6s, 1y.c.	97⅞	200	do	103¾
10,000	Ill. War Loan	100	200	do	103¼
10,000	Mo. St. 6s	67¾	1400	do	102⅝
5,000	Ohio&Miss. R. C.	35⅝	200	do	103
6,000	N. Y.Cen. 6s,'87	104⅛	40	Second-av. R.	75
1,000	Erie 3d M. Bs.	112⅝	200	Reading R.	115⅝
6,000	do	113	200	do	115⅝
5,000	E. 4th M. Bs.	110¾	100	do	b15.116
4,000	Hud. R 1st M.	110	500	Mich. Cen. R.	133
1,000	Hud. R. 3d M.	128	100	do	b10.133¾
10,000	C.& N.W. 2d M.	76¾	100	do	b10.133¼
5,000	A. & T. H. 1stM.	101	100	Alt. & T.H. R.	63
7,000	Tol. & W. 2d M.	86	100	Chi. & Alton Pref.	95
3,000	Gal.&C.1st M.ex.	110	100	do	95⅛
5,000	P.,Ft W.&Ch.2d.	101	1700	M. So. & N.I.R.	92
3,000	P.,F.W.& C. 3d.	86	1500	do	92¼
5,000	Chic. & Alt.In.B.	91	800	do	92¼
5,000	Penins. R, 1st M.	80	50	do	b10 92¼
20,000	Am. Gold	158	100	do	b15 92⅜
40	Mechanics' Bank	111⅛	12	do	91¾
400	Phœnix Bank	105	100	Mich.S.&N I. G.	s10.132
36	Market Bank	102	500	Ill. Cen. R. S.	b3.128
100	Canton Co	38¾	1000	do	b10.128
200	do	38⅞	500	do	127¾
100	do	b10 39	500	do	127⅞
650	Cumb. Coal Prf.	51⅛	300	do	128
100	do	b30 52	100	do	b15.128¼
100	Quick. M. Co.	b3 49¾	100	do	b30.128⅜
150	do	b30 50	1700	Cleve. & Pitts.	112⅜
100	do	49¾	200	do	s30.112⅜
100	do	c 49	400	do	112¾
50	Cen. Am. Tr. Co.	37	1000	do	b15.113
250	Copake Iron Mines.	12¾	100	do	b10.113
100	do	b30 13¼	100	do	b5.112⅜
100	do	12⅞	300	do	b30.113½
700	do	13	400	do	b30.113¼
200	do	13¼	1000	do	b10.113¼
600	do	13⅛	100	Gal. & Chi. R.	b3.112⅞
100	do	b30 13⅛	450	do	112⅝
100	Quartz H. M.Co.	12¾	100	do	b10.113
100	do	12⅞	4000	Cleve. & Tol. R.	136⅜
100	do	13	300	do	b4.136⅜
100	Mar. Min. Co.	28¾	100	do	b10 137
1100	do	29	250	Chi. & R. I. R.	c.143
100	do	29⅜	100	do	s10.142
400	do	29¾	50	Mil. & P.Du C.	57
500	N. Y. Cen. R.	132⅜	100	do	57⅛
50	do	b30.132⅜	5	P., Ft. W. & C.	87⅛
50	do	132⅜	700	do	88
400	do	132⅜	600	do	b10 88⅛
900	Erie R.	107⅛	200	do	88⅛
700	do	b3.107⅜	200	do	b10 88⅜
600	do	b30 107⅜	300	do	88⅛
100	do	b30.107⅜	200	do	88⅜
200	do	b10.107⅜	50	do	b30 89
200	do	c.107⅛	100	do	b15 88⅜
400	ErieRailway Pr.	101⅛	250	Alt. & T.H. Pr.	77
5	do	102	100	do	77⅛
400	Hud. R. R.	142¾	150	do	b30 78
100	do	142⅜	300	Chi. & N. W.	48⅛
100	do	b30.143	550	do	b15 49
450	do	b10.142⅜	400	do	48⅜
400	do	142⅜	100	do	48⅜
200	do	b5.142⅜	200	Chi. & Alton R.	84
10	do	142	100	do	b15 84

SECOND BOARD.

$2,000	U. S. 6s.'81.Co.	107	100	Reading R.	116
2,000	U.S.6s,5-20s.Cou.	103⅞	300	do	116¼
2,000	do	103⅞	400	do	b10.116¼
3,000	Treas. 7 3-10 p. c. Notes.Oct. & Apr.	107⅝	200	do	b10.116⅜
100	Cum. Coal Pref.	51⅛	100	Mich. Cen.	133⅜
100	do	51⅜	200	do	133⅜
100	Quicksil. M. Co.	49	100	do	b20 134
50	Pac. M. S. Co.	225	50	A. & T. H. R. Pr.	80
700	N. Y. Cen. R.	132⅛	400	M. S. & N. I. R.	92⅞
400	do	132	500	do	93
200	Erie R.	b10.107⅜	100	do	b10 93⅛
100	do	107⅜	800	do	93⅛
100	do	b4.107⅜	25	do	93⅛
1000	do	107⅜	500	do	b30 93⅛
1700	do	b3.107⅞	400	M. So. & N.I G.S.	133
200	Erie R. Pr.	101⅞	1000	Ill. Cen. R. S	128⅜
300	Hud. R. R.	143	100	do	b5.128⅜
200	do	143⅛	100	do	b5.128⅞
100	do	s10.143⅛	300	do	b5 129
500	Harlem R.	102⅛	600	Cleve. & P. R.	113⅜
200	do	s10.102⅛	100	do	b10.114
1000	do	102⅜	500	Cleve. & Tol. R.	137⅛
100	Chic. & N. W.	48⅛	100	P., Ft. W. & C.	88⅛
			100	do	88⅜

PUBLIC BOARD—1 P. M.

100	N. Y. Cen. R.ex-d.	132⅛	200	Reading R.ex-d.	115⅜
300	do	c 132⅛	100	do	c.115⅜
100	do	s3.132⅛	100	Mich. Cen. R.	s3.133
100	do	s10 132⅛	150	do	133
100	do	b3 132⅛	400	Ill. Cen.R ex-div	128
300	Erie R. ex-div.	s3.107⅛	200	do	128⅛
200	do	b5.107⅜	100	do	s3.128
200	do	107⅜	300	do	s3.128⅛
400	do	s3.107⅜	50	do	c 128⅛
150	Erie R. Prf.	101⅛	100	do	128¼
550	Hud.River R.	142⅜	200	Cle. & Pitts. R.	113
200	do	b30.143	400	do	s3.113
700	Harlem R.	102⅛	300	do	113⅛
100	do	b3.102⅜	200	do	s30 113
100	do	b10.102⅜	100	do	b10 113⅛
200	do	b3 102⅜	200	do	b10 113⅜
400	do	102⅜	300	do	c.113
100	do	c 102⅜	100	Clev. & Tol. R.	137
200	do	b3.102⅜	100	P., Ft. W. & C.	88⅛
2000	do	b10.102⅜	200	do	c 88⅛
800	do	102⅛	200	do	s3 88⅛
100	do	s30.102	200	do	b3 88⅛
200	do	c 102	300	do	88
1500	M. S.& N. I. R.	92⅛	150	Ter. H. & Alt. Prf.	78
800	do	s3 92⅛	100	Chi.,Bur.& Q.R.	b60.125
100	do	c 92⅛	300	Canton Co	s3 38⅛
200	do	b3 92⅛	100	Cumb. Coal	s3 51
1300	do	b3 93	100	Quicks. M. Co.	48⅛
100	do	c 92⅞	100	Mar. Min. Co.	29⅛
200	do	92⅞	600	do	29⅛
200	do	93	200	Lancaster Lead	4

PUBLIC BOARD—3½ P. M.

600	N. Y. Cen. ex-d.	s3 132⅛	100	Erie Pref.	102
100	do	132⅛	1300	Ill. Cen.R.ex-div	129
100	do	b3.132⅛	200	do	b3.129
500	do.forMonday.	132⅛	200	do	s3.129
200	do	b3.132⅜	500	do	b4 129⅛
100	Erie R. ex-div.	108⅛	100	do	b10 129⅜
200	do	b3.108	300	Clev. & Pitts.	114
700	do	b3.108⅛	200	do	s3 114
200	do	s10.108	300	do	113⅞
600	do	s3 108	200	do	s3.113⅜
200	do	108	700	do	113⅞
700	Hudson R. R.	144	50	Gal. & C. R.ex-d.	113⅜
300	do	b3.144	250	do	b4 113⅜
100	do	143⅜	100	do	b3.113⅜
100	do	b3 143⅞	400	Cle. & Tol. R.	137⅜
2200	Harlem R.	b3.102⅜	300	do	137⅞
400	do	102⅞	100	do	138
200	do	b3 103	500	P., Ft. W. & Chi.	s3 88⅛
100	do	103	300	do	b3 88⅜
200	Reading R.	116⅛	600	do	88⅛
200	do	116⅛	100	Chic. & R. I.	b3.143⅛
200	do	s3 116⅛	200	do	143
200	do	b3.116⅜	200	do	s3 143
300	do	116⅛	100	do	b3.143
400	do	s3.116⅛	100	T. H & Alt. Pr.	79
300	do	116	100	Cumb. Coal	51⅛
300	Mich. Cen. R.	134	100	Quicksilver M. Co.	49
1150	do	b3.134	100	do	b3 49
1300	M. S. & N. I. R.	93⅛	200	do	s30 48⅜
200	do	b3 94	100	Mariposa M. Co.	30⅜
1400	do	93⅞	600	do	31
1600	do	b10 94⅛	200	do	s30 31
300	do	b10 94⅛	50	do	b4 31⅛

THURSDAY, Feb. 4—P. M.

We presented in our last paper an estimate of the Public Debt of the United States, as on Jan. 30, 1864, and the previous official report to Sept. 30, 1863. We made the total of the former $1,416,336,591, *exclusive* of Greenback Currency on hand and not properly in Circulation on that day. We are fortunately favored this afternoon with a semi-official statement from the Department of the outstanding Public Stocks and Treasury Notes as on the 29th of January, 1864, *inclusive* of all the Greenback Currency issued, of which we find, on inquiry, $21,208,000 was on hand in the New-York office alone, at the close of business on the 30th of January—Saturday last. The total is $1,446,371,507. Deducting the Greenbacks on hand, the result is within ten millions of our estimate. As, however, the statement is interesting from its authentic character, we republish our table of yesterday, substituting the official for our estimated figures, for each class of Stock and Notes, under the head of Jan. 29, 1864:

FUNDED AND FUNDABLE—ON GOLD INTEREST.

	Sept. 30, 1863.	Jan. 29, 1864.
Popular Loan	$278,511,500	$498,943,768
Loan 6 ℘ cent. 1881	68,735,000	68,877,550
7.30 ℘ cents fundable	139,679,000	139,536,450
Loans 6 ℘ cent., 1867-80	18,323,591	18,323,591
Loans 5 ℘ cent. 1865-74	30,483,000	30,020,450
Loan, 1861, Oregon	1,016,000	1,016,000
Total Gold bearing	$536,748,091	$756,717,809

TEMPORARY LOANS AND UNITED STATES CURRENCY.

	Sept. 30, 1863.	Jan 29, 1864.
One year Certificates	$156,918,437	$136,909,000
Deposits 5 ℘ cent	104,934,102	32,596,764
Greenbacks 5 ℘ cents	13,000,000	50,987,769
Greenbacks in Circulation	389,737,043	*450,911,925
Fractional Currency	17,766,656	18,152,540
Customs Notes not presented	2,535,073	95,700
Old Notes, &c., not presented	474,722	
Total Temporary	$685,365,468	$689,653,698
Grand Total of all	$1,222,113,559	$1,446,371,507

*Inclusive of notes on hand.

The outstanding requisitions upon the Treasury which were in suspense (or unpaid) on the 29th January amounted to only $22,261,188.

The telegraph from California advises that $2,000,000 in Bullion was shipped a few days ago from the San Francisco to the New-York United States Treasury Office, on steamer *St. Louis*. This is the transfer of a good portion, say two-thirds, of the Gold balance at that point to New-York. As the Gold was received for Customs, it will be added to the special fund from this source in New-York, the whole fund to be disposed of in the discretion of the Secretary *at any time* within the current fiscal year, under the following provisions of the acts of Congress of Feb. 25, 1862, and of July 11, 1862; the last-named act giving the Secretary plenary authority to buy in any of the Bonds or Registered Certificates of the Public Debt at not over the market value, which value being in current funds, the same authority implies the power first to convert the Gold available for such purchases into such funds:

"*And be it further enacted*, That all duties on imported goods *shall be paid in coin*, or in notes payable on demand, heretofore authorized to be issued and by law receivable in payment of public dues, *and the coin so paid shall be set apart as a special fund, and shall be applied as follows:*

First—To the payment in coin of the interest on the bonds and notes of the United States.

Second—To the purchase or payment of one per centum of the entire debt of the United States, to be made within each fiscal year after the 1st of July, 1862, which is to be set apart *as a sinking fund*, and the interest of which shall in like manner be applied to the purchase or payment of the public debt, *as the Secretary of the Treasury shall from time to time direct.*"—Act Feb. 25, 1862, sec. 5.

"And he may purchase, at rates not exceeding that of the current market, and cost of purchase not exceeding one-eighth of one ℘ cent., *any bonds or certificates of debt of the United States, as he may deem advisable.*"—Act July 11, 1862, sec. 1.

The market for Money to the Brokers, to-day, is more generally easy at 7 ℘ cent. than at any time since Monday last. The large Banks, having Western and interior New-York accounts, report increasing balances. There was a call to-day for $1,250,000 on the Scrip of the Fourth National Bank, which was promptly paid up, and most of the Money goes immediately into the Treasury on account of the subscription of the Bank to $2,000,000 of the Popular Loan, made some two weeks ago. The Treasury also received to-day $1,000,000 of the new 5 ℘ cent. Legal Tenders from Washington, in denominations suitable for the army Quarter and Paymasters.

The Stock Exchange is firm on the Government Securities to-day and quite buoyant this afternoon on the Railway speculation. The New-York roads opened dull in the morning, but sympathizing with the strong demand for several of the Western descriptions, they were generally higher at the Second Board, and a fresh speculation sprung up on Hudson and Erie Shares. Among the Westerns, the movement of the day was very active and strongly upward on Michigan Southern, Illinois Central and Pittsburgh. At 4 o'clock, after the adjournment of the Second Board, the market was higher, and the following prices made, as compared with Wednesday night. A firm feeling reported at the close.

	Wed.	Thurs.		Wed.	Thurs.
Gold Coin	158	157⅞	Mich. Central	133	133⅜
U.S. 6s. 1881	106⅞	107	Mich. Southern	91⅛	94⅛
N. Y. Central	132⅜	132⅜	Mich. Guarant'd	133	134
Erie	107⅜	108⅛	Illinois Cen	127⅞	128⅜
Erie Preferred	101⅛	102	Pittsburgh	111⅜	113⅜
Hudson	141⅜	144	Fort Wayne	88	88⅜
Pacific Mail	226	225	Rock Island	143⅜	143⅜
Harlem	104⅛	102½	Galena	113⅛	113⅜
Canton	38⅛	38¾	Reading	115⅜	116⅛
Treas. Cer., new	98	98	Quicksilver	49⅜	49
Toledo	136	137⅛	Cum'land Coal	51⅓	52
Northwest	48	48⅜	Mariposa	28	30

The variations in Gold from yesterday are not important. Speculation was rather dull owing to the absence of an export demand for Saturday's steamer. Orders for this opportunity may come in to-morrow, but the engagements thus far are reported moderate. Bills on London were quoted comparatively cheaper than Gold—say 109 for Gold, and 172½ for Currency.

The following bids were made to-day for the City Bank Shares. The Manhattan half-yearly Dividend is 5 ℘ cent.:

New-York	115	Bank of N. America	105
Manhattan	140	Hanover	99
Mechanics'	110	Irving	100
America	12	Metropolitan	110
City	140	People's	100
National	104	Market	102
Seventh Ward	135	St. Nicholas	101⅛
State of New-York	103	Marine	153
Commerce	101	Commonwealth	97⅛
Mech's' B'king Asso.	96⅛	New-York County	136
Am. Exchange	108	Importers' & Traders'	108
Chatham	100	Park	130
Bank of the Republic	104		

And the following for the Railway Mortgages:

N. Y. Cen. 6s	105⅜	Ill. Central, '75	122
N.Y. Cen. 6s, Real Est.	102	Alton & T. Haute firsts	101
N. Y. Cen. 7s '64	100⅜	Al. & T. H. 2d Pref'd	87
N. Y. Cen. 7s, '76	112⅜	Al. & T. H. 2d Income	82
Erie seconds, '79	115	Chi. & N. W. seconds	76¾
Erie thirds, '83	112⅛	Tol. & Wab. 1sts	98
Erie fourths, '80	110	Tol. & Wab. seconds	86
Erie fifths, '88	109	Gal. & Chi. seconds	108
Buff., N.Y.&E. 1sts,'77	103⅜	Chi. &R. I. firsts	105
Hud. R. 1sts, '69	109	Clev. & Tol. S. F.	109
Hud. R. thirds, '75	129	Pitts. Ft. W. & C. 1sts	104
Hud. R. Bds., '67	103	Pitts., Ft. W. & C. 2ds	101
Harlem 1sts, '69 & '73	108	Pitts. Ft. W. & C. 3ds	86
Har. seconds, '64	98⅛	Clev. & Pitts. firsts	105
Har. thirds, '68	97⅛	Clev. & Pitts. thirds	102
Mich. C., '69 & '72	121	Clev. & Pitts. fourths	84⅛
Mich. C. new 1sts, '82	122	Chi. & Alt. firsts	100⅛
Mich. S. seconds	104	Chi. & Alt. Income	100[illegible]
N. Ind. Goshen L., '68	100	Chi. & Alt. S. F.	99
Mich. S.&N.I. S.F.	108⅜	Ohio & Miss.	81

The United States Trust Company to-day declared a half-yearly dividend of *five* ℘ cent. The Chicago and Alton Company have made a half-yearly dividend of 3½ ℘ cent. on their Preference Shares, but no dividend on the common Stock.

NEW-YORK STATE AND CITY BANKS—QUARTERLY.

	1863. Sept. 26.	1863. Dec. 26.
Loans	$203,462,460	$198,781,315
Overdrafts	568,495	642,708
Due from banks	21,949,185	21,713,285
Real estate	8,865,541	8,627,977
Specie	31,071,750	26,685,609
Cash items	53,253,436	59,645,949
Stocks	120,856,200	102,346,931
Bonds and mortgages	5,579,543	5,473,517
Bills and U. S. Demand notes	28,746,183	25,239,319
Bills of suspended banks	229	302
Loss and expense account	771,248	1,480,437
Add for cents	948	003
Total	$475,125,227	$445,638,212
	Sept. 26.	Dec. 26.
Capital	$109,258,147	$109,535,785
Circulation	33,423,230	36,934,255
Profits	17,119,176	21,209,188
Due banks	48,605,902	43,124,671
Due individuals	2,745,869	3,307,015
Due Treas. State of New-York	4,389,248	5,388,156
Due depositors	233,611,282	222,045,314
Amount not included	25,971,848	3,433,426
Add for cents	525	510
Total	$475,125,227	$445,638,312

The Hannibal and St. Joseph Railroad, Company has issued the following comparative statement of earnings:

	1862.	1863.
January	$32,831	$74,126
February	45,950	45,167
March	49,726	88,099
April	51,773	125,858
May	54,465	113,296
June	54,897	104,178
July	54,463	89,055
August	57,005	98,308
September	70,702	133,728
October	79,443	151,549
November	78,338	125,481
December	81,934	88,0[illegible]
Totals	$721,471	$1,236,857
Increase		$513,38[illegible]

The Company are now free of floating debt and have promptly paid the interest on the State Mortgage of $3,000,000.

The day's business at the office of the Assistant Treasurer of the United States, New-York, was as follows: Receipts, $6,680,460 51, including for Customs, $253,000; payments, $7,965,589 19; balance, $36,530,994 35.

The New-York Fire and Marine Insurance Company have declared a semi-annual dividend of six ℘ cent., payable on demand.

Sales of Real Estate—FEB. 4.

BY ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO.

Store and lot, No. 213 Pearl-st.	$15,[illegible]
House and lot, No. 145 Laurens-st.	5,050
House and lot, No. 140 Thompson-st.	4,700
House and lot, No. 112 Thompson-st.	4,525
House and lot, No. 114 Thompson-st.	4,925
House and lot, No. 116 Thompson-st.	4,800
House and lot, No. 166 Prince-st.	11,100
House and lot, No. 164 Prince-st.	4,900
House and lot, No. 162 Prince-st.	5,000
House and lot, No. 160 Prince-st.	5,000
House and lot, No. 158 Prince-st.	5,625
House and lot, No. 148 Prince-st.	13,100

Houses and lots, Nos. 113, 115, and 117 Laurens-st., each $5,500.

House and lot No. 119 Laurens-st., with alley-way and four houses in rear, $14,000.

GENERAL MARKETS.

NEW-YORK, Thursday, Feb. 4, 1864—6 P. M.

The receipts of the principal kinds of Produce since our last have been: 16 bbls. Ashes, 7,412 bbls. Flour, 1,699 bags Corn Meal, 250 bushels Wheat, 2,067 bushels Corn, 560 bushels Rye, 11,668 bushels Oats, 4,190 bushels Malt, 1,434 pkgs. Provisions, and 1,020 bbls. Whisky.

ASHES—Sales 25 bbls., including Pots at $8 75, and Pearls at $10 ℘ 100 ℔s.

COFFEE—Continues in limited demand at our quotations. Java, 40½c.@41c.; Laguayra, 33c.@35c., Maracaibo, 33c.@35c.; Ceylon, 33c.@34c.; Rio, 33c.@34½c.; St. Domingo, 30½c.@31c. ℘ ℔.

COTTON—Is in good request at buoyant prices, Middling at 84c.@85c.; chiefly within the range, ℘ ℔. Sales and resales since our last 1,600 bales.

FRUIT—The demand has been moderate for the principal kinds, including Layer Raisins at $4 35, and Bunch do. at $4 15 ℘ box.

FLOUR AND MEAL—State and Western Flour has been in less demand to-day, and prices have declined slightly—the market closing heavily. Sales since our last, 10,500 bbls., including Superfine State and Western, at $6 50@$6 75; poor to choice extra State, at $6 90@$7 40, chiefly at $6 95@$7; round hoop extra, Ohio, shipping brands, at $7 40@$7 60, the latter an extreme rate for very choice, and inferior do, at $7 30@$7 35 ℘ bbl.

Superfine State and Western	$6 50	@$6 75
Extra State	6 90	@ 7 40
Extra Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, &c.	7 05	@ 9 25
Extra Ohio, round-hoop, ship'g br'ds.	7 40	@ 7 60
Extra Ohio, trade and family brands	7 65	@ 9 25
Extra Genesee	7 45	@ 9 25
Poor to very choice extra Missouri	7 65	@11 50

Southern Flour is in less demand at former prices; sales since our last, 940 bbls., at $7 75@$8 15 for poor to good superfine; $8 15@$11 for fancy to very choice extra brands, ℘ bbl. Canadian Flour is quiet; sales 750 bbls., extra at $7 05@$8 90, the latter an extreme rate, ℘ bbl. Rye Flour is more active, at $5 50@$6 60 ℘ bbl. Sales 500 bbls. Corn Meal is in moderate demand at $5 30@$5 70 for Jersey, $6 25 for Brandywine, ℘ bbl. Total sales, 350 bbls.

GRAIN—Wheat has been quite dull to-day. The principal receivers refuse to make any important concessions to buyers, and the latter are reluctant to purchase freely at prevailing rates. The market closes heavily, with a downward tendency. Sales since our last, 61,000 bushels, including Amber Western, at $1 70@$1 73; Red Western at $1 66@$1 70; Amber Iowa, Wisconsin and Green Bay at $1 59@$1 61 in store and delivered; Milwaukee Club at $1 56@$1 60; Chicago Spring, $1 55@$1 59½ ℘ bushel. Corn has been in active demand on speculation, at firmer and buoyant prices. Sales since our last 131,000 bushels, at $1 25@$1 27½, closing at $1 27@$1 27½ for Mixed Western, in store, and $1 15@$1 21 for new Yellow and White Jersey ℘ bushel. Rye continues inactive, at $1 26@$1 33 ℘ bushel. Oats are in moderate demand, at former rates; we quote Canada at 85c.@88c.; Western at 88c.@90c.; State at 87c.@89c.; Jersey at 80c.@85c. ℘ bushel. Barley is in limited request at $1 20@$1 45, as extremes, ℘ bushel; sales 3,400 bushels. Barley Malt at $1 50@$1 60 ℘ bushel; sales 3,600 bushels.

HAY—North River Bale is in moderate demand at $1 10@$1 40 for Common to Prime, in large and small lots, ℘ 100 ℔s.

HOPS—New are salable and firm at 25c.@33c. ℘ ℔.

HIDES—Are held firmly, but are inactive.

MOLASSES—New-Orleans has been in moderate demand, at 55c.@70c. for old and new ℘ gallon.

NAVAL STORES—Have been quiet, including Turpentine at $2 90@$3 ℘ gallon. Resin at $29@$36 ℘ 280 ℔s.; Tar at $11@$13; Pitch at $18 50@$22 ℘ bbl.

OILS—Have been in moderate request at former rates. We quote: Crude Whale, $1 10@$1 12; Crude Sperm $1 62½@$1 65; Bleached Winter Whale at $1 22½@$1 25; Unbleached Sperm at $1 85@$1 95; Linseed to arrive and here at $1 47½@$1 50; No. 1 Lard at $1 7½@$1 15; City Red at 79c.@80c.; Olive at $1 90@$2 ℘ gallon; and $6 37½@$6 50 and $4 62½@$4 75 for pints and quarts; Crude Petroleum, 29½c.@31c.; Refined do. at 52½c.@56c. free, and 46c.@48c. in bond, ℘ gallon. Receipts of Petroleum, 3,691 bbls.

PROVISIONS—Pork has been more active at buoyant prices. Sales, since our last, 3,100 bbls., at $22@$22 25 for New Mess; $20 for Mess, last season's packing; $19@$19 12½ for two year old Mess; $23 50@$25 for Old and New Clear Mess; $18@$20 for Thin Mess; $20@$23, the latter an extreme rate, for Western and City Prime Mess; $16 25@$16 75 for Sour Mess; $16@$18 for Old and New Prime, ℘ bbl. Cut Meats are in fair request at 10½c.@15c., for Hams, and 8½c.@9½c. for Shoulders, ℘ ℔.; sales 870 packages. Bacon continues in fair demand at 11c.@13½c., according to quality, ℘ ℔.; sales 1,200 boxes, for immediate and future delivery. Dressed Hogs are quiet at 8½c.@9½c., the latter for choice City. Lard is in moderate demand and firm; sales 1,100 tcs. and bbls. at 12½c.@13½c., the latter an extreme rate, for very choice new, ℘ ℔. Beef continues in good demand at full rates; sales 1,350 bbls., at $14 50@$16 for Extra Mess, and $12 50@$14 25 for plain Mess. Prime Mess $24 50@$25 50; India Mess, $26 50@$30 ℘ tierce; sales, 80 tcs. Beef Hams, $19@$21 ℘ bbl.; sales, 50 bbls. Butter is in fair demand at 22c.@28c., for poor to choice Western, and 27c.@34c. for common to choice State, ℘ ℔. Cheese has been in fair request, at 13c.@16½c. ℘ ℔.

RICE—Has been in firm demand, including East India, at $7 50@$8 25 ℘ 100 ℔s. Sales, since our last, 450 bags.

SEEDS—Are in demand and buoyant; Clover 13½c.@14c. ℘ ℔.; Rough Flax $3 20@$3 35; Timothy $3@$3 30; Linseed $3 92½@$3 95 ℘ bushel. Supplies very light.

SUGARS—Are less active but very firm. Sales since our last, 400 hhds., including New-Orleans at 12½c.@14c., and Cuba, &c., 12½c.@13½c.; also 350 boxes Havana at 13½c.@14½c. ℘ ℔. Refined Sugars are in more demand at 13½c.@17½c. ℘ ℔.

TALLOW—Sales 119,000 ℔s. at 12c.@12½c., 45,000 ℔s. Stearine at 13½c.@13¾c., and 13,000 ℔s. Grease at 11½c. ℘ ℔.

WHISKY—Sales have been reported since our last of 1,600 bbls. at 88c.@90c., chiefly at 90c., with some sales reported as high as 92c. ℘ gallon.

FREIGHTS—Have been quiet and depressed to-day. For Liverpool, the engagement included 2,000 bbls. Flour, at 10½d.@1s. 3d.; 35,000 bushels Wheat, at 3½d.@3¾d., 50 tcs. Beef, at 2s. 9d.; 600 boxes Bacon, at 10s.@15s. For London, 7,000 bushels Wheat, at 6d.; 800 tcs. Beef, at 3s. 6d.; 500 boxes Cheese, at 20s.; also, by steamer, 600 bales Hops, at ¾d., and 100 boxes Tobacco, at 3s. For Glasgow, 1,500 bbls. Flour, at 1s. 9d.@2s.; 30,000 bushels Wheat at 6½d.@6¾d.; 30 hhds. Tallow, at 20s. For Havre, 1,100 bbls. Petroleum, at 6s. 6d.; 30 pkgs. Hams, at 45 francs; 110 hhds. Tallow, at 40 francs. For Malta, 150 hhds. Tobacco, at 45s.

DRY GOODS.

WINDOW SHADES. 359 BROADWAY.
FOR STORES,
FOR SKYLIGHTS,
FOR DWELLINGS.
G. L. & J. B. KELTY, Manufacturers.

PRINTING.

CHEAPEST PRINTER IN THE WORLD.
BUSINESS CARDS, INCLUDING CARDS, $1 per 1,000. Billheads, $3 per 1,000. Circulars in large quantities, 50 cents per 1,000, and 40 cents. ALL KINDS OF BOOK, JOB AND NEWSPAPER PRINTING equally cheap. T. R. DAWLEY's new establishment, No. 13 Park-row, opposite the Astor House.

SLOTE & JANES, STATIONERS, PRINTERS and BLANK-BOOK DEALERS, No. 93 Fulton-st. Orders respectfully solicited.

SHOW-CASES AT LOW PRICES.—SILVER, white metal, and all kinds of cases to order. HOFFMAN & FERSH, No. 123 CHATHAM-ST.

WINES AND LIQUORS.

PERKINS, STERN & CO.,
EXCLUSIVE DEALERS
IN
CALIFORNIA WINES
AND
BRANDY.
ABSOLUTELY PURE.
No. 180 Broadway, New-York. No. 108 Tremont-st., Boston.

MISCELLANEOUS.

"THE PEN IS MIGHTIER THAN THE SWORD."
THE GOLD PEN—THE BEST OF ALL PENS,
MORTON'S GOLD PENS,
THE BEST PENS IN THE WORLD.

On receipt of any of the following sums in Cash, the subscriber will send by return mail, or otherwise, as directed, a Gold Pen or Pens—*selecting the same according to description*, viz.:

GOLD PENS WITHOUT CASES.

For 25 cents, the Magic Pen; for 38 cents, the Lucky Pen; for 50 cents, the Always-Ready Pen; for 75 cents, the Elegant Pen; and for $1, the Excelsior Pen. These Pens are not numbered, but correspond in sizes to Numbers 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 respectively.

THE SAME PENS IN SILVER-PLATED EXTENSION CASES, WITH PENCILS.

For 50 cents, the Magic Pen; for 75 cents, the Lucky Pen; for $1, the Always-Ready Pen; for $1 25, the Elegant Pen, and for $1 50, the Excelsior Pen.

These are Well-Finished, Good-Writing Gold Pens, with Iridosmin Points, the average wear of every one of which will far outlast a gross of the best Steel Pens, *although they are unwarranted, and, therefore, not exchangeable.*

MORTON'S WARRANTED PENS.

The name "A. Morton," "Number," and "Quality," are stamped on the following Pens, and the points are warranted for six months, except against accident.

The Numbers indicate size *only*; No. 1 being the smallest, No. 6 the largest, adapted for the pocket; No. 4 the smallest, and No. 10 the largest Mammoth Gold Pen, for the desk.

Long and Medium Nibs of all sizes and qualities. Short Nibs of Numbers 4, 5, 6 and 7, and made only of first quality.

The Long and Short Nibs are fine pointed; the Medium Nibs are Broad, Coarse Business points. The engravings are fac-similes of the sizes and styles.

GOLD PENS, WITHOUT CASES.

For $0 75 a No. 1 Pen, 1st quality; or a No. 3 Pen, 3d quality.
For $1 a No. 2 Pen, 1st quality; or a No. 3 Pen, 2d quality; or a No. 4 Pen, 3d quality.
For $1 25 a No. 3 Pen, 1st quality; or a No. 4 Pen, 2d quality; or a No. 5 Pen, 3d quality.
For $1 50 a No. 4 Pen, 1st quality; or a No. 5 Pen, 2d quality; or a No. 6 Pen, 3d quality.
For $1 75 a No. 5 Pen, 1st quality; or a No. 6 Pen, 2d quality.
For $2 25 a No. 6 Pen; $2 75 a No. 7 Pen; $3 25 a No. 8 Pen; $4 a No. 9 Pen; $5 a No. 10 Pen—all 1st quality.

THE SAME GOLD PENS, IN SILVER EXTENSION CASES, WITH PENCILS.

For $1 50 a No. 1 Pen, 1st quality; or a No. 3 Pen, 3d quality.
For $1 75 a No. 2 Pen, 1st quality; or a No. 3 Pen, 2d quality; or a No. 4 Pen, 3d quality.
For $2 a No. 3 Pen, 1st quality; or a No. 4 Pen, 2d quality; or a No. 5 Pen, 3d quality.
For $2 50 a No. 4 Pen, 1st quality; or a No. 5 Pen, 2d quality; or a No. 6 Pen, 3d quality.
For $3 a No. 5 Pen, 1st quality; or a No. 6 Pen, 2d quality.
For $3 50 a No. 6 Pen, 1st quality.

GOLD PENS, ALL FIRST QUALITY, IN SILVER-MOUNTED DESK-HOLDERS.

For $2 00 a No. 4 Pen; for $2 25 a No. 5 Pen; for $2 75 a No. 6 Pen; for $3 50 a No. 7 Pen.
For $4 00 a No. 8 Pen; for $5 a No. 9 Pen; and for $6, No. 10 Pen.

The "1st Quality" are pointed with the very best Iridosmin Points, carefully selected, and none of this quality are sold with the slightest imperfection which skill and the closest scrutiny can detect.

The "2d Quality" are superior to any Pens made by him previous to the year 1860.

The "3d Quality" he intends shall equal in respect to Durability, Elasticity and Good Writing Qualities (the only true considerations) any Gold Pens made elsewhere.

In regard to the Cheap Gold Pens, he begs leave to say that, previous to operating his New and Patented Machines, he could not have made as Good Writing and Durable Pens, for the price, had the Gold been furnished gratuitously.

Parties ordering must in all instances specify the "Name" or the "Number" and "Quality" of the Pens wanted, and be particular to describe the kind they prefer—whether stiff or limber, coarse or fine.

All remittances sent by mail in registered letters are at my risk; and to all who send twenty cents (charge for registering,) in addition to the price of goods ordered, I will guarantee their safe delivery.

Parties sending Gold or Silver will be allowed the full premium on the day received.

TO CLUBS—A discount of 10 per cent. will be allowed on sums of $12, of 15 per cent. on $24, and of 20 per cent on $40, if sent to one address at one time.

Address, A. MORTON,
NO. 25 MAIDEN-LANE, NEW-YORK.

WEDDING CARDS.
French Note Papers, Seals and Presses, Silver Plates, etc., at J. Everdell's, 302 Broadway, cor. Duane St.
For Specimens by mail, send 25 cents.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST INK.
AMERICAN UNION INK, jet black ink, flows freely, and does not corrode. Sold at No. 5 Ludlow-st., and at the stationers generally. JESSE G. KEYS.

THE HIGHEST CASH PRICES PAID for OLD NEWSPAPERS of every description, old PAMPHLETS of every kind, old BLANK BOOKS and LEDGERS that are written full, and all kinds of WASTE PAPER from bankers, insurance companies, brokers, patent medicines depots, printing offices, bookbinders, public and private libraries, hotels, steamboats, railroad companies, express offices &c.
STOCKWELL & EMERSON, No. 25 Ann-st.

ENGINE FOR SALE CHEAP.—A six-horse power steam engine and boiler, boiler front, pipes, grate bars, &c., stored at Unionville, L. I. Greenwood, Bath and Coney Island steam railroad cars pass through the village several times every day. Inquire of A. & T. M. HEGEMAN, at Unionville.

TODD & RAFFERTY, MACHINERY MERCHANTS, No. 13 Dey-st., works at Paterson, N. J., manufacture stationary and portable steam engines and boilers, flax, hemp, tow, oakum, rope machinery, &c.

EDWARD H. DIXON, M. D., OPERATING and Consulting Surgeon, No. 42 5th-av. Office hours from 8 to 9, 1 to 3, and 7 to 9 evenings. The office of the *Scalpel* is at No. 1 Vesey-st., Astor House.

NOTICE.—PERSONS HAVING LADDERS REpairing at KELLY'S yard, are requested to call for them, as the business is going to close. Stock and fixtures for sale.

CALORIC ENGINE WANTED—EQUAL TO three to four horse power. Address Box K., No. 4,616 P. O., N. Y.

COMMISSIONER FOR NEW-JERSEY and other States—No. 5 Beekman-st., Room No. 5, first floor, over Park Bank.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

WANTED—FOR ONE OR TWO MONTHS—rooms and a private table for a gentleman and his wife, two children, (seven and nine years old,) two young ladies and servant; parlor and one bedroom must be on first or second floor; two other bedrooms may be on the third. The location must be above 8th and below 40th sts., and between 6th and 4th avs. Address Box No. 5,268 New-York Post-office, stating terms.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN—FOR A SINGLE gentleman may be had with a private family residing near Wall-st. ferry, having a large, well-furnished room and closet, bath, gas, &c. Address H., Box No. 1,456 New-York Post-office, with real name and place of business.

WANTED—A WELL FURNISHED PARLOR and bedroom, bath room, &c., on second floor, without board, for a single gentleman; a private family preferred; location between 3d and 6th avs, 10th and 20th sts. Address Box No. 710 New-York Post-office.

LOST AND FOUND.

Office of Duncan, Sherman & Co., Bankers,
New-York, Feb. 3, 1864.

NOTICE.—ALL PERSONS ARE HEREBY CAUtioned against negotiating United States 5 per cent. Coupon Bond of 1874, No. 11,742, with coupons of and from Jan. 1, 1864, dated Feb. 1, 1859, and issued to B. Berend & Co., or bearer; the same having been lost or mislaid in transmission to the Union Bank of London, per steamer *Hansa*, from New-York Nov. 21, 1863, payment thereof having been stopped at the United States Treasury.
DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO.

FOUND—AT THE HOBOKEN FERRY—A LADY'S WALLET, containing a sum of money. The owner can have it by calling at No. 32 West 36th-st.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

THE ADVERTISER IS ACQUAINTED with a refined and educated widow lady, not old, who desires a position as housekeeper in a first-class hotel; is abundantly competent; or the same position in a gentleman's family, with children and without a wife; would go to Philadelphia or Washington City. Responsible parties will apply to the proprietor of the New-York Hotel, in the forenoon, for ten days. City references.

AS COOK, WASHER AND IRONER.—A respectable young woman wants a situation in a private family; is a good plain cook, washer and ironer; good City reference from her last place. Call at No. 189 5th-st.

AS COOK, WASHER AND IRONER.—A Scotch Protestant young woman, with good City reference, wants a situation as above; understands her work and does it neatly. Call at No. 16 11th-st., near 4th-av.

AS WAITRESS.—WANTED, A SITUATION by a young girl as first-class waitress; can give the best of City references. Call at No. 136 1st-av., entrance on 9th-st.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

AS COOK, WASHER AND IRONER.—Wanted, by a respectable Protestant girl, a situation as plain cook, washer and ironer, or would do the general housework in a small private family. Call, for two days, at No. 89 11th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

AS COOK.—WANTED, BY A COMPETENT person, a situation as cook; is willing to assist in washing and ironing; is a good baker and pastry cook; good City reference. Call at No. 104 19th-st., near 6th-av.

AS COOK AND LAUNDRESS.—A RESPECtable girl, fully competent for her duties, desires a situation in City or country as cook and laundress; no objection to do general housework; has the best of references. Call at No. 378 6th-av.

AS LAUNDRESS.—A YOUNG WOMAN WANTS a situation in a private family as first-class laundress; has the best of City reference from her last place, where she lived four years. Call for two days at No. 387 6th-av.

AS COPYIST AND WRITER.—A YOUNG lady who writes a nice bold hand, and is well educated, desires a situation as copyist and writer; best references. Address Box No. 1,282 Post-office.

SEWING DONE IN FAMILIES BY THE day, week, or month, by a lady, with Wheeler & Wilson's sewing machine. Call or address Miss LYONS, No. 300 West 13th-st.

MALES.

TO THE INTELLIGENT PUBLIC, TO ALL MEN OF POSITION, TO EDITORS AND PUBLISHERS.—A gentleman of extensive literary and linguistic attainments, independent means and free from incumbrance, wishes for partial employment of his time. Remuneration an object of secondary consideration. As editor or literary manager of a first-class newspaper or magazine, as private or foreign correspondent, and in the selection or critic of literary productions his services would be invaluable. Address FIZ, Box No. 109 *Times* Office.

AS LANDSCAPE AND GENERAL GARDENER.—A married man, without incumbrance, of unexceptionable character and business qualifications, (as testible by credentials from American and European authorities of distinction,) would respectfully invite the attention of gentlemen disposed to make such engagement. Address C., Messrs. Thorburn, No. 15 John-st., New-York.

AS GARDENER.—SITUATION WANTED BY A German, married man, with full knowledge of greenhouses, graperies, vegetables, hotbeds, and who can furnish the best of recommendation; can be had at once or on the 1st of April. Address F. T. M., care of A. Huhne, M. D., Rondout, N. Y.

AS GARDENER.—A SITUATION WANTED, as gardener by a Scotchman who has first-class reference and thoroughly understands his business, both under glass and in the open air; has a wife, but no family. Only those having glasshouses need apply for W. C., at A. Smith's seed-store, No. 65 Liberty-st.

AS GARDENER.—WANTED, A SITUATION as gardener by a Scotchman, who thoroughly understands the care and cultivation of hot and greenhouse plants, hot and cold graperies, fruits, vegetables, &c. For further particulars, call or address GARDENER, at A. Reid's seed-store, No. 807 Broadway, New-York.

AS COOPER, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION as cooper or light porter, by an experienced man, lately from the old country, who can give good reference. Address ENERGY, care of the Mercantile Agency, No. 266 Broadway.

AS SALESMAN.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS salesman, in a produce house, by a competent young man, who can give good reference. Address SALESMAN, care of the Mercantile Agency, No. 266 Broadway.

AS GARDENER.—A SITUATION WANTED, by a young man, as gardener; understands perfectly the management of a greenhouse, vegetable garden, and ornamental grounds, &c.; wages reasonable. Call at A. Smith's seed-store No. 65 Liberty-st., for J. C.

AS GARDENER.—WANTED, BY MARCH 1 OR sooner, by a Scotchman, an engagement as head gardener and farmer on a first-class place; references the very best; none but a first-class place accepted. Address SUPERINTENDENT, Box No. 191 *Times* Office.

AS COACHMAN AND GROOM.—WANTED, a situation as coachman and groom, by a Protestant single man; has lived over five years in some of his situations in this City; can give good reference as to honesty, sobriety and industry. A note addressed to B. B., Box No. 207 *Times* Office, for two days, will be attended to.

AS COACHMAN.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY a man of long experience in this City, as coachman, who thoroughly understands the proper care and treatment of horses and carriages; the very best of City reference. Call on or address R. D., No. 19 East 18th-st., between Broadway and 5th-av.

AS COACHMAN.—WANTED, A SITUATION as coachman by a native of England; good City references; can be highly recommended by his last employer. Address W. W., care of Mr. Walke, harness-maker, corner 26th-st. and Broadway.

AS COACHMAN.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY a single man as coachman; understands the proper care of horses, and is a good driver, and would keep things in good style; good references given. Address W., Box No. 205 *Times* Office.

AS COACHMAN.—SITUATION WANTED, BY a respectable single man, of long experience in this City; can be seen at No. 406 Broadway, or address COACHMAN to the above place.

HELP WANTED

SALESMAN WANTED.—AN IMPORTING house wants a salesman familiar with British, French and German dry goods and silks, and who has had experience with buyers. To a competent man a liberal salary will be given. Address, with reference as to ability and character, which will be confidential, to Box 547 Post office.

MATRON WANTED—IN A PROTESTANT asylum in the vicinity of New-York. A person (with or without a husband) of strictly religious principles, experience with children and in housekeeping, may address Box No. 933 New-York Post-office, with name and reference.

WANTED—A SWISS PROTESTANT WOMAN, OF about 30 years of age; she must be a good hairdresser and thorough seamstress; good wages will be paid. Apply, for two days, at the French Institute of M. C. GAILLARD, No. 149 East 9th-st., between Broadway and 4th-av.

A SALESMAN.—WANTED, A SALESMAN TO travel and take orders for a manufacturer and wholesale dealer in house-furnishing hardware. Traveling expenses paid by the employers. State references and salary. Address Box No. 225 New-York Post-office.

WANTED—A GENERAL CLERK, WITH A knowledge of books and accounts, at moderate salary. Address, in handwriting of applicant, stating salary required and references, Box No. 2,376 Post-office, for two days.

WANTED—IN A WHOLESALE STORE IN PARK-place, a lad from the age of 15 to 17, of good address, to do bank business, &c. Address Box No. 2,618 Post-office, with real name.

A CLERK.—WANTED, A CLERK IN A LAW office; to one conversant with real estate business a fair salary will be paid. Apply to HAGNER & SMITH, No. 9 Court-st., Brooklyn.

SPINNERS AND WEAVERS WANTED—At the Catskill Woolen Mill, Leeds, N. Y. Apply at the Mill or to SAML. HANNA, No. 4 College-place, New-York.

A GARDENER.—WANTED, A FIRST-CLASS gardener; one who can take care of a horse and cow and make himself generally useful. Apply to DORAS L. STONE, No. 45 Wall-st.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS SUGAR BOILER to go to the Pacific coast. Address Box No. 2,821 New-York Post-office, with reference.

WANTED—A WOMAN WHO THOROUGHLY understands operating a Singer's Sewing-machine for heavy work. Address K. K., Box 3,352 Post-office.

BOY WANTED—AT GORDON, BOWDOIN, & WARREN'S, No. 290½ Broadway, up stairs.

WANTED—A GARDENER. APPLY TO MR. BROWN, No. 153 Bowery.

AUCTION SALES.

Henry H. Leeds & Co., Auctioneers.

A WELL KNOWN AND VALUABLE COLLECTION OF FIRST-CLASS AMERICAN AND FOREIGN PAINTINGS, belonging to a distinguished collection of a Baltimorean now in Europe.

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. will sell at auction, on the EVENINGS of FRIDAY, 12th, and SATURDAY, 13th February, at 7½ o'clock, at the Old Dusseldorf Gallery, No. 548 Broadway, next door below Messrs. Tiffany & Co.'s store. This valuable collection contains choice cabinet specimens of the different Schools represented in this collection—it would be difficult to find their equals. Many of them were commissioned directly from the artists, without limit as to cost; others purchased out of the FRENCH and FLEMISH EXHIBITION, and often the CHOICEST WORKS by the respective artists—especially numerous and excellent in the FRENCH SCHOOL. We annex a few of the most prominent names, such as:

E. Frere, Merle, Plassan, Chavet, Duverger, Lassalle, Rozier,
Fichel, Thayer, Lambinet, Billotte, Patrois, Theo. Frere, Fauvelt,
Rosseau, Daubigny, Montfallet, Seignac, Zeim, Lemmens, Pecrus,
&c., &c.

GERMAN AND BELGIAN SCHOOLS.

A. Achenback, Meyer of Bremen, Preyer, E. Verbockhoven,
Hubner, De Brackelaer, Lachenwitz, Platner,
Dilleus, Lindre, De Bergue, Mocsiager, &c.

THE AMERICAN SCHOOL

is well sustained by nearly every artist of eminence.

Church, Kensett, Durand, Cropsey, Hall, Shattuck, Hubbard, Innes, and others.
Leutz, E. Johnson, Bouton, H. P. Gray, Tait, Suydam, Hays, Lang.
Cole, Casilear, Gifford, W. T. Richards, W. Hart, Gignoux, Coleman,

Also the largest and best picture painted in Paris, by "May," the celebrated American artist, "The Women of Babylon."

FINE WATER-COLOR DRAWINGS.

Brion, Gavarni, Chaplin, David, Veyrasset, Marohn,
Guillemin, Duverzer, Fichel, Patrois, Seignac, Bonvin,
Darley, Bentley, Wilms, Maplestone, Muhlig, Sus,

A choice lot of framed ENGRAVINGS, many of which are proofs of celebrated works, artistic BRONZES, &c., &c.

Catalogues will be ready and the works on view, day and evening, for one week before the sale, as above.

AUCTION SALES

Morris Wilkins, Auctioneer.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, ROSEWOOD PIANO-FORTE, GAS CHANDELIERS, CARPETS, &c., &c.

E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction on TUESDAY, Feb. 9, 1864, at 11 o'clock, at No. 59 West 24th-st., near 6th-av., the entire contents of said house, consisting in part of mahogany sofas, chairs and rockers, in hair-cloth; French plate pier mirror, rosewood six-octave piano-forte, rosewood centre-table, marble-top walnut arm and invalid chairs, in leather; mahogany dining-tables, secretary book-case, oak arm and dining-chairs, mahogany and walnut French bedsteads, dressing bureaus, washstands, paillasses, husk and hair mattresses, bolsters and pillows, damask and lace curtains, mantel-clock, marble vases, all the gas chandeliers, brackets and fixtures, china and glassware, Brussels and ingrain carpets, oil-cloths, &c., together with an assortment of kitchen furniture, with which the sale will commence.

A. Journeay, Auctioneer.

AUCTION AND COMMISSION.

No. 9 Pine-st., near Broadway.
Sales of Real Estate, Stocks, Bonds, &c., at auction and at private sale.
Sales of furniture at residences and out-door sales on the most favorable terms.
A. JOURNEAY, No. 9 Pine-st.

Morris Wilkins, Auctioneer.

TRUSTEES' SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY, ON SOUTH AND BROAD STS.

E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction on FRIDAY, Feb. 5, 1864, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, 111 Broadway, (Trinity Building,) N. Y., by order of the Trustees of the New-York Corn Exchange:

South-st.—The very valuable lot of ground, with the three-story brick building thereon, known as No. 15 South-st., northeast corner of Broad-st., being 28 feet 5 inches, front and rear, 38 feet 3 inches on Broad-st., and 36 feet 9 inches on the easterly side, more or less.

Also, the lot of ground, with the five-story brick building thereon, known as No. 17 South-st., between Broad-st. and Coenties-slip, being 28 feet front and rear, 82 feet 2 inches on one side, and 79 feet 10 inches on the other, more or less.

The property will be sold subject to a mortgage of $35,000, having two years to run from May 1, 1864.

Maps and further particulars may be obtained at the auctioneer's office, No. 3 Pine-st., or of the Committee of Trustees: David Dows, No. 20 South-st.; Jacob R. Nevins, No. 11 South-st., and Josiah M. Fiske, No. 18 South-st. This property will positively be sold this day.

Daniel H. Burdett, Auctioneer.

U. S. MARSHAL'S SALE.

By BURDETT, JONES & CO.

By virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas to me directed and delivered, I will sell at public auction, on the 12th day of February, at 11 o'clock A. M., at Wheeler's Stores, Atlantic Dock, Brooklyn, the cargo of the prize steamer ANTONIA, consisting of
BRANDIES,
WINES,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
CROCKERY,
CALF-SKINS,
SAWS,
DRUGS AND MEDICINES,
QUININE,
TENTS,
&c.
R. MURRAY,
U. S. Marshal.

SALE OF CONDEMNED QUARTERMASTER'S STORES.

Chief Quartermaster's Office,
Depot of Washington,
Washington, D. C., Jan. 25, 1864.

Will be sold at Public Auction, in the square bounded by E and F and 20th and 21st sts., in the City of Washington, D. C., on WEDNESDAY, Feb. 10, 1864, a large lot of
SCRAP IRON and LEATHER, PARTS OF WAGONS, PARTS OF HARNESS, TOOLS, &c., &c.,
deemed unserviceable.

The successful bidders will be required to remove the stores within fifteen (15) days from the day of sale.
Terms, cash in Government funds.
Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M.
F. H. BURKE, Brig.-Gen. and Q. M.

Morris Wilkins, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE BUSINESS PROPERTY ON WALKER AND WHITE STS. AT AUCTION.

E. H. LUDLOW & Co. will sell at auction on FRIDAY, Feb. 5, 1864, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, Trinity Buildings.

Walker-st.—The valuable two-story and attic brick house and lot No. 9 Walker-st., near West Broadway; lot 20x106 feet.

White-st.—The three-story and finished attic brick house and lot No. 20 White-st., north side, between Church-st. and West Broadway. The house has independent walls, and two story brick tea-room on the rear, lot 25x100 feet.

Maps, &c., may be had at the office of the auctioneers, No. 3 Pine-st.

Bureau of Ordnance, Navy Department,
Washington City, Jan. 18, 1864.

SALE OF CONDEMNED NAVY CANNON.

Notice is hereby given that on the 15th day of February next, at 12 o'clock M., there will be sold at public auction, at the Navy-yard, Brooklyn, New-York, and at the Navy-yard, Portsmouth, New-Hampshire, the following cannon, being 32-pounders of 61 cwt., known as "gradual increase," viz.:

One hundred and six (106) cannon at Navy-Yard, Brooklyn.

Forty-six (46) cannon at Navy-yard, Portsmouth.

These guns are to be sold by the pound, and one-half the purchase money to be paid at the completion of the sale, and the other half upon the removal of the guns by the purchaser, which removal must take place within ten days after the sale and at the expense of said purchaser.
H. A. WISE, Chief of Bureau.

D. D. Caulkins, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF HANDSOME PARLOR FURNITURE, BRUSSELS AND THREE-PLY CARPETS, CARVED ROSEWOOD PIANO-FORTE, &c., &c.

At public auction, THIS DAY, (Friday,) Feb. 5, at 11 o'clock A. M., precisely, at the residence No. 218 West 14th-st., near 8th-av., consisting of elegant parlor suites, covered in brocatel; marble-top tables, etageres, clocks, curtains, rosewood and mahogany bedroom suites, hair mattresses, sofa beds, tables, mirrors, shades, paintings, rockers, spring-seat chairs, dining chairs, &c.—everything belonging to a first-class house. Sale positive.

By Joseph Hegeman.

SATURDAY, FEB. 6,

at 10 o'clock A. M., in the store No. 247 Court-st., corner of Sackett-st., Brooklyn.

A general assortment of house-furnishing goods, builders' hardware, willow, tin and ironware, &c., &c.

Catalogues at the store, comprising about 500 lots.

Morris Wilkins, Auctioneer.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY ON WASHINGTON, GREENWICH, AND NORTH MOORE STS., SUITABLE FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.—E. H. LUDLOW & CO., will sell at auction, on FRIDAY, Feb. 5, 1864, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, (Trinity Building,) New-York, by order of Albert A. Martin, Esq., executor of the estate of John B. Martin, deceased:

Washington-st.—The lot of ground, with two-story and attic brick building thereon, No. 437 Washington-st., adjoining the corner Desbrosses-st. House 25 by about 40 feet. Lot 25 by 80 feet.

Greenwich-st.—The lot of ground, with the four-story brick building thereon, No. 450 Greenwich-st., adjoining above immediately on the rear. House 25 by about 44 feet. Lot 25 by 80 feet.

The above is very desirable for business purposes, being one block only from the river and the ferry to Jersey City, and having front on two streets, with large depth of lot.

North Moore-st.—The two-story and attic brick house and lot, No. 81 North Moore-st., north side, near Washington-st. House 20 by about 36 feet. Lot 20 by 50 feet.

Sixty per cent. of the purchase money may remain on bond and mortgage for three or five years if desired.

Maps and further particulars may be obtained at the Auctioneer's office, No. 3 Pine-st.

Henry H. Leeds & Co., Auctioneers.

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. WILL SELL at auction on SATURDAY, Feb. 6, at 10½ o'clock, at our salesroom, No. 23 Nassau-st.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, consisting of a general assortment, viz.: Velvet carpets, carved oak suite in Morocco, rosewood suite in crimson and gold, brocatelle black walnut centre table, black walnut bedstead, mahogany chairs in hair-cloth, rockers and lounges, black walnut bookcase, iron bedsteads, hair mattresses, straw paillasses, kitchen furniture, &c.

Also, two rosewood pianos, oil-paintings; also, a lot of cameos, finely cut, and would call attention to the same.

Morris Wilkins, Auctioneer.

REAL ESTATE AND PIER PROPERTY in the Third Ward for sale.—E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell under decree in partition, on the 5th of FEBRUARY, 1864, at 12 o'clock, noon, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway.

The valuable lots and stores Nos. 218, 220 and 222 Washington-st., Nos. 86, 89, 91, 93, 95, 97, 99, 101 and 103 Barclay-st., and Nos. 145, 146 and 147 West-st.

Also, the valuable pier and wharf property No. 25 North River, now under lease and used for the Hoboken Ferry and other purposes.

Maps at No. 3 Pine-st.

Morris Wilkins, Auctioneer.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF PROPERTY ON Grand-st. and East Broadway.

E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction on FRIDAY, Feb. 5, 1864, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway—

Grand-st.—The valuable house and lot with store, No. 414 Grand-st., between Clinton and Attorney sts.; lot 22x100 feet; store occupied as a hardware store.

East Broadway.—The valuable 2-story brick house and lot No. 102 East Broadway, between Market and Pike sts.; lot 25x65 feet, house contains all the improvements. E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

Daniel H. Burdett, Auctioneer.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S SALE.

By BURDETT, JONES & CO.

By virtue of an order of the U. S. Circuit Court, to me directed and delivered, I will sell at public auction, on the 15th day of February, 1864, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the Union Stores, Brooklyn, the balance of the cargo of the prize-ship *Alliance*, consisting of about 2,390 bbls. of Resin. R. MURRAY, United States Marshal.

M. Doughty, Auctioneer.

WILL SELL ON FRIDAY, FEB. 5, AT 10 o'clock, the entire furniture of the Palace Park House, corner of 6th-av. and 40th-st., comprising the furniture of over 100 rooms, viz., carpets, curled hair mattresses, blankets, sheets, bolsters and pillows, bureaus, bedsteads, washstands, toilet sets, fire-proof safe, office furniture, &c., &c.

Adrian H. Muller, Auctioneer.

VERY VALUABLE PROPERTY ON WHITE AND PEARL-STS. AT AUCTION.—ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell on FRIDAY, Feb. 5, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange salesroom, No. 111 Broadway.

White-st.—The 3-story brick house and lot, situate on the northerly side of White-st., a short distance east of Broadway, being 23 feet in width by 121 feet 8 inches in depth.

Pearl-st.—The brick store and lot, situate on the northerly side of Pearl-st., between Beekman and Ferry sts., and known as No. 299; lot 22 by about 125.

Map, &c., at No. 5½ Pine-st.

REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE.

5th-av.—5-story English basement, brown stone.
ALSO,
5th-av.—4-story high stoop, brown stone, with stable. Extra size lot.
ALSO,
Madison-av.—4-story brown stone front, near 31st-st.
ALSO,
23d-st., near 4th-av.—4-story brown stone, extra size.
ALSO,
21st-st., near Broadway—4-story Philadelphia basement, brown stone.
ALSO,
37th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.—4-story brown stone, extra size, and in perfect order.
ALSO,
38th-st., near 5th-av.—4-story brown stone, full-sized lot.
ALSO,
Houses and lots on 38th-st., 44th, 45th, 46th, 47th and 48th sts., between 6th-av. and Broadway.
ALSO,
A number of other desirable houses and lots in desirable locations.
For further particulars apply to
ALLEN & BROWN,
No. 96 Broadway.

FOR SALE IN BROOKLYN.—44 LOTS ON Brooklyn and Hudson avs., and Dean and Bergen sts.
Also, 8 lots on Dean-st., near Schenectady-av.
Also, 2 two-story and extension frame houses on Hunter-st., near Gates-av., with lots adjoining if desired.
Also, 4 new frame cottage houses on Fulton-av., near Schenectady av.
Also, 4 new frame cottage houses on Herkimer-st., near Schenectady-av.
Apply to HAGNER & SMITH, Attorneys at Law, No. 9 Court-st., Brooklyn.

FOR SALE—ALL THOSE CERTAIN LOTS OF ground, with the buildings erected thereon, situate on south side of Pearl-st., and east side of William-st., containing in front on Pearl-st., 126 feet 6 inches, and in depth on William-st., 100 feet, known by the street numbers 439, 439½, 441, 441½, 443, 443½, 445, 445½, 447, 447½ Pearl-st., and Nos. 268 and 270 William-st. The property will be sold either in one parcel or by separate lots. For particulars inquire at the Treasurer's Office of the Reformed Dutch Church, No. 192 Broadway, of JAMES PHYFE.

TO MANUFACTURERS, CAPITALISTS, &c., &c.—For sale, by order of the Trustees of the Theological Seminary, in a fully improved section of the City, sixty-six lots of ground, comprising the whole block between 20th and 21st sts., 10th and 11th avs. Twenty-three of these lots are leased to May 1, 1864. The remainder are vacant. Will be sold as an entire plot, or in parcels, or a lease for a long term of years will be given if desired. Apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

DOCK PROPERTY FOR SALE, OR TO LEASE—Situated at Williamsburgh, two blocks south of the ferries to Roosevelt and Grand sts., between South 9th and South 10th sts., being 150 feet on 1st-st., running down to the East River over 300 feet, with wharf 150 feet front, of 20 feet depth at low water, and a return dock of 175 feet, containing about 22 lots of ground; is well calculated for a sugar refinery, or any other manufacturing business. Inquire of EVANDER BERRY, No. 40 1st-st., opposite.

WE WOULD CALL ATTENTION OF OUR readers to the large and important sale of valuable business property on Barclay, West, Washington, Greenwich, South, Broad, White, Walker, North Moore and Grand sts. and East Broadway, to be sold at auction by E. H. LUDLOW & CO., TO-MORROW, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, Trinity Building. A portion of the above is sold by order of the court and several executors. Maps, &c., at No. 3 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—THE PROPERTY NO. 147 WEST 35th-st.; the ground is 50 by 100 feet; two large buildings thereon, making it very desirable for manufacturing purposes; a 25 horse engine with boiler, shafting and cupola, with the foundery appurtenances, will be sold if applied for soon. All will be sold on favorable terms. Inquire of LYMAN TAYLOR, No 62 10th-av., between 14th and 15th sts.; if the property is not sold by the 1st of May it will then be rented.

FOR SALE, IN BROOKLYN—A GOOD-SIZED and well-finished frame house, nearly new, with two, four, or more lots of ground on Willoughby-av., near Yates-av. Also, vacant lots on S. W. corner of Willoughby-av. and Yates-av., and S. E. corner of Yates-av. and Hart-st. Also, a house, with stable, and twelve lots of ground on S. W. corner of Ke Kalb and Throop avs. Apply to J. EDGAR, No. 25 Nassau-st., New-York.

TO OWENRS OF DWELLING-HOUSES.—HOUSES WANTED.—We have customers for several first and medium-class dwelling-houses, and invite from responsible parties a list of such property as they desire to sell this Spring, with the cash price. Wanted, a first-class dwelling-house on 34th-st., between 4th and 7th avs., and possession, if possible, within six weeks.
BENEDICT & COIT, No. 4 Pine-st.

DESIRABLE REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.—Nos. 79 and 81 East 31st-st., $7,000; No. 63 1st-st., $5,000; No. 69 1st-st., $5,000; Nos. 158 and 160 East Houston-st., $6,000; No 18 Columbia-st., $5,000; No. 440 4th-st., $7,000; Nos. 237 and 239 Delancey-st., 50x87½, dwellings front, shops on rear, $10,000; No. 249 Broome-st., $7,000; No. 31 Delancey-st., $6,200; on favorable terms. Apply from 12 to 3 to J. H. DOUGHTY, No. 153 Bowery.

FOR SALE CHEAP—ONE STONE-FRONT house in 31st-st., between 8th and 9th avs.; also, one stone-front in 33d-st., near 3d-av.; both modern. Also, one in Williamsburgh, South 10th-st., and one in 3d-st., next to South 10th; stone basements, Philadelphia brick fronts. Terms easy. Apply to GEORGE C. GODDARD, No. 17 William-st., New-York.

BROWN-STONE AND FIRST-CLASS BRICK HOUSES FOR SALE—on 11th, 17th, 22d, 29th, 34th, 38th, 39th, 41st, 45th and 47th sts., near 4th, 5th and 6th avs., at prices from $10,000 to $40,000. Also, several fine brown-stone houses on Madison and 5th avs., some with stables, prices from $40,000 to $100,000.
S. EDDY, No. 8 Pine-st.

ORANGE, N. J.—VILLAS, VILLA SITES AND farms, a great variety, beautifully situated, one hour from New-York, for sale low. Also, country seats and houses to let for the season or year, by HENRY B. BLACKWELL, No. 59 William-st., New-York, 9 to 11 A. M.; No. 49 Main-st., Orange, 1 to 5 P. M.

FOR SALE—A VERY DESIRABLE TWO STORY frame dwelling, with spacious attic, basement, wing and garden, in Amity-st., Flushing, L. I., five minutes from the depot and one hour from the City Hall; a well-built and convenient house. Price $5,500.
G. C. HALSTED, No. 52 Murray-st.

EXECUTOR'S SALE.—A FIRST-CLASS HIGH brown-stoop house on 83d-st., between 3d and 4th avs., a short walk from the Park; gas and Croton, modern style, 22 feet 6 inches front, lot 50x100. Will be sold low; owner goes to Europe. Apply at No. 32 Stuyvesant-st. or to E. H. LUDLOW, No. 3 Pine-st.

FOR SALE, AT FLUSHING, L. I., THE first-class residence, containing all the modern improvements—gas, water, &c., together with ¾ of an acre of land—situated in the most desirable part of the village, within four minutes' walk of the depot. For particulars inquire of WILLIAMSON, GRIFFITH & CO., No. 111 Water-st., or to C. T. GRIFFITH, on the premises.

DOCK PROPERTY FOR SALE—WITH large storehouse, &c.—an excellent location for an iron, lumber or coal company; has 160 feet water front, with track connecting with the Central Railroad of New-Jersey, is situated at Elizabethport, N. J. For particulars apply to E. R. KELLOGG, 139 Pearl-st., New-York.

FOR SALE.—A LARGE VARIETY OF DESIRABLE houses and lots in New-York and Brooklyn, at low prices and on easy terms. Also, farms for sale or exchange, and money to loan on New-York and Brooklyn property. H. A. SPAFARD, No. 18 Wall-st., New-York, and No. 11 Court-st., Brooklyn.

FOR SALE—EITHER FURNISHED OR UNFURnished, a handsome three-story and basement brown-stone house, in 29th-st., between Madison and 4th avs.; it is 22x56 feet, frescoed and replete with all modern improvements; lot 22x124 feet 6 inches, with fine graperies. Apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

HOUSE AND LOT NO. 108 EAST THIRTIETH-ST. FOR SALE.—House brown stone, four stories, with all modern improvements, and recently built. Price $14,000. Apply for admission, &c., to the owner, R. GOODMAN, No. 112 Broadway.

MUST BE SOLD—A SPLENDID 3-STORY AND basement high-stoop brown-stone house, with all modern improvements; location very healthy, and beautiful house, No. 209 East 50th-st. For further particulars, inquire of owner, No. 831 2d-av., between 51st and 52d sts.

RESIDENCE ON THE HUDSON, NEAR THE CITY, FOR SALE.—House large and elegant, fully furnished; situation one of the finest on the river. Price, furnished, $13,000. Address Box 4,991 Post-office.

FOR SALE—HOUSE NO. 108 EAST 30TH-ST., four stories, brown stone front, with all modern improvements, including private stairs. Price $14,000. Apply to R. GOODMAN, No. 112 Broadway.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.—LOT 22X98; house four stories, with modern improvements, and in first-rate order; the location is one of the pleasantest in the City. Apply at No. 26 Lamartine-place, from 11 to 3 o'clock. Price, $14,000.

FOR SALE LOW OR TO LET—THE 3-story brown-stone house No. 106 Lexington-av.; also, a 3-story brown-stone house No. 91 2d-place, Brooklyn, price $6,000—part may remain on mortgage.
JOHN VANDERBILT, No. 23 Fulton-st., New-York.

CLINTON AVENUE PROPERTY FOR SALE—The house and twelve lots of ground on the northeast corner of Clinton and Green avs., Brooklyn. Apply to SUMNER R. STONE, No. 46 Exchange-place.

FOR SALE.—THE ADJOINING TWO VACANT lots on the north side of Reade-st., 50 feet east of West Broadway; each lot 25x63 feet. Apply at the Vestry Office of Trinity Church, No. 187 Fulton-st., corner of Church-st. WM. E. DUNSCOMB, Comptroller.

FOR SALE.—CONVENIENT, FIRST CLASS House, with all the modern improvements, in a desirable location, convenient to the cars and ferry; house 34x50, lot 34x133 feet; or would exchange for a small house, with several lots of ground. Apply on the premises, No. 12 Second-place, Brooklyn.

FOR SALE—A WELL-BUILT BRICK HOUSE, with modern front, on Sands-st., between Jay and Bridge, Brooklyn, having all the modern internal improvements. For particulars, inquire of Dr. E. W. STEVENS, corner Sands and Jay sts., Brooklyn.

CENTRAL PARK SIXTH-AV. LOTS FOR SALE—Two choice lots on the southeast corner of 5th-av. and 63d-st., and one adjoining on 63d-st.; six lots on 63d-st., between 4th and 5th avs. Apply to A. H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO., No. 5½ Pine-st.

AMITY-STREET, NEAR GREENE.—FOR sale, a substantial three-story brick house; lot 25x100 feet. Possession in May. Will be sold at a low price to a prompt buyer. VAN WINKLE & WINANS, No. 14 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—THE HOUSE AND LOT NO. 65 Madison-av., between 27th and 28th sts., with or without the furniture. Possession at any time. Price $25,000. Apply to BENEDICT & BOARDMAN, 128 Broadway.

WANTED TO PURCHASE OR RENT, with the privilege of purchasing a first-class house of modern construction, on Brooklyn Heights. Address Box No. 794 Post-office, N. Y.

FOR SALE—THE TWO HOUSES AND LOTS, Nos. 50 and 52 1st-st., between 8th and 9th sts., Williamsburgh, two minutes from ferry. Terms to suit purchaser. Apply to H. C. FULKERSON, 197 Beekman-st.

REAL ESTATE.

SMALL GOOD BRICK HOUSES FOR SALE,
in West 17th-st., from $4,000 to $6,000 each, all in perfect order, have gas fixtures and Croton water throughout, and separately connected with sewer in street.
Apply to
HOMER MORGAN,
No. 3 Pine-st.

FOR SALE.—THE FRAME HOUSE, FILLED IN with brick, No. 84 Cranberry-st., Brooklyn; 2-story and attic, high basement and under cellar, with gas, water, range, heater, all in good order; lot 37½ feet by 100; alleyway 12½ feet, and party wall; two-thirds can remain on mortgage. Inquire at No. 40 Spruce-st.

FOR SALE—A THREE-STORY BRICK HOUSE, high stoop, in excellent order, well located in West 20th-st., 21x98.9; good yard, counter cellar, water pipes and privies; present tenant will hire at $550. Price $9,000: two-thirds may remain on mortgage. Apply to T. J. McKEE, No. 67 Wall-st.

COUNTRY RESIDENCES.

FOR SALE,
AN ELEGANT COUNTRY SEAT,
formerly known as the home of A. J. Downing, deceased; within the past ten years has been greatly enlarged and improved; contains about six acres of land, in a high state of cultivation, filled with rare trees and shrubs of all descriptions; the dwelling, carriage-houses, grapery and green-house are of a fine order of architecture; will be sold for much less than cost; any gentleman desiring to purchase, will find this an opportunity which offers but once in a lifetime; possession given immediately. For terms, &c., apply to G. ALGER, on the premises, or by letter, to S. W. FULLERTON, Attorney at Law, Newburgh, Orange County, N. Y.

FOR SALE TO CLOSE AN ESTATE—A desirable and elegant country residence at Rye, Westchester County, N. Y., with 16 acres of land under a high state of cultivation, immediately contiguous to Long Island Sound. Large and modern built house, 44 feet square, with wing attached, 22 by 36 feet, containing 19 finished rooms; walls filled in with brick, and floors deafened; barns, stables, ice-house, boat-house, wood-house, hennery, &c., all in complete and perfect order; grounds tastefully laid out, with every variety of fruit and ornamental trees in abundance. Immediate possession, if desired. For particulars, with view of premises, inquire of PHILIP EMBURY, No. 41 West 37th-st.; Mrs. MEEKER, No. 168 West 47th-st.

FOR SALE—THE ELEGANT COUNTRY SEAT of the late Henry Whitney, at New-Haven, within the city limits. The above property consists of 62 acres of land, with elegant dwelling-house, built of brick, 52 feet square, two stories, attic and basement, in good order, together with all the necessary out-buildings, inclosed partly by a picket fence, forming a square, situate between Orange, Carmer and Edwards sts. and Whitney-av., ten minutes' walk from the New-Haven Green. Is offered for sale in one parcel, without restrictions. Mr. Charles Fagan, gardener, on the premises, will show the property to visitors. For further particulars apply personally, or by letter, to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine st., New-York, or J. MANSFIELD, Esq., New-Haven.

STAMFORD PROPERTY FOR SALE.—The double-stone house and 11 acres of ground, half a mile from the depot, on high ground, with a fine view of the Sound, &c. The house contains 19 rooms, marble mantels throughout, lighted with gas from the village, and in complete order; 2 large cisterns, 3 wells of good water, grounds tastefully laid out, and contain a great variety of fruit trees, gravevines, &c. Also, a house for gardener, workshop, barn, carriage house, cow stables, &c. Possession immediately. For particulars and views of the premises, inquire of C. W. SMITH, Nos. 109 and 111 Elizabeth-st., or to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A VERY DESIRAble country residence, situated in Springfield, N. J., one mile from the Millburn and Summit depots, on the Morris & Essex Road—a first-class frame house, 35x42 feet, two stories, attic and basement; contains eight sleeping apartments, double parlors, reception-room, dining-room, kitchen and dairy. In connection with the above, there is a large kitchen, garden, fruit-trees, out-houses, and eighty acres of good farming land, if desired. Apply to JENNINGS BROTHERS, No. 432 Pearl-st., New-York.

FOR SALE.—FIRST-CLASS COUNTRY RESIdence, with 35 acres beautifully located near Newark; horse-cars to the gate connecting hourly with New-York trains; noted for health and good neighborhood; every requisite for a gentleman's residence. Address CLINTON, Box 1,557 New-York Post-office.

FOR SALE—AT BRIDGEPORT, CONN., A HANDsome country residence, with eight acres of ground, one and a quarter miles from railroad depot; buildings nearly new and in good order. Apply on the premises to J. N. IRELAND, or HOMER MORGAN, 2 Pine-st., N. Y.

FOR SALE—AT ORANGE, N. J., A COTTAGE, containing 10 rooms, garden well laid out, variety of fruit; near horse and steam cars. Inquire of FORBES, No. 328 Broadway.

FARMS.

FARM FOR SALE

On Long Island, pleasantly situated, one-half mile from Great South Bay, and within two hours' ride from New-York. It contains 60 acres excellent land, and comfortable buildings, 40 of which are under cultivation; fruit of various kinds. It is very desirable for a country seat or gardening or farming purposes. Terms easy. For further particulars inquire at 205 Fulton-av., Brooklyn.

FOR SALE—TIMBER LOT OF 674 ACRES.—ONE of the most valuable timber lots in this State, within 3½ miles of canal and railroad, near the head of Seneca Lake; easy of access, and surrounded by highly improved farms, worth from $50 to $60 per acre. The land is heavily timbered, and is of better soil and surface than any other similar body in the State. The property has on it a steam saw mill and shingle machine in running order, four dwellings and two barns. Title perfect; price $50 per acre. Very favorable terms will be made with a party who desires to lumber it, or it will be exchanged in part for other first-class property near New-York, or for well located Western lands at cash prices. W. S. BARNES, No. 362 Broadway, third floor, rear.

A FINE FARM FOR SALE.—THE SUBscriber offers for sale his farm, situated in the village of Goshen, Orange County, N. Y., containing 130 acres of highly improved land, with convenient buildings, within five minutes' walk of the depot, on the New-York and Erie Railroad. The farm will be sold entire or in building sites of 15 to 20 acres, each commanding beautiful landscape views. For particulars apply to JOHN J. HEARD, proprietor, on the premises, or to D. H. HAIGHT, No. 57 Broadway, New-York.

FOR SALE—A FARM OF TWENTY ACRES, beautifully situated on the east bank of Passaic River, opposite the Village of Belleville, with good house, barn and other outbuildings; a variety of fruit trees, grapery, &c. Apply to J. D. ACKERMAN, No. 19 8th-av., N. Y., or of W. M. ACKERMAN, on the premises.

FOR SALE—TWO FARMS, CONTAINING IN ALL 90 acres, at Spring Valley, N. Y., one-half mile from railroad depot; a saw-mill, with water power, on the premises; the farms well stocked with good fruit; situation desirable and easy of access; will be sold separately or together. Apply to JOSEPH WHITE, on the premises, or to A. McFARLAND, No. 88 West 25th st., before 12 M.

FOR SALE—A CHOICE FARM IN THE TOWN of Madison, N. J., on the line of the Morris and Essex Railroad, ¾ of a mile from depot, 1¼ hours from New-York; 75 acres land, large brick house, good outbuildings, is well watered and eligibly situated. For full particulars apply to J. H. BUNTING, No. 183 Broadway, 3d floor.

FOR SALE—A COUNTRY RESIDENCE, ONE hour by rail from the City, in one of the pleasantest villages in the vicinity of New-York. Plenty of choice fruit, excellent water, carriage-house and other outbuildings, all in good order. Apply to E. LYON, No. 122 Nassau-st.

FOR SALE—A FARM ON LONG ISLAND, three miles north of Suffolk Station; new dwelling-house, first-class outbuildings, two fish-ponds, &c., and about 300 acres of land. For terms and particulars, apply to G. C. & E. J. GENET, No. 10 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—A FARM AND COUNTRY SEAT OF 80 acres, near the South Bay, in Islip, L. I., of fine quality for tilling, and highly attractive in position. Inquire of H. C. SMITH, at Lord & Taylor's, corner Broadway and Grand-st.

FOR SALE.—2,560 ACRES IOWA LANDS, OF the Dubuque and Pacific land grant, cheap for cash, or will be exchanged for other property. Inquire of W. L. BARNES, Agent, 362 Broadway.

TO LET.

TO LET.—THE LEASE GIVEN BY TAMMANY Society to the present occupant of the hotel portion of the building will terminate on the 1st day of May next.

Proposals will be received by the undersigned, for the hiring for one year of the bar and restaurant of the building known as Tammany Hall, situate on the corner of Nassau and Frankfort sts., together with such portions of the building as the Tammany Society may not wish to reserve for its own use.

For particulars apply, between the hours of 12 and 1 o'clock, to JAMES B. NICHOLSON,
No. 241½ South-st.

TO LET OR LEASE—THE SPACIOUS, WELL-ventilated and lighted rooms, now occupied by the Great Western Marine Insurance Company, No. 33 Pine-st. These rooms are warmed by Goulo's patent steam furnace and handsomely furnished with desks and counters, well adapted for banking or insurance, having two fire and burglar-proof brick and stone safes, built up from the ground in the most approved manner. Possession immediately. Apply at the office.

TO LET OR LEASE—A FINE COUNTRY place at Fordham, near the landing on Harlem River, consisting of a large mansion, carriage-house and stables, ice-house filled, gardener's house, hotbed-houses, with a variety of all kinds of fruit, and about 37 acres of land, accessible by the Harlem Railroad from Fordham depot, or Harlem River boats. Apply to
A. FINDLAY, No. 31 Pine-st.

TO GARDENERS.—TO LEASE IMMEDIATEly, for a term of years, a desirable property near the City, that has been established many years as a forced salad business and truck garden. The business vacated through the death of the proprietor. Apply to JONATHAN SAUL, 44th-st. 3-av., Brooklyn, or to WILLIAM ELLIOTT, seedsman, No. 27 John-st., New-York.

FURNISHED HOUSE FOR SALE ON MURRAY HILL—The first-class four-story brown-stone house, No. 42 West 38th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.; house 21 by 50 feet; lot 21 by 98 9, elegantly furnished; price, $28,000. Apply to Dr. S. T. HUBBARD, No. 47 9th-st.; possession May 1.

PROPERTY TO LEASE IN THE EIGHTH Ward for a term of years; lot 25x100 feet, with alleyway three feet wide; house on lot 22x25 feet; rear to be built upon, and house to be altered into a store. A first-rate location for shops. Apply to Mr. ROBERT, at Frank & Fisher's, No. 20 Warren-st.

TO LET—THE VALUABLE PROPERTY NO. 14 Broad-st., and Nos. 14 and 16 New-st. Can be leased for the term of 10 years from the first day of May next. For terms apply to SAMPSON & BALDWIN, No. 14 Broad-st.

TO LET.

TO LET IN RAVENSWOOD, L. I.—A house desirably located near Astoria, fine grounds, barn, &c. Rent low. For particulars apply at office of J. A. COWING, No. 11 Wall-st., or at factory of Long Island Oil Company, Hunter's Point.

TWO HOUSES TO LET IN 17TH-ST., near 3d-av., rents $450 and $500; and a four-story brown-stone English basement house for sale in the same street, adjacent to Stuyvesant-square. Price $14,000. Possession given May 1. Apply to B. H. TAYLOR, No. 8 Pine-st.

TO LET—A TWO-FRONTED STORE AND basement, No. 250 Canal-st., near Broadway, running through to Walker-st., about 140 feet; will be thoroughly fitted to suit the tenant. Inquire of GUSTAVUS BAYLIES, No. 240 Broadway.

TO LET OR LEASE—THE TWO LARGE stores Nos. 35 and 37 Broad-st., from the 1st of May next; could be converted into offices. Apply to A. FINDLAY, No. 31 Pine-st.

OFFICES TO LET IN BUILDINGS NO. 1 and No. 2 Hanover-st., opposite the Custom-house. Apply to BENJ. L. SWAN, Jr., No. 6 Hanover-st., Post's Buildings.

LOTS AND BUILDINGS TO LET IN BROOKLYN, convenient to the ferries, suitable for manufacturing purposes. Apply to C. KELSEY, office on Sedgwick-st., or at his residence No. 19 Strong-place.

FRONT-ST. STORE TO LET.—THE 4-STORY store No. 194 Front-st., between Burling-slip and Fulton-st. Apply to BURDETT, JONES & CO., No. 100 Wall-st.

TO LET.—A FURNISHED ROOM TO LET TO A gentleman, at No. 8 East 22d-st., near Broadway. References exchanged.

TO LET—THE FOUR-STORY STORES NOS. 3 and 5 Platt-st., near Pearl, 80 feet deep. Inquire of GEORGE BRUCE, No. 13 Chambers-st.

STEAM POWER AND LIGHT ROOMS, near Broadway. Inquire from 12 to 2, of Mr. JAY or Mr. GAUDU, No. 102 Walker-st.

TO LET—THIRD FLOOR OF NO. 22 BEEKMAN-st. Inquire, on 2d floor, of P. C. CORTELYOU.

STEAM POWER TO LET, WITH LARGE rooms. Inquire at No. 103 East 33d-st.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

LIMITED PARTNERSHIP.—NOTICE IS hereby given that a limited partnership has this day been formed by the undersigned, pursuant to the laws of the State of New-York; that the name or firm under which such partnership is to be conducted is BLOCK & MASSETT; that the general nature of the business intended to be transacted by such partnership is the buying and selling of stocks, bonds and other securities, as brokers, upon commission; that the names of all the general and special partners interested in such partnership are ELIAS M. BLOCK, THOMAS A. MASSETT and SAMUEL KAUFMAN; that the said ELIAS M. BLOCK is a general partner, and that his place of residence is in the City, County and State of New-York; that the said Thomas A. Massett is also a general partner, and that his place of residence is in the City, County and State of New-York; and that the said Samuel Kaufman is a special partner, and that his place of residence is in the City, County and State of New-York; and that the said special partner, Samuel Kaufman, has contributed in actual cash payment the sum of one hundred thousand dollars as capital to the common stock of said partnership; and that said partnership is to commence on the sixteenth day of January, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, and to terminate on the first day of May, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six.

Dated New-York, Jan. 16, 1864.
ELIAS M. BLOCK, THOS. A. MASSETT, } General Partners.
SAMUEL KAUFMAN, Special Partner.
Office No. 20 Exchange-place.

NOTICE.—ERNEST GIRAUD AND HENRY J. BARBEY have retired from the firm of A. ISELIN & CO. The Banking and Commission business will be conducted by ADRIAN ISELIN alone, under the same old name.
Dated New-York, December 31, 1863.
ADRIAN ISELIN,
ERNEST GIRAUD,
HENRY I. BARBEY.

NOTICE OF LIMITED PARTNERSHIP.

The undersigned have formed a Limited Partnership, according to the laws of the State of New-York, under the name, or firm, of "GIRAUD, BARBEY & CO." The general nature of the business to be transacted is the importing, buying and selling merchandise on commission. The names of the general partners interested therein are Ernest Giraud and Henry I. Barbey, residing in the City of New-York, and Auguste Richard, residing at Hoboken, in New-Jersey. The name of the special partner is Adrian Iselin, residing in the City of New-York, who has contributed the sum of Two Hundred Thousand Dollars to the common stock. The said partnership is to commence on the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, and terminate on the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven.

Dated New-York, December 31, 1863.
ADRIAN ISELIN,
ERNEST GIRAUD,
HENRY I. BARBEY,
AUGUSTE RICHARD.

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing under the firm of STANTON & CUNNINGHAM, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.
New-York, Feb. 1, 1864. ALEX. M. STANTON, JAS. W. CUNNINGHAM.

COPARTNERSHIP.—The undersigned have this day formed a copartnership, under the firm of CUNNINGHAM & CAMMANN, for the transaction of a Stock Commission Business, at No. 43 Exchange-place.
New-York, Feb. 1, 1864. JAS. W. CUNNINGHAM. GEO. P. CAMMANN.

DISSOLUTION.—THE COPARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between Robert L. Smith and George W. White, under the name and firm of R. L. SMITH & CO., is this day dissolved by limitation. All the liabilities of the late firm are hereby assumed by Robert L. Smith, who will continue the business at the old stand, Nos. 138 and 140 Fulton-st., and will sign the name of the firm in liquidation. ROBT. L. SMITH.
New-York, Feb. 1, 1864. GEO. W. WHITE.

LIMITED PARTNERSHIP.

The undersigned have THIS DAY formed a limited partnership pursuant to the provisions of title 1, chap 4, part 2, of the Revised Statutes of the State of New-York, and of the acts of the Legislature of the said State amendatory thereof.

That the name or firm under which such partnership is to be conducted is SHETHAR & FLAGLER.

That the general nature of the business intended to be transacted is the buying and selling of hardware at wholesale.

That the names of all the general and special partners interested therein and their respective places of residence are as follows: H. HOBART SHETHAR, of the City of New-York, and ALBERT FLAGLER, of the City of Brooklyn, are the general partners, and JOHN T. WARING, of Yonkers, Westchester County, is the special partner.

That the amount of capital which said special partner has contributed to the common stock of the said partnership is Twenty Thousand Dollars.

And that the said partnership is to commence on the first day of January, 1864, and is to terminate on the thirty-first day of December, 1868.

Dated New-York, Jan. 1, 1864.
H. HOBART SHETHAR, ALBERT FLAGLER, } General Partners.
JOHN T. WARING, Special Partner.

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing under the name and firm of PATTEE, YALE & MACFARLANE, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Either partner will sign the firm name in liquidation.
JAMES PATTEE,
PERRINE YALE,
JOHN M. MACFARLANE.
New-York, Feb. 1, 1864.

COPARTNERSHIP.—The undersigned have this day entered into copartnership, under the name and style of HUBBELL, YALE & MACFARLANE, as successors of the late firm of Pattee, Yale & Macfarlane.
GAYLORD B. HUBBELL,
PERRINE YALE,
JOHN M. MACFARLANE.
New-York, Feb. 1, 1864.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE THIS DAY formed a copartnership for the purpose of carrying on the stock commission business, under the firm name of C. D. TOWS & CO. C. D. TOWS.
New-York, Feb. 1, 1864. R. P. H. DURKEE.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE THIS DAY formed a copartnership under the firm of LIPPMANN & NEUBERGER, for the transaction of a general dry goods importing business, particularly woolens, at No. 19 Park-place and No. 16 Murray-st.
ALBERT LIPPMANN.
New-York, Jan. 2, 1864. J. NEUBERGER.

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing under the style of H. GRIFFIN & SON is hereafter to be known as H. GRIFFIN & SONS.
HERMON GRIFFIN,
EDWARD P. GRIFFIN,
New-York, Feb. 1, 1864. CHAS. F. GRIFFIN.

New-York, Feb. 1, 1864.

JOHN A. ISELIN HAS THIS DAY ADMITTED as partners GEORGE A. SOPER and SAMUEL F. LOCKWOOD, and will continue business under the firm of JOHN A. ISELIN & CO., at No. 32 Wall-st.

New-York, Feb. 1, 1864.

EDWARD B. KETCHUM, LYNDON M. SWAN and LANDON KETCHUM are this day admitted as copartners in our firm.
KETCHUM, SON & CO.

No. 54 Wall-st., New-York, Jan. 1, 1864.

JOHN CAMPBELL IS THIS DAY ADMITTED a member of our firm.
FEARING & DALTON.

MR. IRVING GRINNELL RETIRES from our firm this day.
GRINNELL, MINTURN & CO.
December 31, 1863.

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF ROSWELL C. BRAINARD, Esq., Surrogate of the County of Kings, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against JOHN E. HANFORD, late of the City of Brooklyn, deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers at the office of the executors, No. 140 Maiden-lane, in the City of New-York, on or before the sixth day of May next. Dated Oct. 29, 1863.
DANIEL F. WRIGHT, FERRIS TRIPP, } Executors.
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IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF ROSWELL C. BRAINARD, Esq., Surrogate of the County of Kings, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against John V. Cole, late of the City of Brooklyn, deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, the Executors, at the store of L. Richardson, No. 106 Fulton-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the first day of June next. Dated Nov. 24, 1863.
JOHN B. COLE, LEONARD RICHARDSON, } Executors.
n25-law6m

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 5, 1864.

Amusements this Evening.

WINTER GARDEN—THE TICKET-OF-LEAVE MAN.

OLYMPIC THEATRE—A BULL IN A CHINA SHOP; MAZEPPA; OR, THE FIERY UNTAMED STEED.

NIBLO'S GARDEN—CONNIE SOOGAH; OR, THE JOLLY PEDDLER.

BARNUM'S MUSEUM—GREAT ARABIAN GIANT—FRENCH GIANT—GIANT GIRL, GIANT BOY, TWO DWARFS, MOVING WAX FIGURES, &c., at all hours—CAMILLA'S HUSBAND—THE TYROLEAN WHISTLER—at 3 and 7½ P. M.

BROADWAY AMPHITHEATRE—(No. 485 Broadway)—EQUESTRIAN PERFORMANCES.

VAN AMBURGH & CO.'S MENAGERIE—(Nos. 539 and 541 Broadway)—MORAL EXHIBITION AND EGYPTIAN CARAVAN.

HOPE CHAPEL—STEREOSCOPTICON.

HOWE'S GREAT CIRCUS—(Nos. 199 and 201 Bowery.)

PERHAM'S—(No. 585 Broadway)—STEREOSCOPTICON AND THE MIRROR OF THE REBELLION.

CHURCH OF THE MESSIAH (opposite New-York Hotel)—GRAND CONCERT.

BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC—TANNHÆUSER.

NIBLO'S SALOON—MARITANA.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—I DUE FOSCARI.

WALLACK'S—ROSEDALE—CLANDESTINE MARRIAGE.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

THE REBELLION.

The Navy Department has received intelligence of a further destruction of rebel saltworks in Florida. At a point ten miles above St. Andrew's, ninety additional works were destroyed by our troops, and the rebels of their own accord destroyed two hundred more.

A telegram from Halifax, N. S., announces the arrival there of the notorious Marshal KANE, of Baltimore, and a number of rebel officers who had escaped from Johnson's Island. The *Chesapeake* case had again come up before the Admiralty Court, but nothing definite was done, and the court adjourned to this morning, when it is expected that the vessel will be given up to her owners.

A dispatch from the Army of the Potomac states that the reports of the large arrivals of rebel deserters in that army have been considerably exaggerated. The arrivals in our lines now are about a dozen per day. At this rate it will take about ten years for LEE's whole army to come in.

The blockade-runners seem to fare badly at all points on the coast. On the 18th of January the gunboat *Stars and Stripes* captured the steamer *Laura*, in St. Mark's Bay, Fla., laden with merchandise and cigars. On the 14th ult., the supply steamer *Union* captured the steamer *Mayflower*, south of Tampa Bay, laden with cotton.

FROM EUROPE.

The arrival of the *Jura* at Portland last evening puts us in possession of one day's later advices from Europe than those received on Wednesday by the *America*. The Dano-German disturbance had assumed a less warlike phase. Denmark, it was rumored, had consented to the temporary suspension of the November Constitution, and thus the dispute was again brought within the pale of negotiation. Meanwhile the Austro-Prussian troops were getting ready to occupy Schleswig. The other news by this arrival is not of great general interest. A report had reached England of the pirate *Alabama* being at Singapore on the 22d of December. The plan of disposing of the steamship *Great Eastern* by lottery had fallen through, and Capt. PATON, her former Commander, had caused the vessel's arrest on a claim for £2,000.

CONGRESS.

In the Senate yesterday a number of unimportant bills were introduced, when the bill for equalizing the pay of troops was taken up and discussed; but without reaching any conclusion, the Senate proceeded to the consideration of the Revenue Bill. After rejecting several amendments to reduce the tax on spirits, the bill was passed as it came from the Finance Committee. The clause taxing spirits on hand is stricken out. The Senate then adjourned until Monday next.

In the House yesterday, the Committee of Ways and Means reported the Fortification Bill, making appropriations for the construction, preservation and repair of certain fortifications. The Committee on Pensions was instructed to report upon the expediency of giving bounty lands to soldiers in the present war who may be or have been honorably discharged in this war. A motion of Mr. A. W. CLARK, of this State, to print ten thousand additional copies of the diplomatic correspondence, caused a spicy discussion, in consequence of an attempt on the part of the opposition to hitch on an amendment to print a further number of Gen. McCLELLAN's report. The resolution, as introduced, passed by yeas 118, nays 17. The House then took up the resolution explanatory of the Confiscation Act, and after brief discussion, the majority desired to press it to a vote, but the opposition at once resorted to filibustering motions, and so occupied the House until time for the adjournment.

STATE LEGISLATURE.

In the Senate yestesday the only important business transacted was the passage of a bill authorizing the additional expenditure of $4,000,000 for raising volunteers, and legalizing the Bounty and Riot Ordinances of the Board of Supervisors of New-York.

In the Assembly, a bill was reported providing for the payment of a State bounty to volunteers. The annual report of the State Engineer and Surveyor on the Canals was presented.

GENERAL NEWS.

Gov. SEYMOUR has written a letter to T. ROOSEVELT, Esq., of the Union League of this City, with reference to the reception of returning regiments of veteran volunteers, in which he says that the proposition has his cordial sympathies, and he trusts that all the civil authorities and military officers of the State will heartily coöperate with the club in the object.

Considerable interest has been elicited within the last few days by the fact that a family, consisting of five persons, residing at No. 45 Elizabeth-street, have been accidentally poisoned by eating ham in a raw state. A daughter, aged two years, has died from the effects, and the father, mother and one other member of the family are now seriously ill. An inquest was held yesterday on the body of deceased, when much medical testimony was given. The conclusion was that the girl came to her death from eating ham, which was filled with insects so minute that they could not be discovered with the naked eye. The ham eaten looked fine, and it was only when a microscope was used that the animalculæ could be seen.

The case of Ex-Senator JONES against Secretary SEWARD, for false imprisonment, was yesterday argued before the General Term of the Supreme Court, on appeal from the order of Justice CLERKE denying the motion to remove the case to the United States Courts. Decision was reserved.

For want of a quorum the Board of Councilmen transacted no business yesterday, except to adjourn to 1 o'clock P. M. on next Monday.

A private letter from Beaufort, N. C., of Jan. 26, says that deserters, recently from Wilmington, give the particulars of several rebel vessels designed for the defence of that place. The rebel ship *Arctic*, a receiving-ship, having a crew of 250 men, commanded by Capt. POINDEXTER; the iron-clad ram *North Carolina*, Capt. MOORE, with a battery of four guns, two 15-inch rifled, and two 9-inch smooth-bore; the iron-clad ram *Raleigh*, Capt. WHITEHEAD, with a battery of four guns, two 15-inch rifled, and two 9-inch shell guns—each iron-clad having a crew of 145 men. There are also two tugs of 20 tons each, having on board a 6-pounder howitzer, and torpedoes in front; three launches, with 6-pounder howitzers for harbor defence, and the flagship *Gadkin*, with a 12-pounder. The river is obstructed by piling and heavy timbers five miles below the city. There are 5,000 troops in the fortifications about the city.

The quota of Connecticut under the call of the President for 300,000 volunteers, dated Oct. 17, 1863, was fixed at 5,432, which is increased by the call of Feb. 1, 3,621, making a total of 9,053. At the present time 4,477 have enlisted within the State, and about 2,850 veterans have reënlisted in the field, leaving about 1,726 men to be raised to complete the full quota under the consolidated call for 500,000 men.

The original draft of the first Emancipation Proclamation of President LINCOLN, dated Sept. 22, 1862, has been presented to the Army Relief Bazaar of Albany. It is in the proper handwriting of Mr. LINCOLN, excepting two interlineations in pencil made by WILLIAM H. SEWARD, Secretary of State, and the formal heading and ending of the document, which are in the handwriting of the Chief Clerk in the office of the Secretary of State. It is written on one side of four half sheets of foolscap paper.

The Philadelphia papers publish a long series of documents in defence of Gen. McCALL and the Pennsylvania Reserves, whose conduct in some of the engagements on the Peninsula was impugned in Gen. McCLELLAN's report.

Bishop DUGGAN, of Chicago, has followed the example of Bishop WOOD, of Philadelphia, in denouncing the Fenian Brotherhood, and directing true Catholics to have nothing to do with the organization.

Mr. DONALD MCKAY, the eminent shipbuilder, in a recent letter, institutes a comparison between the American and British navies, which is highly flattering to us. He states that the British class of steam frigates like the *Minnesota* have not greater armament, but superior power. That the Mersey frigate is 4,000 horse-power, has a boiler-room sixty-eight feet long, with thirty-two furnaces, and has made 13:29 miles an hour in Stokes' Bay. Our side-wheel steamers are much superior in point of speed to the British, as are our screw gunboats. A table is furnished, showing that the British vessels of the latter class have on trial trips made from 10 to 11:4 miles an hour, while ours have made from 12 to 12:25 an hour at sea.

Before leaving St. Louis for his new command, on Jan. 31, Gen. J. M. SCHOFIELD had the pleasure of meeting, at the residence of his brother in that city, a number of his near relatives. There were present the General's father, Rev. JOSEPH SCHOFIELD, Hospital Chaplain at Jefferson City, Missouri; three brothers of the General—Rev. J. V. SCHOFIELD, Pastor of the Third Baptist Church in St. Louis; Capt. G. W. SCHOFIELD, of the General's staff; and ELISHA SCHOFIELD; also, a sister, Miss EMMA SCHOFIELD, of Freeport, Illinois, and the wife and children of Gen. SCHOFIELD. The meeting was rendered peculiarly happy from the fact that these relatives had not met for a period of fourteen years. Mrs. C. WISE, eldest sister of the General, who resides in Freeport, Illinois, was unable to be present, as well as two younger brothers who reside in Iowa. Gen. SCHOFIELD's mother died in 1852.

A dispatch to the Cincinnati *Commercial* states that 8,000 deserters have been received within the lines of the Army of the Cumberland since Gen. THOMAS took command, and the writer of a letter from Knoxville to the same paper says that he has already administered the oath to 1,239.

Flour and Wheat were in less demand yesterday, and closed heavily. A brisk speculative inquiry prevailed for Corn, which was dearer. Provisions, Whisky, Laths, Leather and Seeds were in more request. Hay, Hides, Fruit, Fish, Oils, Spices and Wool were lightly dealt in. Groceries, Tallow and Petroleum were less active. Cotton was in fair demand at buoyant rates. The freight market was dull and heavy.

The price of Gold was a fraction easier yesterday. Money in good supply at 7 ℔ cent. Government Stocks firm and the Railway speculation very buoyant at the close of the day.

The Enrollment Law—The Folly of the Lower House.

The action of the House of Representatives in altering the Senate Enrollment Bill by reducing the commutation from four hundred to three hundred dollars, and by making that commutation exempt for three years instead of for the particular draft, is most extraordinary. Of what stuff are these men made that they are so insensible both to the necessities of the country and the lessons o experience?

President LINCOLN has just made a call for half a million men. He has been compelled to do it in order to meet the losses by the wear and tear of war, and for the expiration of terms of service, and in order also to counterbalance the heavy augmentation of the rebel armies by the last sweeping conscription of their Congress. There stands the necessity—as patent to every intelligent man as the sun above him. It is certain that our armies, already greatly weakened, will quickly experience a new reduction of strength, which will leave them almost disorganized. It is certain that the rebel Government is increasing its armies to the utmost extent possible, with the purpose of making a last desperate effort to recover its lost ground. It is certain that unless we take effectual means to raise great numbers promptly, the rebels will soon have a most formidable and dangerous advantage. Yet, in the very face of all this, the House insists upon means which have already been proved, by the practical test, utterly ineffectual to raise great numbers, or, indeed, any numbers promptly.

Vermont, Indiana, and perhaps Illinois, are the only States which have yet filled their quotas under the President's call for three hundred thousand nearly four months ago. Some of the States, indeed, have scarcely made more than a beginning in this work—the men they have raised hardly more than meeting the deficiencies in the two calls of 1862. Under the present system it will take them six months to make good the call of last October, and until next year at least to respond fully to the requisition just made, even if it could ever be done, which is very doubtful.

The causes of this great shortcoming are obvious enough. *Volunteering*, which was originally the sole source of supply, has lost nearly all the spirit which once gave it impulse. Unavoidably so. The duration of the war has taken away the novelty. The destructiveness of the war has taken away the fascination. The stimulus of the war upon industry has taken away the temptation of large bounties. The belief in the speedy end of the war has taken away the sense of necessity. Through the operation of these various influences recruiting is attended with ten times the difficulty now than it was two years ago. There is no such thing as removing them. They are inherent in the very laws of human nature. Public legislation cannot ignore them, or evade them. It has got to meet them, and overcome them, or else see our armies dwindle.

Plainly there are but two expedients against these influences. The first is a bounty system that shall irresistibly challenge men's cupidity. The second is the substitution for volunteering of outright and absolute compulsion.

As for the first of these resorts, we will not say that it is impracticable, but we will say that it will require a thousand times bolder set of men than sit in that House to attempt to carry it out on the scale that alone can be effective. Our Legislature, County Boards and City Governments, as appears from our war records, paid during 1863 *four* times larger sums for bounties than they did in either of the two years previous, and yet the number raised was not half so many as in either. The State of New-York is now considerably short of meeting the call of last October, purely and simply because a sufficiency of men will not respond to the very large bounties offered, even though these bounties are supplemented by a three and four hundred dollar bounty by the Federal Government, which had no existence in the early part of the war. Yet nobody will deny that New-York, at the very least, has done as well as the majority of the loyal States. It is possible that if the bounties are raised to three or four times their present amount, men will pour into our quota in time to fill it so that it shall meet the new requisition of the President—and so of the other States. But in no public treasury, either National or State, is this money to be found. And no public body, either National or State, will venture to levy the crushing taxes that alone can raise it.

The alternative of a compulsory draft is the only available resort; but to be available, it must be applied in a new manner. Hitherto the compulsory process of the Enrollment Law has been almost a dead failure. The whole number of *drafted men and substitutes* ever obtained in this State under that process has been but a trifle over *nine thousand;* and we have quite come up to the average of all the loyal States in that regard. The so-called compulsion has been scarcely better than a mockery, because eight or nine men out of ten, everywhere, escaped from it by paying their commutation of three hundred dollars, which relieved them not only from present compulsion, but from all personal liability whatever for three years. The Senate did something to remedy the evil, by raising the price of commutation, and by making it answer only to a single draft, thus diminishing the motive to pay it. The House repels these remedies, and insists upon the present inefficiency of the law.

What does this mean? Does that body deliberately design to frustrate the call of the President for more men? Does it intend to pit our armies with inferior numbers against the enemy? Is it moved by pity to give the rebels a new chance in their extremity? Has it come to the conclusion that the war has lasted long enough? or to the other conclusion that it had better last a great while longer? Is it afraid of taking the responsibility of making the Enrollment Law stronger? Does it expect that it will best avoid all risk of offending the people by taking things easy and doing nothing? We confess our utter inability to find any satisfactory explanation of the conduct of the House on this subject. We find it equally hard to suspect that body of disloyalty, of ignorance, or of cowardice; and yet if the course is not in one of these, where is it?

The Way of Peace.

Solomon said long ago that though one should bray a fool in a mortar among wheat with a pestle, his foolishness would not depart from him, and his words are just as true now as when they were uttered. The race of fools has not died out either, and, from present appearances, is not likely to. They have existed in good numbers throughout rebeldom from the first, but the pressure and tribulation of the mortar and pestle of civil war has divided them into two classes: the men who have learned from this bitter hard experience, and the men whose foolishness does not in the least depart from them. This latter class is largely composed of those men wise in their own conceit, whose case seemed to Solomon even more hopeless than that of the fool. These men are ever blinded to the actual state of affairs; ever looking for help in some quarter whence experience should have shown them there was no hope of help; ever expecting results which are entirely out of comparison with the means employed; ever expecting sunbeams from cucumbers.

As a distinguished specimen of this class we can point to the editor of the Atlanta *Confederacy*, who, though as he acknowledged he had had grave misgivings, is now in "sanguine spirits." His expectations are that the rebels will "defeat the next forward movement, preserve Georgia from invasion, and save the Confederacy."

And what is to be the result of this success of theirs? He states it very briefly: "The coming elections will go against LINCOLN—another party introduced to power, and then comes negotiation, and with negotiation comes peace."

Will this folly never be beaten out of these men? Will they never learn that it is no question of party in this matter; that no party could get into power which proposed to negotiate with the rebels, and that any tendency toward such negotiation would send the most popular man and the strongest party into oblivion irresistibly? Congress resolved, by a vote of 112 to 16, not a month ago, "that it is the political, civil, moral and sacred duty of the people to meet the rebellion, fight it and forever destroy it." And that resolve was made by men who knew themselves and knew the people, and whose purposes are too well defined, and whose determinations are too firmly set to be changed lightly. It would have to be the greatest political change that this country has ever seen which should send that majority out of power by the next elections, and commit the reins of Government to the hands of men who adopt the views of that beggarly minority of twelve.

There is no way of peace in this direction. A defeat of our army in Georgia would not bring another party into power. Or if it should put other men in power, they would be of necessity men as firmly opposed to treating this rebellion in any other way than "to meet it, fight it, and forever destroy it," as are our present leaders.

The true way of peace is to be found where such men as Gen. GANTT are seeking it, in submission to the authority which they have defied, in acceptance of the principles of freedom, and in a hearty endeavor to reconstruct upon them the edifice which Slavery and rebellion have combined to overthrow—and the sooner the men of the South learn this, the sooner will they be relieved from the tribulation of war and famine. But if they will still hold fast to their folly, they must be crushed in the mortar of the rebellion.

The Last Move of Austria and Prussia.

The German question has lately taken a new and interesting phase. The leading Powers of Germany—Austria and Prussia—finding that the popular current is sweeping beyond them, have determined to lead it. They have parted from the Confederacy and the Diet, have called summarily upon Denmark to revoke the Constitution she has enforced over Schleswig, have waited two days for her ultimatum, and then begun the forwarding of troops from a point as distant as Vienna to Holstein and Schleswig. The forces of the secondary German Powers in the Duchies have already yielded the right of way to the powerful columns approaching, and by this time Austrian and Prussian regiments have, doubtless, passed the Eider, and the first blood has been spilt.

This sudden and vigorous move of the two monarchies—in striking contrast to their ordinary proceedings, whether in diplomacy or war—has come upon the popular party in Germany like a thunderbolt. The crusade which was about to put them and the minor States at the head of the great Confederacy, is suddenly left in the hands of the very Powers who have the least interest in it, and will be the most likely to bring it to an impotent conclusion. The House of Deputies in Berlin have felt this so keenly as to pass very strong resolutions against the action of the Prussian Government, condemning its separation from the Confederacy, and lamenting bitterly the present position of their country in the great question. The House of Lords, on the other hand, has, we believe, passed a resolution of confidence in the Government. The Prussian Deputies take the ground that the question is now transferred from its place as a purely German interest to a European question, and that intervention is now invited. Before, the German Confederacy, which had never been a party to the treaty of 1852, merely claimed that it was exercising a right of the Confederacy over one of its own provinces, and that no foreign power had any more concern in the struggle than, for instance, European States have in our own civil war. Now, however, two of the co-signers of the Treaty of London claim that Denmark has broken the conditions made to them individually, on the faith of which they resigned Schleswig to the Danish rule, and they now unite to punish her, and enforce German rights.

The other signers of the treaty are, of course, now called upon to declare their position, and, in some shape, they must "intervene." It is not improbable that Austria and Prussia, having satisfied the popular clamor and retained the leadership of Germany, may, after some little appearance of hostilities in Schleswig, be quite willing to accept friendly intervention. England is reported to have already called upon Denmark to revoke the obnoxious Constitution, which she has firmly refused to do. If this rumor be well-founded, England will evidently not enter into war with Austria and Prussia, when she thus tacitly admits that the opposite party has not fulfilled her pledges.

The tone of the British official press is also decidedly more peaceful, so that, from all present appearances, we may fairly conclude that the two German Powers and Denmark will be left to fight out their battles alone in the Duchies.

Undoubtedly, if the existence of the Danish Kingdom should seem threatened, both France and Great Britain might interfere even forcibly, but until that event, we incline to doubt any general European war. Germany, as usual, in any great crisis, falls by the hands of her friends. Divided on this question, she can have but little influence either on Denmark or on Europe. Again does the unity, so long hoped for, for which the best thinkers and truest friends of liberty in Germany have so patiently labored, fall to pieces by the hands of the Kings, and the struggle begun for a popular union is, perhaps, ended in a civil war.

THE RETURN TIDE OF RE-ENLISTING VETERANS.—Our local columns this morning show that the refluent tide of our reënlisting veterans has already set in—several New-York regiments being now on their way back to the Army of the Potomac. These regiments have been home, enjoyed their thirty-five days' furlough among their friends, received the handsome bounties offered by the National, State and local authorities, and now return to take their places in the organizations to which they belong. By a judicious *timing* of the furloughs, it is so arranged that others arrive as these go back, and thus the important work of reorganization goes on without the army's being seriously depleted at any one time—a process analogous to the beautiful economy of nature, by which the human body successively undergoes waste and repair.

The number of veteran soldiers available for reënlistment is not as large as has been supposed—not exceeding, we believe, twenty thousand men, the others having still a considerable time to serve. The total number of reënlisting veterans will go to swell the deductions to be made from the 500,000 men called for by the President.

RESISTANCE TO THE LAW IN PENNSYLVANIA.—The report, which we publish in another column, of the trial of certain persons for conspiring to prevent the enforcement of the act of Congress in regard to a draft, contains matters of general interest. It was stated by sworn witnesses that a regular organization existed for the purpose of aiding the rebellion by secret movements in the North. It is said to have been called the "Golden Circle," and the names of sundry persons are mentioned as having belonged to it. We do not regard the testimony on this point as reliable, and, so far as names are concerned, we deem it wholly unworthy of credit. The general facts stated probably have at least a foundation in truth, and they present a condition of affairs which is certainly entitled to attention.

THE REVOLUTION IN FINANCES—ITS SUCCESS AND MEANING.

The Revolution in the Currency—The Public Debt—The Basis of Credit—The Increase of Property—The Diminution of Debts—The Increased Demand for Currency and Public Bonds.

THE BEECHES, Wednesday, Jan. 27, 1864.

I doubt whether Mr. Secretary CHASE would have taken the seals of office if he had been told that he must raise *fifteen hundred millions*, in two years, for the public service. What man bred, as he was, in the old ideas of finance, would not have been startled out of his proprieties by such an astounding proposition? Yet, he has done it, and can raise fifteen hundred millions more, just as easily. Not only that, but the country has three-fold the amount of paper currency it ever had before, and all kinds of business is transacted much easier than it was ever before, and at much less cost. Now these are startling facts in finance; but they are facts—and they demand an explanation, which the old theories of finance will not give. I hear it said, "Yes, everybody has got plenty of money, and things look prosperous; but, it is all fictitious; there will be a great crash by-and-by." Now, the basis of this financial condition is *not* fictitious, and whether there is a crash, or not, or the resumption of gold payments, will depend altogether upon how it is managed. If these persons would use their observation and reason, they would see that there is no analogy whatever between the increase of paper money now, and that inflation of bank paper and commercial debts, which caused the commercial revolution of 1819–20, of 1836–7, and of 1857–8. They were all caused by an immense increase of commercial debts and of irresponsible bank paper. *The precise contrary is the case now.* 1. The increase of paper is Government paper, which the people trust instead of bank paper, which they do not trust. The New-York *Economist*, a few days since, gave an illustration which is true, and just to the point. A merchant buying wool in Northern Ohio offered New-York bank notes, and the farmer refused and said he would take only greenbacks; another and another he tried with the same result, and *he was compelled to go to Cleveland and pay one-half per cent. premium for greenbacks before he could get his wool.* Such is the popular faith in Government money. 2. Again, this money is of uniform value throughout the country, and, therefore, saves the exchange. BENTON's great object in trying to introduce gold was to do this very thing. But he was so ignorant of the whole subject that he never thought that *chips* were as good as gold if *you can pay your debts with them.* I have formerly given you the case of Dr. BOOTH, traveling from Tripoli to Timbuctoo, as a perfect illustration of this subject. At a certain point he was obliged to exchange hard silver dollars for strings of shells; but those shells paid for what he wanted, though not quite so convenient. In this case, we have gained in convenience; for we never had a currency near as convenient as Government notes. 3. These Government notes are a *legal tender*, and consequently do pay your debts, precisely as if they were gold. Here, then, we have *three qualities* which no bank note ever issued had, viz.: universal faith, uniformity of value and a legal tender. We see, then, that what is called the inflation of paper money has no analogy whatever to those inflations of bank paper or commercial credits which caused commercial convulsions in former periods. Again, there is another feature of the case totally different from anything we have heretofore seen. It is the *constant diminution of debts.* In all the commercial convulsions of this country, the rapid increase of commercial and private debts has been the main difficulty. I assert now, without any fear of contradiction from intelligent bankers, that since the war began, private and commercial debts have greatly diminished. Formerly, immense disasters came from the increase of debts in the South and West. The war cut off the entire debt of the South. The madmen there thought that would be a great blow at the North. Undoubtedly, it injured many merchants and straightened their means, but I am willing to appeal to them, whether their business is not on a much better and firmer foundation? In the Valley of the Ohio, I affirm that the whole mass of debt is diminished *by full one-third.* There never was a time when the people were so much out of debt; and remember that this is in the midst of what is called an inflated currency. Now, what is the *cause* of this increased confidence in the national currency? Why is it that in all the gold speculations (and they are almost wholly speculations) nobody wants confidence in the national currency? Nobody thinks it too large. Business does not show it to be too large. The thing is very simple. The sole value of any *representative* article, in cash, is *what lies behind it.* When the Ohio Life and Trust Company failed, in Cincinnati, men who had deposits there, rushed in to get their money, and there was no money of any sort. But the cashier said, "Here is a mortgage on land," and Mr. SMITH took that, and counted it no loss. Why? Because he knew that a mortgage on a fat farm, at half its value, was just as good as money. Behind the Government currency—behind the Bonds—*lies the vast property of this nation.* Is it the property which existed ten years ago only? Not at all. It is double that to-day. Is it the property of to-day only? No, it is the property of the next hundred years, *when that property will be ten-fold, and this nation counting hundreds of millions.* Why, Sir, the industry of this people has accumulated double the cost of the war during the war. The people know this. They know that the credit of this nation rests in *their own right arm*; and they trust the grace of God to give them power for their use and profit. Such facts as that have relutionized financial as well as political ideas; and this nation has learned more of financial science and just political economy than all Europe knew. The true statesmen of Europe begin to acknowledge this. We have made a great convert in the South—Mr. DE BOW (of *De Bow's Review*,) one of the honestest and ablest of Southern champions. Oh! it was a great day, Sir, when this nation rose from the moral sting of slavery, to recognize that there is nothing really great but Truth and Justice. Sir, there are hopes for us; hopes that, in spite of our vanity and our immoralities, we shall yet realize all that patriots and Christians have longed for!

In regard to the volume of currency which a community or country requires, no rule exists, or ever can exist, for it depends on the number of people, the amount of commodities, the frequency of sales, the amount of debts and the degree of enterprise, each of these elements beng measurable by no known standard. But one thing is certain, that with *six hundred millions of currency*, (which we really have in one form or another,) we do not find any excess of money compared with the demand. And if you analyze it, why should we? The metallic currency has gone out of use; the numbers of the people have increased, and, above all, cash payments, and the reduction of debts, have caused a much greater demand for money. Hence, our present currency is really no more than is needed. But, some will say, the currency is depreciated. To a small extent it is. But to nothing like that which many persons assert. Do you know, Sir, anything nearer a standard of value than a bushel of wheat? Is wheat any more in price now in the City of New-York than it has been repeatedly when paid for in gold? You point me to many articles which are higher. True. But every one has other reasons than the currency for being high. But the paper currency *is* depreciated to some extent—not half the premium on gold. The demands for foreign exchange and the payments of the tariff must necessarily create some difference. But the fact is palpable that the national currency is successful beyond any expectations of financiers either in Europe or America.

I will close with two observations on the investment in bonds: *First*—Those who buy Government Bonds, in any country, really buy annuities—that is, they buy an income. If then, the annuity, the income, is paid in gold, *it is practically the same as if the bond itself was paid in gold. Secondly*—In a country where capital was so largely invested in lands and fixed improvements, and yet is so advanced in commercial civilization as ours, there must come a time (and it has now come) when a much *larger proportion of personal transferable property* is desirable and necessary. Hence the great and rapid investment in railroad stocks, and hence the rapid absorption of Government Bonds. Of course this absorption is not unlimited; but it will, beyond doubt, continue long enough for this war. We shall become as much superior to Europe, in the art of finance, as we are in the science of politics.

A VETERAN OBSERVER.

Fine Arts.

The artists of the Studio Building gave another of their pleasant receptions at the Tenth-street establishment last night. The attendance was, as usual, exceedingly full and brilliantly fashionable—the principal saloon, the various studios, and even the passages, being tenanted with well-dressed patrons of art. Considering the rapid recurrence of these affairs, here and in Brooklyn, there was a creditable display of new pictures. In creating the necessity for novelties these social events serve a good purpose. They incite the artists to a degree of industry that they might not otherwise feel. Mr. BIERSTADT's studio attracted much attention. It is, in fact, a museum of Indian curiosities, and is always one of the attractions of the Studio Building. It was peculiarly interesting on the present occasion, inasmuch as it exhibited some of the artist's recent sketches in California. There is a mine of new impressions in these valuable transcripts of nature. In the large saloon, Mr. BIERSTADT exhibited a remarkably fine landscape, with great tumultuous mountains, and wild flashes of aerial light, and distant visions of feathery waterfalls and steaming masses of clouds hurtling through it. This and other works of Mr. BIERSTADT will add to the attractiveness of the Spring exhibition. Mr. GIGNOUX has a large work in hand, suggested by his Summer's tour in the White Mountains. It is taken from the commencement of the descent of the Tip-top House, and is as bold in the foreground as it is comprehensive in perspective. The subject, at present, is only mapped out, but the practiced eye can already detect in it the indications of a vigorous production. Among the other artists who exhibited pictures, and attracted attention, were Mr. Church, Mr. Whittredge, Mr. McEntee, Mr. Dana, Mr. Haseltine, Mr. Beard, Mr. Henry, (a little railway subject, hard in colors, but truthful and spirited,) Mr. de Haas, (an admirable marine piece,) Mr. Casilear, Mr. Gifford, Mr. Hart, Mr. Homer Martin, and others of the well-known *personnel* of the Tenth-street hive.

Amusements.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—The experiment of a fourth regular night was made last night, with a degree of success that establishes at once the capacity of our public for a more liberal supply of opera than has been thought practicable or—at all events—desirable. Long before the performance commenced the box-office had sold out all its interest in the individual comfort of the audience, and exhibited its distress in the well-known banner inscribed "Standing room only." This result is ascribable to good management. Mr. MARETZEK, with the wily tactics of a prudent General, reserved his greatest strength for the occasion. GOUNOD's "Faust" would draw a crowded house on a far worse night than Thursday. It has, so far, only flushed the community with pleasure, and months will elapse ere the lieges are satisfied with its sweets. The performance last night was in every respect enjoyable. All the artists were in excellent voice, and the choral and orchestral masses seemed to be animated by the warmth that resulted from the general success. "Faust" is too complete a work to gain much from incidental *encores*. Its success is genuine, and will, we think, be lasting, because it is based upon a broad and general impression. Nevertheless, there were demands for repetition, and general satisfaction at what was vouchsafed in that way. Mr. MARETZEK may be congratulated on the complete acceptance of his Thursday evening experiment. With such a repertoire he can play not only four but six times a week, if he is so disposed.

To-night, VERDI's opera of "I Due Foscari" will be given. On Saturday there will be a grand matinée—"Martha."

GERMAN OPERA.—Mr. ANSCHUTZ's company will perform WAGNER's "Tannhauser" at the Brooklyn Academy of Music to-night. The cast is the same as in New-York. On Monday, Mr. ANSCHUTZ's troupe commence a season of opera in Philadelphia, opening in NICOLAI's amusing opera of the "Merry Wives of Windsor."

ENGLISH OPERA.—Mr. HARRISON's company play WALLACE's opera of "Maritana" at Niblo's Saloon to-night. On Wednesday last it achieved a decided success.

BARNUM'S MUSEUM.—"Camilla's Husband" is having a great run at Barnum's Museum, and with the Tyrolean Whistler and the Prince of Comic Singers, Mr. WM. B. HARRISON, is delighting immense audiences every afternoon and evening. Yet we are assured from headquarters that it will not be played after this week, as another new drama is to be put upon the Museum boards next Monday. The huge Giants and Elfin Dwarfs still remain the wonder of all sight-seers.

The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad.

BALTIMORE, Thursday, Feb. 4.

The bridges on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, destroyed by the enemy, have been repaired, and the transportation of passengers and freight over the whole line has been resumed.

THE MAUCH CHUNK, PA., RIOTERS.

Resistance to the Draft—A Military Commission tries the Offenders—Curious Revelations—The Golden Circle—Anarchy in the Mining Districts.

Correspondence of the New-York Times.

READING, Penn., Monday, Feb. 1, 1864.

A military commission has been convened here for the trial of the Maunch Chunk rioters of October last. The commission was convened by the following order:

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF THE SUSQUEHANNA, CHAMBERSBURGH, Penn., Jan. 13, 1864. }
[Extract.]

SPECIAL ORDERS No. 9.—3. A military commission composed of the following-named officers is hereby appointed to meet at Reading, Penn., at 10 o'clock on the 18th day of January, 1864, or as soon thereafter as may be practicable, for trial of such persons as may be brought before it.

DETAIL.

1. Col. H. O. RYERSON, Tenth Regiment New-Jersey Volunteers.
2. Capt. THOS. H. BATES, Battery A, First New-York Artillery.
3. Capt. D. L. BECKWITH, Fourteenth Company First U. S. Invalid Corps.
4. Capt. H. LARNED JOHNSON, Assistant Adjutant-General of Volunteers, Judge Advocate.

No other officers than those named can be assembled without injury to the service.

By command of Major-Gen. COUCH.
JNO. S. SCHULTZ, Assist. Adjt.-Gen.

The commission met on the 26th ult, and proceeded to the trial of PHILIP BERGEMAN, on the following charges:

CHARGE 1.—Entering into, confederating and assisting in forming combinations to resist the execution of certain provisions of an Act of Congress, approved the 3d day of March, 1863, entitled "An act for enrolling and calling out the national forces," &c.

CHARGE 2.—The commission of acts of disloyalty against the Government of the United States, and publicly expressing sympathy for those in arms against said Government, and uttering disloyal sentiments and opinions, with the object and purpose of defeating and weakening the power of the Government in its efforts to suppress the unlawful rebellion now existing in the United States.

CHARGE 3.—For harboring, concealing and secreting deserters, and counseling and advising drafted men to absent themselves and evade their duty as soldiers.

The second charge, it will be noted, is nearly the same as that upon which VALLANDIGHAM was tried and convicted. There are eighteen specifications to the above charges, one of which will be sufficient to give you an idea of the character of the accused and the nature of the trials. It is as follows, viz.:

SPECIFICATION—That the said PHILIP BERGEMAN, in furtherance of said combination and conspiracy aforesaid, and with the object and purpose aforesaid, as mentioned in the first above specification, did, in words substantially, declare and say, that they had been appointed a committee on the behalf of certain persons whose names are unknown, and that they came to give notice, and did give notice, to WILLIAM MILNES, J. B. MCCREARY & Co., G. K. SMITH & Co., WILLIAM CARTER & SON, and to other parties, proprietors engaged in the business of mining and getting out coal, from the mines of Audenried, Yorktown, Jeanesville, Beaver Meadow, and at other places in the Counties of Carbon, Luzerne and Schuylkill, in the State of Pennsylvania; that these proprietors and persons so engaged in mining and getting out coal, from said mines, must stop all their works and workings in said mines, and if the said proprietors did not stop the workings at said mines, they, or those whom they represented, would stop the works for them, as they were determined to put a stop to the war and prevent the Government of the United States from receiving any more coal for the purpose of carrying on the war.

Simon Weinreich was called by the Judge-Advocate, who swore that he was induced to join a secret sworn organization known as the "Golden Circle," who held their meetings at the house of Conrad Horn, (one of the prisoners,) near Hazleton. They were sworn to support "the Constitution as it is and the Union as it was;" to aid each other in opposition to the draft, and in every possible way to weaken the efforts of the Administration of Lincoln to put down the Southerners. The witness exposed the secret work of the organization, as follows: The mode of entering a circle is by giving three raps at the door, when the guard will present himself and receive, in a whisper, the password—"Jwan" (or "Johan")—which will admit him into the room. He will then make a sign, whilst walking into, or across the room to his seat, by simply pressing the forefinger and thumb of the right hand together, keeping the arm in a natural position. Should the Government succeed in forcing a member into the army against his will, it is his duty to embrace the first opportunity to go on picket, and if within hailing distance of the "Confederate" pickets, he will make the hailing sign by raising his hat three times. The "Confederate" picket, if a member of the Circle, will make the same sign and say "Halt." The member of the "Circle" will say "Ho," and the rebel picket will utter the first and last letters of Richmond, "R. D.," and the member of the "Circle" will repeat "Ho," and the rebel picket then says "Richmond." This completes the ceremony, and the next duty of the "Circle" man is to go over to the enemy as a prisoner, to be taken to Richmond, and to be cared for during the war, or released on parole, so as to relieve him from active duty. According to instructions received by the witness when initiated, the leaders of the "Circle" are Gen. LEE, of the Confederate army, and Gen. MCCLELLAN of the Union army, with several other Generals of both armies whose names the witness does not remember. The prisoner (BERGMAN) with the witness (WEINRICH) and several others as a committee, went over to Audenried and notified J. B. MCCREARY & Co., that they were required to stop the work in their mines—that the Government shall have no more coal for the navy or for the manufacture of ordnance until the war is stopped. Mr. MUMPER, of the firm of J. B. MCCREARY & Co., testified to this fact, and one of the prisoner's witnesses in cross-examination fully corroborated the principal witness as to the signs, passwords and objects of the "Golden Circle."

The prisoner offered several witnesses to prove his good character for loyalty. One of these was his brother-in-law, who said that his loyalty was above suspicion, and to prove it he mentioned the fact that he voted for LINCOLN, and gave him (the witness) a Lincoln ticket. The witness, however, didn't know how the prisoner voted at the last election in Pennsylvania, whether for CURTIN or WOODWARD.

The testimony in the case was closed on Tuesday last, and a sentence pronounced by the commission, but by the rules regulating military courts, it cannot be made public until it is promulgated by Gen. COUCH. An idea may be formed of the nature of the penalty of the crime, by referring to Sec. 25 of the Act of Congress approved March 3, 1863, which declares that any individual who may be convicted "shall be forthwith delivered to the civil authorities, and, upon conviction thereof, be punished by a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars, *or by imprisonment not exceeding two years, or by both of said punishments.*"

The next person put on trial was MICHAEL O'DONNELL, who was arraigned on the same charges and specifications upon which the first prisoner was tried. The following is another of the specifications the prisoner was required to plead to:

SPECIFICATION 1.—In this, that the said MICHAEL O'DONNEL did, on or about the 1st day of October, 1863, unite, confederate and combine with CHARLES SHARP, JAMES CAMPBELL, and many other disloyal persons, whose names are unknown, and form or unite with a society or organization commonly known and called by the name of "Buckshots," the object of which society or organization was and is to resist the execution of the draft, and prevent persons being drafted under the provisions of said Act of Congress of March 3, 1863, from entering the military service of the United States. And the said MICHAEL O'DONNEL did afterward resist and evade the execution, and advised and counseled others to resist and evade the execution of the said Act of Congress of March 3, 1863. This done at or near Banks Township, Carbon County, Penn., on or about the 1st day of October, 1863.

The prisoner, according to the evidence, attended a meeting on the mountain between Janesville and Hazletown, some time last June, for the purpose of adopting measures to resist the draft. Speeches were made by EDWARD WINTERS, (who was also Presiding Officer of the "Golden Circle," and has since left for parts unknown,) and others. The tenor of the speeches were for the "support of the Constitution as it is, and the Union as it was"—to stand together in opposition to the draft, the Proclamation, and the "nigger war."

Father LAUGHLIN, a priest residing in Hazletown, appeared in the meeting, made a speech, and ordered the men to disperse, yet a number of them remained, appointed a committee to enroll names to resist the draft, and to give all who refused to coöperate with them twenty-four hours' time to leave, or be killed.

In order to show the state of society resulting from these meetings and combinations, Capt. E. H. RAUCH, Deputy Provost-Marshal, was called to the stand, who testified "that he resided in Mauch Chunk, and was Deputy Provost-Marshal of the Eleventh District; that he found it extremely difficult to get any one to serve as enrolling officer in Banks' Township, those to whom he applied alleging that no man dare attempt it because of the state of society there; organizations were in existence to resist the draft by force." Finally he succeeded in procuring an enrollment, but only an imperfect one. After the draft he was enabled to serve the notices on the drafted men by aid of a military force. Great difficulty was found in obtaining the names of individuals, as nearly all the people seemed to be banded together, and would not give the name of their nearest neighbor. Children from 12 to 14 years of age denied any knowledge of the names of their parents, and wives also denied knowing the names of their husbands. The route between Janesville and Beaver Meadow was well picketed by these people, and signal guns were fired on the approach of the military.

Capt. RAUCH then detailed the circumstances of the visit to Janesville with a military force, where he was told there was a force organized to resist him. He searched several houses there and secured a number of stand of arms. This excited state of feeling continued from June 1 until the middle of November, when the Tenth Regiment New-Jersey Volunteers was ordered to the district. The witness also stated that the loyal people in the vicinity were very much alarmed, and many of them left or were about leaving. Many of the loyal people were murdered, and the civil authorities made no effort to stop these proceedings. No taxes were collected, and the Clerk of the County Commissioners informed him that they could collect none. In the latter part of August a mob of 50 or 100 persons visited Mauch Chunk, and by force and violence took one PATRICK CULL from the county jail. This party or mob came from Banks township.

Capt. RAUCH then made these remarkable statements, in reply to a question from the Judge Advocate. He said:

"When I was at Beaver Meadow, serving the notices on drafted men, Mr. G. K. SMITH, a resident of Yorktown, gave me a map of Yorktown, which he had drawn up, indicating the houses in which the drafted soldiers resided. We used this map to good advantage, but did not state where we obtained it. When at Yorktown with the soldiers, serving notices, the men were halted in front of Mr. SMITH's store, while I and my assistants served the notices. Mr. ULRICK, clerk in SMITH's store, gave the soldiers some refreshments, and each one a plug of tobacco. When we had completed the work and were about returning, Mr. G. K. SMITH's wife strongly appealed to me to have the soldiers retained there, predicting that they would all be murdered as soon as the soldiers left. Either that same day or the next morning, Mr. SMITH and his wife came to Mauch Chunk and returned the same day. *Mr. Smith was murdered in his own house the night of his return from Mauch Chunk, and Mr. Ulrick was shot through the leg.*"

Capt. RAUCH also stated that the population was for the most part Irish, and that the majority of them were from Donegal, in Ireland.

THE RIOT AND THE PRICE OF COAL.

During the past Winter there has been a great deal of speculation throughout the country in regard to the extravagant price of coal, and it was recommended by the New-York papers that a public meeting should be called, which might take measures to investigate the cause of the high price of coal, and petition Congress to remove the duties on foreign importations.

The investigation before the commission has shown that in the whole coal region of Pennsylvania, lawlessness reigns supreme, the miners dictating to the proprietors the price they shall pay for mining coal, who they shall hire, and the quantities they shall mine. The most fabulous prices are, in some cases, demanded by the miners, and unless it is paid the mines are stopped. Many miners receive as high as $10 per day, and the lowest price that is paid is about $5 per day, while common laborers who do nothing but load coal, receive $2 50 per day. Civil law throughout the whole mining region is entirely suspended, and if it were not for the presence of the military, the mines could not be worked even at the present price of labor. If a coal operator has a foreman in his employ who is very exact in his accounts with the miners, he very soon becomes unpopular, and he will receive a notice signed "Molly Maguire," (the name of a secret organization among the Irish miners,) that he must leave the country in 24 hours or his coffin will be made. Should the foreman refuse to obey, he is waylaid the first opportunity and assassinated. Outrages of this kind are of frequent occurrence, and the miners have such perfect control of the courts in this region that it is impossible to convict them—in fact, no Sheriff dare undertake the arrest of an Irishman, and the only way the mines can be worked at all is through the influence of United States cannon and muskets.

The company known as the Forester Improvement Company, of which CHARLES A. HECKSCHER, of New-York, is President, has seven collieries, capable of producing one million tons of coal a year. He has a large contract with the Government for coal for the navy, and the miners had the idea that by stopping the works of Mr. HECKSCHER they would deprive the Government of coal, cripple the navy, raise the blockade, and thus end the war. His mines were stopped so much of the time during the past year, that he was enabled to send only about 200,000 tons of coal to market.

The trial of this case closed on Saturday last. The sentence will be given in due time.

There are about seventy-five cases of this kind yet to be tried by the commission. T. H. B.

A Note from Maj.-Gen. McDowell.

NEW-YORK, Thursday, Feb. 4, 1864.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

My attention was called, this afternoon, to a republication, in the New-York *Evening Post* of the 3d inst., of an article from a Pennsylvania paper, giving what purports to be testimony from the case of the Carbon County "Buckshot" prisoners. The article states that

> "The prisoner belonged to the sworn secret organization known as the 'Golden Circle.' They held their meetings at the house of CONRAD HORN, above Hazleton. ED. WINTERS was the President, and administered the oath. The members of the Circle were instructed and sworn to support 'the Constitution as it is and the Union as it was,' to aid each other in evading the draft, and to discourage all efforts to raise men for the army. According to the instructions of the President, (WINTERS,) *the leading members of the organization* are Gen. LEE, of the rebel army, and Gens. MCCLELLAN and MCDOWELL, of the United States army. In case a member is forced into the army by draft, he is instructed, when on picket, to go over to the enemy in the following manner:" &c., &c., &c.

As this statement purports to have been given under oath, and is circulated in a paper of such high standing as the New-York *Evening Post*, it seems to call for notice which I otherwise would hesitate to give.

I desire, therefore, to state that I do not now belong, nor have I ever belonged, to the order of the Golden Circle, nor do I know of any such organization, or of any one belonging to it, or to anything of the kind. That I do not belong, nor have I ever belonged, to any secret society for any political, social or other purpose whatever, nor have I ever had anything to do with anything of the kind.

I had hoped the stupid stories concerning my loyalty and intemperance having served the purpose for which they were set on foot, and done me the desired harm, I should be spared further troubling the public with anything concerning merely my personal character or habits, and were I in private life I should not now do so, but in justice to the service in which I am now, and hope to be further engaged, I cannot avoid asking this may be made public, in the hope to counteract a portion of the mischief the circulation of this falsehood will undoubtedly make.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,
IRVIN MCDOWELL, Major-Gen.

The Pirate Alabama and Her Destination.

To the Editor of the New York Times:

This vessel will likely hang about the Straits, where last reported, until April or the 1st of May—supplies of coal being sent to her by our British friends from the Island of Labuan, on the northeast coast of Borneo, lat. 5° 20′ north, long. 115° 20′ east, and likely North Island will be "the depot" therefor. Any amount of coal may be had from the above source, at a moderate price, at Singapore, and vessels to take it to "the depot" named above.

This pirate will likely reach Labuan about the 1st of May; thence make her way north, until, reaching the westerly winds, her course will be directed eastward to the coast of California.

Before the ensuing Summer is out we will likely see it chronicled: "One of the Pacific mail steamers, with all the treasure on board, has been captured by Capt. SEMMES." He may then pay off his crew, and with the balance visit Paris, and retire in glory.

It is reported that the United States ship *Wyoming* had sailed from Ceylon for Christmas Island, in pursuit of the pirate. It will be a wild-goose chase, there being no anchorage within a cable's length of the shore, and no fresh water to be had.

NEPTUNE.

Reparation for an Unjust Arrest.

The following card relates to an arrest made by authority of the Marshal some weeks since:

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S OFFICE, SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW-YORK. NEW-YORK, Jan. 30, 1164. }

I certify that the recent arrest of EDWARD UNDERHILL, of Yonkers, was made on information which, upon investigation, was found to be insufficient to sustain the charges of any improper conduct on his part against the Government. And I take great pleasure in stating that he has been honorably discharged without any taint upon his character, integrity or loyalty.

(Signed.) ROBERT MURRAY, U. S. Marshal.

Mr. ROBERT J. TOPLIS and Mr. WM. H. DOTY, of Yonkers, have each received a copy of the above certificate from the Marshal, honorably discharging them from these proceedings, without any taint on their character, integrity or loyalty.

NEW-YORK SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES.

THE NEW-YORK SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES is published THIS MORNING, and may be had at the counter of the publication office in wrappers ready for mailing. Price FIVE CENTS. In addition to the latest intelligence by telegraph up to the moment of going to press, there will be found in the current number full details of all military movements in the different departments from the pens of our special correspondents. Also, all official orders, reports and documents, and the latest and fullest Washington news, European news, with graphic letters from our correspondents in London and Paris, giving the tone of public feeling abroad, is made a special and permanent feature. In addition to Editorials on all the current topics of the day, the SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES has a page of carefully prepared commercial matter, giving the latest financial news and market reports: items of agricultural and domestic interest, compiled from sources many of which are otherwise inaccessible to the American reader; and marriages and deaths of the week.

The "SEMI-WEEKLY RECORD," or news summary—being a careful synopsis and digest of the news of the day, both rebellion and general—is alone worth double the subscription price to the paper, as it preserves in a condensed and conveniently classified form all news of interest, and must prove valuable as a record to all time.

TERMS.—One copy one year, $3; two copies one year, $5; five copies one year, $12. Fresh names may at any time be added to Clubs, both of the WEEKLY and SEMI-WEEKLY, at Club rates.

Brown's Bronchial Troches, or Cough LOZENGES, cure Cough, Cold, Hoarseness and Influenza, or any Irritation or Soreness of the Throat.

"Great service in subduing hoarseness."
Rev. DANIEL WISE, New-York.

"The Troches are a staff of life to me."
Prof. EDWARD NORTH,
President Hamilton College, Clinton, N. Y.

"A simple and elegant combination for coughs, &c."
Dr. G. F. BIGELOW, Boston.

The Best and Surest Remedy in the Worl for all diseases with which children are afflicted during the process of teething, is Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It not only relieves the child from pain, but invigorates the stomach and bowels, cures wind colic, and by giving quiet sleep to the child, gives rest to the mother. Perfectly safe in all cases. 25 cents a bottle.

Morton's Gold Pens are now sold at the same prices as before the commencement of the war; this is entirely owing to the Manufacturer's improvements in machinery, his present large Retail Business and Cash-in-Advance System; for, until he commenced advertising, his business was done on Credit and *strictly with the Trade.*

The Morton Gold Pens are the only ones sold at old prices, as the makers of all other gold pens charge the Premium on the Gold, Government Tax, &c.; but Morton has in no case changed his prices, Wholesale or Retail.

Of the great numbers sent by mail to all parts of the world during the past few years, not one in a thousand has failed to reach its destination in safety; showing that the Morton Gold Pen can be obtained by any one, in every part of the world, at the same price, postage only excepted.

Reader, you can have an enduring, always ready, and reliable Gold Pen, exactly adapted to your hand and style of writing, which will do your writing vastly cheaper than Steel Pens; and at the present almost universal High-Pressure-Price of everything, you can have a Morton Gold Pen cheaper, in proportion to the labor spent upon it and material used, than any other Gold Pen in the World. If you want one, see "The Pen is Mightier than the Sword," in another column.

A New Perfume for the Handkerchief.
Extract of the
Night Blooming Cereus,
Night Blooming Cereus,
Night Blooming Cereus,
Night Blooming Cereus,
Night Blooming Cereus,
Night Blooming Cereus,
Night Blooming Cereus,
A Most Exquisite, Delicate and Fragrant Perfume, Distilled from the Rare and Beautiful Flower from which it takes its name.
Manufactured only by PHALON & SON.
BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.
ASK FOR PHALON'S—TAKE NO OTHER.
Sold by Druggists generally.

A Cure for Hernia or Rupture!!
All persons afflicted with this dangerous disease need no longer be troubled about being cured.
WHITE'S PATENT LEVER TRUSS
is so constructed on scientific principles as to promote a RADICAL CURE at once. The action of this instrument is entirely different from all others in use. It is LIGHT, CLEAN, and EASY. No pressure on the back or cord, and is easily made stronger or lighter as the patient desires. Ruptured persons should not be a day without it. FEMALE SUPPORTERS on the same principle. Pamphlets free. A lady attendant in the Ladies' Department. Sold by
GREGORY & CO., No. 609 Broadway.

Gold Pens.
FOLEY'S Celebrated "Bank" and extra fine
GOLD PENS AND PENCILS.
Store and Factory No. 169 Broadway.

Sewing-Machines.
ALL FIRST-CLASS SEWING-MACHINES, NEW, FOR SALE AND TO RENT.
P. H. DIAMOND, No. 539 Broadway, near Spring-st.

Universal Clothes Wringer—
With cog wheels warranted.
53,818 sold in 1863. Send for descriptive circular.
R. C. BROWNING, No. 347 Broadway.

Gold Pens—THE BEST AND THE CHEAPEST, AT A. MORTON'S, No. 25 MAIDEN-LANE, New-York

Leslie's Ginger Wine.
A Healthful Tonic.
A Refreshing Beverage.
A Delightful Wine.
For sale by all the leading grocers in the City.

Batchelor's Hair Dye,
The best in the world, the only reliable and perfect dye known. Instantaneous and harmless. The genuine is signed WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR. Sold by all druggists and perfumers. Factory No. 81 Barclay-st.

Sewing-machines to Rent.
And for Sale—New.
V. W. WICKES, Jr., No. 486 Broadway,
Corner of Broome-st., up stairs.

Armless Soldiers! The Board of Surgeons and the Surgeon-General U. S. A. have given special honorary commendation to the Palmer Arm, and authorized its manufacture. Full information given by the Inventor. Offices, Philadelphia, New-York and Boston. Palmer's legs, also.
B. FRANK PALMER, Surgeon Artist.

Prof. Alex. C. Barry's Tricopherous, or Medicated Compound, for preserving, restoring and beautifying the hair, eradicating scurf and dandruff, preventing baldness and gray hairs, curing diseases of the skin, glands and muscles, (such as salt rheum, pimples, chilblains, &c.,) chaps, rheumatism, swellings, sore throat, &c., and giving instant relief in cases of cuts, bruises, sprains, burns, scalds, &c. Price 25 cents. Sold by all druggists throughout the world. Principal office, No. 374 Pearl-st., New-York.

Hoyt's Hiawatha Hair Restorative—warranted to restore faded and gray hair and whiskers to their original color, and to overcome effects of previous use of preparations containing sulphur, sugar of lead, &c.
HOYT'S IMPERIAL COLORING CREAM
oils and colors the hair at the same time, changes light and red hair to a beautiful brown or black.
JOSEPH HOYT & CO., No. 10 University-place, N. Y.
N. B.—See Business Notice in the *Evening Post.*

Dyspepsia Tablets, for Indigestion, Heartburn, &c., manufactured only by S. G. WELLING, and sold by druggists generally. 50 cents per box. Depot No. 207 Centre-st., 2d floor.

Trusses, &c.—MARSH & CO.'S Radical Cure Truss Office, only at No. 2 Vesey-st. Also supporters, suspensory bandages, silk elastic stockings for varicose veins, shoulder-braces, &c. A lady attendant.

Balls and Parties vs. Snow and Rain.— Ladies' White Satin, Kid and Lined Gaiter Boots and Slippers, Balmorals and India Rubber Boots and Shoes, at MILLER & CO'S, No. 187 Canal-st.

Corns, Bunions, Inverted Nails, Enlarged Joints, and all diseases of the feet cured without pain or inconvenience to the patient by Dr. ZACHARIE, Surgeon Chiropodist, No. 760 Broadway.

Valentines! Valentines!!—Do not fail to see special Valentines, with other splendid novelties, and Fashions by Mme. DEMOREST, in DEMOREST'S NEW-YORK ILLUSTRATED NEWS, of this week, now ready.

Grover & Baker's Highest Premium Elastic Stitch Sewing-Machines for sale at No. 935 Broadway, near 22d-st. Also, machine-sewing of every description done in the best manner.

Hotel Arrivals.—A List of Arrivals at the Hotels up to 2 o'clock A. M., may be had in the columns of the *New-York Daily News.*

Wheeler & Wilson's Highest Premium Lock-stitch SEWING-MACHINES.
Office No. 505 Broadway.

Second-hand Safes—FOR SALE CHEAP FOR cash, at No. 100 Maiden-lane.

OFFICIAL DRAWINGS OF MURRAY, EDDY & CO.'S KENTUCKY STATE LOTTERY.

KENTUCKY, EXTRA CLASS 155.—Feb. 4, 1864.
55, 40, 20, 3, 18, 42, 30, 26, 75, 50, 17, 7.
KENTUCKY, CLASS 156.—Feb. 4, 1864.
78, 71, 32, 23, 21, 22, 68, 34, 1, 28, 62, 64, 7.

Circulars sent free of charge, by addressing either to
MURRAY, EDDY & CO.,
Covington, Ky., or St. Louis, Mo.

DRAWING OF THE SHELBY COLLEGE LOTTERY, OF KENTUCKY.

EXTRA CLASS 59—Feb. 4, 1864.
73, 33, 63, 22, 30, 21, 14, 71, 32, 13, 27, 60.
CLASS 60—Feb. 4, 1864.
41, 1, 27, 11, 52, 58, 17, 59, 8, 20, 67, 66, 31.

Z. E. SIMMONS & CO., Managers,
Covington, Ky.

ROYAL HAVANA LOTTERY.—THIRTY per cent. premium paid for prizes; information furnished; the highest rates paid for doubloons, and all kinds of gold and silver.
TAYLOR & CO.,
Bankers, No. 16 Wall-st.

MESSRS. SIMMONS, ROGERS & CO. are authorized to receive deposits and make collections on our account.
Z. E. SIMMONS & CO.

DEAFNESS,
IMPAIRED SIGHT,
NOISES IN THE HEAD,
CATARRHAL AFFECTIONS
IN THE
THROAT,
CHRONIC CATARRH,
CATARRH OF THE TYMPANIC MUCOUS MEMBRANE, OBSTRUCTION OF THE EUSTACHIAN TUBE,
CURED,
CROSS-EYE STRAIGHTENED IN ONE MINUTE.

And every disease of the Eye and Ear requiring either medical or surgical aid, attended to
BY
DR. VON EISENBERG,
Author of "Surgical and Practical Observations on the Diseases of the Ear, with the New Mode of Treatment," at his office,
NO. 816
BROADWAY.

AGAIN NEW TESTIMONY.

TESTIMONIAL FROM ONE OF THE MOST RESPECTABLE CITIZENS OF NEW-YORK.
DEAFNESS AND CATARRH CURED.

No. 420 SIXTH-AV., NEW-YORK, Dec. 2, 1863.

I was deaf for several years, and hearing of the great cures performed by Dr. Von Eisenberg, I was induced to place myself under his care, and I am now happy to state that my hearing was entirely restored after a short treatment. I was also suffering from chronic catarrh, of which I was also cured by the skillful treatment of Dr. Von Eisenberg. I do but justice to the Doctor in stating that in treating me he displayed that skill and knowledge which have already procured for him such a deserved reputation, and that the principles which direct his system of curing Deafness and Catarrh are such as to render success certain, in my opinion. Many months have passed since Dr. Von Eisenberg restored my hearing, and it continues as good as ever.

O. HOPKINS.

READ NEW TESTIMONY OF CATARRH CURED.
CATARRH CURED.
READ!

I have been suffering for a long time from a severe Catarrh, with a continual dullness in my head, a tightness across my chest, a weight over my eyes, which were weak, watery, and very painful. My nostrils were constantly obstructed with a pouring fluid. That frequent sneezing, hoarseness of my voice, often attended with a fullness of my throat, great soreness, and a continual dropping. Dr. Von Eisenberg has cured me of all these disagreeable sufferings. I may, indeed, say that I feel a new life. The treatment of Dr. Von Eisenberg is as skillful as it is successful. It is in my opinion impossible to overrate the benefit I have received at his hands. I heartily recommend any one suffering like myself to place themselves under Dr. Von Eisenberg's care, with a certainty of being speedily cured.

W. S. HUTCHINS.
Lightning Calculator,
Barnum's Museum.
NEW-YORK, Jan. 21, 1864.

READ.

HARLEM, July 30, 1863.

I have been deaf for over TWENTY-FIVE YEARS, and Dr. VON EISENBERG operated on both of my ears without the slightest pain—a thing that I could not believe could be done. I now *hear* well, and feel as I never felt for the last twenty years. The dexterity and skill with which the operation was performed evince the highest practical ability. I *hear perfectly*. It is now over a month since the operation, and I continue to feel as well as ever.

WILLIAM LIDDLE,
Harlem, 126th-st., between 2d and 3d avs.

NO. 134 ALLEN-ST., NEW-YORK, Feb. 9, 1863.

I have been completely deaf in one ear, and partially so in the other, for above seventeen years, with a disagreeable discharge from both ears, combined with continual rumbling noise in the head, for which I have been treated by a most eminent practitioner in the City without the slightest relief.

I consulted Dr. Von Eisenberg, but I must candidly say that I had no faith in his success when I did so. It is, therefore, due to Dr. Von Eisenberg to acknowledge that I am entirely cured; also, that he displayed that skill and knowledge which have procured for him such an unrivaled reputation. As I have had an opportunity of comparing his mode of treatment with that of others, I can truly state that it is not only superior, but the principles which direct his mode of restoring the hearing are, in my opinion, certain.

JOHN TAYLOR.

NEW-YORK, July 19, 1863.

This certifies that my mother has been for some time afflicted with partial deafness, suffering from pain, and rumbling noises in the head, together with other indications of a *total loss of hearing*. Dr. Von Eisenberg removed from her ears a great quantity of matter, together with coagulated blood, relieving her instantaneously, and all without pain. It is with grateful thanks that I give this testimony to his skill.

CARROLL J. POST, No. 38 South-st.

CHRONIC CATARRH CURED.
READ.

NEW-YORK, March 20, 1863.

"This is to certify, that I have suffered from very severe CHRONIC CATARRH, with a dull heaviness in the head. I felt my nose completely stopped up accompanied by continual soreness of the throat. The chills stealing over me with occasional hot flushes, a great tightness of the chest and pain, so much so, that every one thought it was consumption. Having heard of the great cures performed by Dr. Von Eisenberg, I consulted him with but little hope of a cure. I am now happy to be enabled to add my testimonial to the great number already in the Doctor's possession, as he has shown in my case that skill and knowledge which have procured for him so great a reputation. I am so entirely restored to perfect health that I do most sincerely recommend all sufferers from CHRONIC CATARRH and SORE THROAT to apply at once to Dr. Von Eisenberg with a certainty of cure."

FREDERICK WEBER No. 560 4th-st.

DR. VON EISENBERG'S OFFICE
NO. 816 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK.

UNITED STATES SANITARY COMMISSION.—The Treasurer acknowledges the receipt of the following contributions since Jan. 5, 1864:

John B. Mills	$5 00
Citizens of California, additional	50,000 00
Proceeds of a Fair given by three little girls of New-York	10 00
Ladies of Vancouver, Washington Territory, by Hon. A. Holbrook	500 00
Thanksgiving Day Collection at four Churches, Portland, Oregon, by Hon. A. Holbrook	800 00
Citizens of Ames Chapel Neighborhood, Oregon, by Hon. A. Holbrook	70 00
Congregation of St. Paul's Chapel, Oregon City, by Hon. A. Holbrook	38 00
Pacific Mail Steamship Co., additional	3,000 00
Congregational Church, New Road, Delaware Co., N. Y. additional, by Rev. G. C. Judson	3 00
G. B. M., Jr	40 00
Francis Marvin, Port Ferris, N. Y	10 00
A. S. Bean, Palermo, Me	4 50
C. Humphrey and friends, New-Year's Day	82 00
Anonymous, through Mrs. Geo. Opdyke	10 00
Mrs. W. B. H	5 00
R. R	1 00
Charles N. Talbot	1,000 00
Cyrus Woodman	100 00
George Woodman	20 00
Fred. and Grace	1 00
Mrs. Anne Boynton, through Dr. Bellows	150 00
Wm. M. Prichard	100 00
Cash, Boston	6 00
Wm. Whetten	100 00
Cash, Goshen, N. Y	25
Christmas offering of pupils of Vermont Episcopal Institute, by Horace J. White, Treasurer	20 00
Citizens of West Bloomfield, N. Y., by Myron S. Hall	28 00
Collection, Rev. B. S. Huntington's Church, Newburgh, N. Y	14 00
Proceeds of Rev. Henry Ward Beecher's Address in Boston, by J. H. Wolcott, Treasurer	775 43
C. S. Seyton	50 00
Chamberlain, Phelps & Co	150 00
Dr. Berger, Paris, by Jas. S. Aspinwall	50 00
Mrs. Moore, Paris, by Jas. H. Aspinwall	50 00
Thanksgiving Collection in Reformed Dutch Church, Prospect Hill, N. Y., by D. M. Smith	25 00
L. A. B	3 00
Mrs. C. T. Tallmadge, additional	10 00
Henry Tallmadge, additional	20 00
Thanksgiving Day collection in Universalist Church, Cooperstown, N. Y., by Chas. W. Tomlinson, pastor	22 75
Citizens of Maine, by Rev. H. Stebbins	1,000 00
Elmira Dramatic and Musical Association, Elmira, N. Y., by James T. Dudley, Treasurer	85 00
Festival for the Relief of Sick and Wounded Soldiers, North Pitcher, Chenango County, N. Y., by J. S. Blackman	146 15
Fair of Soldiers' Aid Society, Irvington, Westchester County, by Miss Sarah Irving, Secretary	300 00
Proceeds of Young Ladies' Fair, Corning, N. Y., by Miss Cornelia Stewart, Secretary	160 00
A lady in Jersey City	5 00
A friend, by Henry Chauncey, Esq	100 00
Proceeds of Fair, Westfield, Mass., by C. R. Lambson, Treasurer	600 00
Joseph Plume	50 00
Presbyterian Church, Blauveltville, Rockland County, by Rev. T. I. Evans	14 50
First Reformed Dutch Church, Athens, by Rev. G. Talmadge	27 00
Citizens of Bristol, Vt., by Wm. C. Dunshee	16 75
Wm. Mackay, additional	25 00
Jamaica Soldiers' Aid Society, by Miss Phebe Hagner, Secretary	90 85
A Naval Officer, U. S. Frigate Wabash, off Charleston, S. C	10 00
J. Cooper Lord additional	50 00
Wm. C. Schermerhorn	500 00
Gorham Soldiers' Aid Society, by Jos. Hershey, Jr., Treasurer	177 12
Miss Susan O. Hoffman, by Geo. M. Miller	25 00
A. L. Williston, Florence, Mass., additional	100 00
St. George's Chapel, Beekman-st., New-York	6 48
Cash, G. H	100 00
Chas. B. Hart, additional	25 00
"Simple Fee"	5 00
Walter T. Miller	50 00
Irving Grinnell, additional	1,000 00
Miss Mary E. Dewey, Sheffield, Mass	20 00
Mrs. Elizabeth Clarkson Jay	100 00
From a Friend	10 00
Sewing Society attached to Bleecker-st. Universalist Church, by Mrs. Alice Taylor, Pres	105 00
W. S. Gilman, additional	200 00
Edw. H. Weed, additional	100 00
Citizens of Maine, by George R. Davis	137 00
Miss Evans, additional, by Sidney H. Gay	100 00
Yreka, California, additional	5 00
Rev. Henry Powers, Mitteneague, West Springfield, Mass	1 00
Dr. Thomas I. Cock, additional	30 00
I. Evarts Tracy	25 00
New-England Women's Auxiliary Association, Geo. Higginson, Treasurer	50,000 00
Cash, W	20 00
Mrs. Leonard Wood, by John Slade & Co	5 00
Emma and Florence, Stamford, Conn	2 50
Eighty-sixth-st. Methodist E. Church	15 50
Ladies' Aid Society, Summit, N. J., by J. Johnson	27 40
Citizens of Maine, by W. H. Hadley	220 00
Proceeds of Fair by Master Sidney Curtis, Willie and George Howland, Brooklyn	62 25
Presbyterian Ch., Englewood, N. J., by Rev. Jas. H. Dwight, Pastor	42 00
George Townsend, additional	50 00
Proceeds of Christmas Eve Festival by ladies of Napa City, Cal., by Mrs. A. G. Easterby, Prs't	700 00
Soldiers' Aid Society, Baldwinville, Onondaga Co., N. Y., by P. L. Perine	100 00
By W. H. Hadley, from citizens of Denmark, Maine	20 00
Citizens of Skowhegan, Maine	500 90
Citizens of Litchfield Corners, Maine	16 71
Citizens of Windham	40 00
Jas. Thompson, Griswold Mills, N. Y	5 00
Anonymous, Janesville, Wis	2 00
P. T. Barnum, one-half proceeds of entertainment given by him	141 20
St. Ann's Ch. Sunday School, Morrisiania, N. Y., by Rev. Wm. Huckel, additional	25 00
New-Year's Offering of Ladies' Soldiers' Relief Sewing Society of Napa City, Cal., additional by Mrs. Emily G. Easterby, Secretary	140 00
James Maurice, additional	25 00
James McGlatchy, Sacramento, Cal., by Hon. Horace Greeley	10 00
Jacob Kaun, Portland, Oregon, through Messrs. Wakeman, Gookin & Dickinson, N. Y	100 00
Mrs. Delia Buckman, Columbia Falls, Me	5 00
By George T. Richards, Treasurer of European Branch, Paris: Frederick Bronson, $100; Mrs. Jane C. Dodge, $100; F. W. Sargent, $100; C. S. Brewster, $100; James W. Simonson, $100	500 00
Ladies' Soldiers' Aid Society, East Bloomfield, N. Y., by Miss Olivia Fairchild, Secretary	62 19
Miss Mary G. Curtis, Hadley, Mass., by Miss H. W. Marshall	$2 00
Miss S. H. Fowler, by same	10 00— 12 00
Ladies' Soldiers' Aid Society, Machias, Me., by W. H. Hadley	100 09
Citizens of Sumner, Me., by same	61 00
S. B. McBride, Cannonburgh, Penn	1 00
Mrs. Augustus Schermerhorn additional	500 00
Citizens of Thomaston, Me., by W. H. Hadley	$150 00
Citizens of Machias, Me., by W. H. Hadley	50 00
Citizens of Dexter, Me., by W. H. Hadley	66 25
Citizens of Buxton, Me., by W. H. Hadley	87 25
Citizens of Bradford, Me., by W. H. Hadley	20 35— 328 85

GEO. T. STRONG, Treasurer, No. 68 Wall-st.
NEW-YORK, Feb. 3, 1864.

ARMY RELIEF BAZAAR.

Mr. E. D. PALMER has generously contributed four of his latest and most valuable works in marble, viz.:

"The Angel of Peace in Bondage,"
"The Bust of Hamilton,"
"Bust of the Peasant Girl,"

and the alto-relievo

"Good Morning,"

to be disposed of at the Great Fair to be held in Albany in February for the Sanitary Fund, in aid of the sick and wounded of the American army. The Committee have decided to dispose of these rare and costly works by SUBSCRIPTION TICKETS, and take the liberty to invite you, as a patron and lover of art, to share in the opportunity of possessing these celebrated productions of the eminent artist. They have been estimated at a fair valuation. For "The Angel of Peace in Bondage" there will be 1,200 tickets at $2 each, and for each of the other works 1,000 tickets at $1 each.

The distribution will take place at the close of the Fair. Tickets may be obtained at the principal Bookstores.

FREDERICK E. CHURCH, ALFRED B. STREET,
CHARLES L. ELLIOTT, LAUNT THOMPSON,
JOHN G. SAXE, JAMES H. ARMSBY,
ALBANY, Jan. 25, 1864.

Subscriptions received at Goupil's, No. 772 Broadway New-York.

RELIEF FOR THE WORKING WOMEN.

WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING-MACHINE,
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"A complete sewing-machine depot and the only one up town."—*Mercury*

NEW-YORK COUNTY VOLUNTEER COMMITTEE, Office in New Buildings corner Chambers-st. and Broadway, adjoining New Court-house. Entrance on Broadway.

30,000 VOLUNTEERS WANTED.

The following are the pecuniary inducements offered:

COUNTY BOUNTY, cash down	$300
STATE BOUNTY	$75
UNITED STATES BOUNTY to new recruits	302
UNITED STATES BOUNTY additional to veteran soldiers	100—$477
Total	$777

Applications to be made *personally* at the office of the Committee.

C. GODFREY GUNTHER, Mayor,
MATTHEW T. BRENNAN, Comptroller
ORISON BLUNT, Supervisor,
ELIJAH F. PURDY, Supervisor,
WILLIAM R. STEWART, Supervisor,
WILLIAM M. TWEED, Supervisor
GEORGE OPDYKE, Auxiliary Member.
County Committee.
ORISON BLUNT, Chairman.

PATENTS! PATENTS! PATENTS!

MESSRS. MUNN & CO., PUBLISHERS OF THE "SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN," continue to act as Attorneys for securing Patents for new Inventions in this and all foreign countries.

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Pamphlets containing the Patent Laws and other important information for inventors, furnished free on application.

Consultation and advice free. Address MUNN & CO., No. 37 Park-row, New-York, or corner F and 7th sts., Washington, D. C.

WANTED—FIFTY CENTS EACH WILL BE paid for a copy of the TIMES, of Dec. 28, 1860; Jan. 10 and Jan. 11, 1861. Subscription Desk this Office.

FANS.—LADIES' FANS, NEW STYLES FROM PARIS—TWO, THREE, FIVE, SEVEN, TEN, TWELVE, FIFTEEN, to TWENTY-FIVE DOLLARS each. For sale by GEO. C. ALLEN, No. 415 Broadway, one door below Canal-st.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

GUROWSKI'S NEW BOOK.
DIARY FOR 1863,
will be published to-morrow, and will stir up the dry bones of incompetent and incapable officials throughout the land, and make a sensation generally.
LOOK OUT FOR IT.

GUROWSKI'S DIARY FOR 1863.
A new volume by Count Adam Gurowski, embracing a Diary of Political and Military Events and Transactions, in the Cabinet and in the Field, for the year of 1863.

*** For sharp criticism, alternating with epigrammatic, trenchant, caustic praise and castigation, this work must bear away the palm from all others ever printed in this country. 12mo., cloth bound, price $1 25.

CARLETON, Publisher, New-York.

NEXT WEEK:
PRIVATE MILES O'REILLY will be ready with HIS BOOK, rich with Songs, Services and Speeches, and Comically Illustrated.

DEMOREST'S N. Y. ILLUSTRATED NEWS OF THIS WEEK CONTAINS SPLENDID VALENTINES, BOTH COMIC AND SENTIMENTAL, WITH OTHER BEAUTIFUL ENGRAVINGS AND FASHIONS BY MME. DEMOREST. NOW READY.

PARTON'S BUTLER.
Among the subjects of this most interesting and valuable book are the following:
Gen. Butler Before the War.
In the Charleston Convention.
Massachusetts Ready.
Annapolis.
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Ship Island.
Reduction of the Forts.
The Panic at New-Orleans.
New-Orleans will not Surrender.
Capture of New-Orleans.
Feeding and Employing the Poor.
The Woman Order.
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The Sheep and the Goats.
More of the Iron Hand.
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This volume is pronounced a faithful and valuable history by the most competent judges, and yet it has the charm and fascination of a romance. It deals with an era and a locality of the rebellion that will eventually constitute one of the richest themes of the historian. It fixes and photographs forever some of the most curious, thrilling and mysterious events of the war.

Such is the power of Mr. Parton's captivating style that one who begins this book cannot easily deny himself the pleasure of its entire perusal. It is a genial and instructive companion for the fireside or the railway, and, as a book of reference for the library, it is said by one of the first military magazines of America to be "a treasury of facts and statistics."

650 pp., crown 8vo, with portraits.
Published by MASON BROTHERS,
No. 7 Mercer-st., New-York.

DEMOREST'S N. Y. ILLUSTRATED NEWS THE MOST GRAPHIC, INTERESTING AND LIVE WEEKLY PAPER IN AMERICA. PRICE 8 CENTS; YEARLY, $3 50; WITH SPLENDID PREMIUMS. MAILED FREE ON RECEIPT OF PRICE.

"WE FOLLOW GRANT TO VICTORY WITH THE EAGLES THAT NEVER RETREATED."
The undersigned have nearly ready, and will publish on WEDNESDAY, the 17th inst.,
GENERAL GRANT
AND
HIS CAMPAIGNS.
By JULIAN K. LARKE.
Illustrated with an accurate portrait on steel, and views of the Surrender of FORT DONELSON and VICKSBURGH, and the BATTLES AT PITTSBURGH LANDING and CHATTANOOGA.

"*No terms but unconditional and immediate surrender can be accepted. I propose to move immediately on your works.*"—*Grant to Buckner.*

SYNOPSIS OF THE CONTENTS.
Grant's Early Days—At West Point—Enters the Army—Mexican War—Subsequent Services and Civil Life—The Rebellion—Volunteers and becomes a Brigadier-General—Post and District Commander—Battle of Belmont—District of Cairo—Surrender of Fort Henry and Capture of Fort Donelson—Department of Tennessee—Battles of Iuka and Corinth—Change of Base—Williams Canal—Lake Providence Canal—Steele's Bayou Expedition—Health of the Army—Overland Movement and Running the Batteries—Grierson's Expedition—Attack on Grand Gulf—Landing at Brainsburgh—Battle of Port Gibson—Capture of Jackson—Battle of Champion's Hill—Battle of Big Black—Investment, Siege and Surrender of Vicksburgh—Gen. Grant at Memphis and New-Orleans—Commander of the Military Division of Mississippi—Defeat of Bragg and Victory at Chattanooga—Splendid Strategy in Tennessee—Thanked by Congress and Recommended for Lieutenant-General—Together with an Appendix containing his Official Reports, the Debates in Congress, &c., &c.

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The trade supplied at publishers' prices by the American News Company, (late S. Tousey and H. Dexter & Co.) No. 121 Nassau-st.

THE TERRIBLE TRAGEDY.—KILLING OF BILL WILLIAMS BY HAINES, WITH THEIR PORTRAITS, TERRIBLE EXPLOSION IN MAIDEN-LANE, AND A SPLENDID ARRAY OF VALENTINES IN DEMOREST'S ILLUSTRATED NEWS OF THIS WEEK. THE LIVE PAPER OF AMERICA: EVERYBODY AND HIS WIFE SHOULD SEE IT. NOW READY. SOLD EVERYWHERE.

PUBLISHED THIS DAY:
THREE MONTHS IN THE SOUTHERN STATES.
APRIL—JUNE, 1863.
By Lieut.-Col. FREMANTLE,
Coldstream Guards.
With Portrait. One vol., 12mo. Price, $1 25.

"The whole of the book is as well worth reading as that published extract. It conveys a very fair idea of what manner of men they are who are now fighting in the South for their independence; and being written in a very unpretending style, it is both an agreeable and valuable glimpse of the interior of the Confederacy."—*Spectator.*

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No. 49 Walker-st.

NEW STORY BY NED BUNTLINE.

It is many months since the proprietors of the NEW-YORK MERCURY have had the pleasure of announcing a new romance by NED BUNTLINE. For a year or two past he has been doing duty with the sword, in the Grand Army of the Union, winning reputation at the cannon's mouth; and his pen, in the meantime, has lain idle. During the last two or three months he has been suffering from wounds received in the service, and this season of inactivity he has devoted to writing, for the readers of the NEW-YORK MERCURY, a grand romance, entitled

SADIA:
A HEROINE OF THE REBELLION.
A TALE OF THIS WAR, FOUNDED ON FACTS, WITH REAL CHARACTERS.

The arrangement will be hailed with satisfaction and delight by the Reading Public; for a Story of the War from the pen of one who has participated in many a gallant and daring skirmish, and who writes of what he has seen and knows by actual experience, will be a tale well worth reading.

The Story will appear in the NEW-YORK MERCURY for Feb. 20, ready on MONDAY, Feb. 8.

IF YOU WANT TO KNOW
what metal calf medical men are worshipping, read
MEDICAL COMMON SENSE,
a curious book for curious people, and a good book for every one. Contents tables free, at Sinclair Tousey's, No. 121 Nassau-st., at the principal newspaper depots throughout the country, at E. Warner's, No. 1 Vesey-st., or of the author, Dr. E. B. FOOTE, No. 1,130 Broadway, New-York.

THE PROPRIETOR OF THE UNITED STATES ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL warns the public against C. W. HULBELL, who, he learns, is taking subscriptions and receiving money in behalf of said *Journal*. Said Hulbell has no connection with the *Army and Navy Journal*, and no authority to receive money or sign receipts; and the Publisher will be thankful for any information that may lead to his arrest. W. C. CHURCH, Publisher *Army and Navy Journal*, No. 192 Broadway, New-York.

POST-OFFICE NOTICE.—THE MAILS FOR Great Britain and the Continent, via Southampton and Hamburg, per steamer GERMANIA, and for Ireland, via Queenstown, per steamer CITY OF NEW-YORK, will close at this office on SATURDAY, the 6th day of February, at 10½ o'clock A. M., and at the up-town stations as follows: Stations A and B, 10 A. M.; Stations C and D, 9½ A. M.; Stations E and F, 9¼ A. M.; Station G, 9 A. M. ABRAM WAKEMAN, Postmaster.

GOLD WATCHES FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.—Fine Gold English Patent Lever Watches, $85, $90, $100, $125, $150 to $200 each.
Gold Hunting Detached Levers, $45, $50, $55, $60, $70, $80, $90, $100 to $200 each.
Gold Hunting Cylinder Watches, $40, $45, $50 to $75 each.
Enameled Watches, $60, $70, $80, to $300 each; some with diamonds on the outside of Case.
Gold Watches for Ladies at $25, $30, $35 and $40 each.
GEO. C. ALLEN, No. 415 Broadway,
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EAR-RINGS AND PINS, NEW STYLES, TWO, THREE, FIVE and EIGHT DOLLARS a set. For sale by GEO. C. ALLEN,
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Bids for the whole, or any part, of the above amount of Bonds will be received at the office of HALLGARTEN & HERZFELD, No. 42 Exchange-place, up to the 6th day of February.

NINETEENTH ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

NEW-YORK LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

Office, Nos. 112 and 114 Broadway.

JAN. 1, 1864.

Amount of Assets Jan. 1, 1863			$2,586,246 07
Amount of Premiums, Endowments, Annuities and Policy Fees received during 1863	$1,016,460 23		
Amount of Interest received and accrued	136,851 73		
Amount of prepayments by Agents	8,879 24	—1,162,191 19	
Total			$3,748,437 26
DISBURSEMENTS.			
Paid Losses by Death	$295,850 00		
Paid for Redemption of Dividends, Interest on Dividends, Annuities, and Surrendered and Canceled Policies	104,246 81		
Premiums and interest due on Southern Policies, and Balances due from Southern Agents and others—charged to Profit and Loss	236,126 64		
Premium Notes canceled	232,941 82		
Paid Salaries, Rent, Printing and Office Expenses	44,808 15		
Paid Commissions and Agency Expenses	151,816 28		
Paid Advertising and Physician's Fees	21,843 98		
Paid Taxes, Internal Revenue Stamps and Law Expenses	7,266 26	—1,094,899 34	
			$2,653,537 92
ASSETS.			
Cash on hand and in bank	$101,136 50		
Invested in United States Stocks, cost (Market value, $827,782.)	794,510 43		
Invested in New-York City B'k Stocks, cost (Market value, $53,561.)	52,561 50		
Invested in other stocks, cost (Market value, $72,742.)	54,892 50		
Loans on demand, secured by United States and other stocks (Market value, $132,279 50.)	96,400 00		
Real Estate, (Nos. 112 and 114 Broadway)	117,305 69		
Bonds and Mortgages, bearing 7 per cent. interest	379,430 00		
Premium Notes on existing Policies, drawing interest	825,477 50		
Quarterly and Semi-Annual Premiums due subsequent to Jan. 1, 1864	112,147 51		
Interest accrued to Jan. 1, 1864	54,407 37		
Rents accrued to Jan. 1, 1864	1,603 05		
Premiums on Policies in hands of Agents, and in course of transmission	61,465 48		
Amount of all other property belonging to the company	2,200 39	—$2,653,537 92	

The Trustees have declared a Scrip Dividend of THIRTY-FIVE PER CENT. upon all participating Life Policies now in force which were issued twelve months prior to Jan. 1, 1864, and a payment in cash, on and after the first MONDAY in March next, of the Fourth Installment of 20 per cent. upon dividends heretofore declared from 1850 to 1860 inclusive, to those holding certificates, UPON PRESENTATION AT THE HOME OFFICE. Those having credits will be allowed the same upon their notes at the settlement of next premium.

By order of the board.

WILLIAM H. BEERS, Actuary.

During the year 4,675 New Policies were issued insuring $11,339,234 45.

BALANCE SHEET OF THE COMPANY, Jan. 1, 1864.		
Assets as above		$2,653,537 92
Disposed of as follows:		
Amount of Adjusted Losses, due subsequent to Jan. 1, 1864	$42,200 00	
Amount of Reported Losses, awaiting proofs, &c.	56,000 00	
Reserved for Sundry Liabilities due to Agents and others	9,171 79	
Amount reserved for reinsurance of all Existing Policies, (valuations at 4 per cent. interest	1,735,126 93	
Special reserve for any increase of mortality beyond the Tables, Extra Risks and other contingencies	131,756 30	
Dividend Interest remaining unpaid	7,825 04	
Dividends declared prior to 1850 unpaid	6,417 00	
Present value of Dividends, 1850 to 1856 inclusive (valuation at 4 per cent. interest)	287,627 18	
Do. do. 1861 do. do.	71,205 00	
Do. do. 1862 do. do.	68,686 00	
Do. do. 1863 do. do.	79,385 00	
Do. do. 1864 do. do.	134,288 00	
Undivided Surplus	23,849 63	—$2,653,537 92

TRUSTEES:

MORRIS FRANKLIN,
JOHN M. NIXON,
JOHN S. BUSSING,
DAVID DOWS,
DANIEL S. MILLER,
WILLIAM BARTON,
WM. C. DUSENBURY,
JOHN E. WILLIAMS,
HENRY K. BOGERT,
THOMAS SMULL,
ISAAC C. KENDALL,
JOHN L. RODGERS,
JOHN MAIRS,
LORING ANDREWS,
RUSSELL DART,
WM. H. APPLETON,
ROBERT B. COLLINS,
PLINY FREEMAN,
DUDLEY B. FULLER,
WM. A. BOOTH.

MORRIS FRANKLIN, President.
ISAAC C. KENDALL, Vice-President.
WILLIAM H. BEERS, Actuary.
CORNELIUS R. BOGERT, M. D., GEORGE WILKES, M. D., } Medical Examiners.

CHICAGO AND GREAT EASTERN RAILWAY COMPANY, FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS, FOR $2,000,000.

SUBSCRIPTION BOOKS OPENED WITH Messrs. SCHUCHARDT & GEBHARD, Bankers, No. 21 Nassau-st., New-York.

The Chicago and Great Eastern Railway Company now offer for sale one million one hundred thousand dollars of their first mortgage bonds, in sums of one thousand dollars each, maturing in thirty years, bearing interest at the rate of Seven per cent. per annum, payable in the City of New-York, on the first days of April and October, in each year.

These bonds are secured by a first and only Mortgage on the property, income and franchises of the Railway Company, executed to Frederick Schuchardt and Henry Morgan, of the City of New-York, Trustees.

The remaining nine hundred thousand dollars of the Bonds are set apart and remain in the hands of the said Trustees, for the purpose of being exchanged for the indebtedness of the Chicago and Cincinnati Railroad Company, running from La Crosse to Logansport; this effected, the $2,000,000 will form a First and only Mortgage on a line of road 110 miles in length, extending from Chicago to Logansport, where it connects with the Cincinnati and Chicago Air-line Railroad, forming the shortest line by 40 miles, between Chicago and Cincinnati, and by 36 miles the shortest line between Louisville and Chicago.

It will also open, in connection with roads now in operation, entirely new and very direct lines from Chicago to New-York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, and all Eastern cities. The distance between Chicago and New-York by this route being shorter than by either of the existing lines via Dunkirk or Buffalo.

The road is now under contract, and the most strenuous efforts are being made to have it open for traffic during the Summer of 1864.

The interest on the Bonds maturing during the progress of the work has been provided for, and will remain on deposit with the Bankers of the Company, Messrs SCHUCHARDT & GEBHARD, No. 21 Nassau-st., to whom the Company refer for further particulars, and where subscription books for this loan have been opened.

W. D. JUDSON, President.

No. 37 William-st., New-York, Dec. 23, 1863.

LIVERMORE, CLEWS & CO.,

BANKERS AND U. S. GOVERNMENT LOAN AGENTS,
No. 32 Wall-st., New-York.
U. S. SECURITIES of all issues, purchased and for sale.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS, subject to be checked for at sight. STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD bought and sold on commission.

SIMONSON & BROWN

offer their services at the Board of Brokers, for the purchase or sale of Stocks, Bonds, Government Securities and Gold.

No. 39½ EXCHANGE-PLACE.

STATE OF NEW-YORK,
BANK DEPARTMENT, ALBANY, Jan. 29, 1864.

THE ALONZO WOOD & COMPANY'S Bank (Elbridge) has this day filed, in this office, a notice of the appointment of the Importers' and Traders' Bank, in the City of New-York, as agent for the redemption of its circulating notes, agreeable to the act entitled "An act to amend the several acts relating to Incorporated Banks, Banking Associations, and Individual Bankers," passed April 17, 1851.

H. H. VAN DYCK, Superintendent.

CHICAGO, BURLINGTON, AND QUINCY RAILROAD COMPANY'S SINKING FUND BONDS.—Agreeably to the provisions of the Trust Mortgage securing said Bonds, proposals will be received by the undersigned, at Boston, until noon on SATURDAY, the sixth day of February proximo, for the sale and delivery to me within five days thereafter, of Ninety-two or any portion thereof of the One Thousand Dollar Bonds of said Company, payable Jan. 1, 1883, also for any other Bonds of said Company, or of the Chicago and Aurora, or of the Central Military Tract Railroad Companies, for the Sinking Fund.

EDWARD L. BAKER,
Finance Committee of Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railroad Company.
BOSTON, Jan. 4, 1864.

GERMANIA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY Stock, Jersey City (Water Loan) Bonds, Metropolitan Gas Co. Stock for sale.
GEO. K. SISTARE, No. 27 William-st., Room No. 6.

FINANCIAL.

WHEELER & CO.

BROKERS IN

SPECIE, STOCKS

AND

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

NO. 35 WALL-ST.,

New-York.

CHARTERED MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LONDON AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

Paid up capital ....£500,000. Reserved fund....£100,000.

Head Office, No. 52 Threadneedle-st., London, E. C.

Court of Directors 1863–1864.

GEORGE GARDEN NICOL, Esq., Chairman,
DONALD LARNACH, Esq.,
GEORGE P. ROBINSON, Esq.,
GEORGE MAY, Esq.,
THOMAS STENHOUSE, Esq.,
Sir FREDERICK JAMES HALLIDAY, K. C. B.,
DAVID TRAIL ROBERTSON, Esq., ex-officio,
DAVID TRAIL ROBERTSON, Esq., Chief Manager.

LONDON BANKERS.

Bank of England, London Joint Stock Bank.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT

Bombay,
Colombo,
Singapore,
Shanghai,
Manila,
Calcutta,
Kandy,
Penang,
Yokohama, Japan,
Batavia,
Madras,
Galle,
Hong Kong,
Mauritius,
Bankok.

The undersigned grant mercantile credits on the above-named Institution, available in India and China, and all ports east of the Cape of Good Hope.

DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO.

McKIM BROS. & CO.,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,
No. 61 WALL-ST.,

DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES AND DOMESTIC AND STERLING EXCHANGE.
STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD BOUGHT AND SOLD EXCLUSIVELY ON COMMISSION.
Interest allowed on deposit accounts.
Business paper collected.
BALTIMORE FUNDS TAKEN ON FAVORABLE TERMS.
Advances made on satisfactory securities.

OFFICE OF THE COLUMBIAN (MARINE) INSURANCE CO.,
CORNER OF WALL AND NASSAU STS.,
NEW-YORK, Jan. 29, 1864. }

STATEMENT OF THE AFFAIRS OF THE COMPANY for the sixth fiscal year ending Dec. 31, 1863:

Premiums on unexpired risks, Dec. 31, 1862	$249,998 17	
Premiums received from that date to Dec. 31, 1863	3,002,258 59	
Total amount of premiums		$3,252,256 76
Premiums marked off, as earned during the year, (less return premiums,) and interest received on investments		$2,362,842 02
Losses paid during the year	$1,021,150 50	
Reinsurances, expenses, State and Government taxes	204,628 19—	1,225,778 69
Excess of earned premiums over losses, &c.	$1,137,063 33	
Add undivided balance of Dec. 31, 1862	117 68—	1,137,181 01
Reserve for estimate claims unadjusted and other contingencies		441,206 49

In accordance with the provisions of the Charter of the Company, the Board of Directors have resolved to apply the profits of the year as follows:

Profits to be divided	$695,974 52	
Cash dividend to dealers holding certificates of return, on premiums earned during the year and paid, payable on and after Feb. 10, 1864	269,614 80—	426,359 72
Deduct dividend already paid to Stockholders, being accrued interest, (free of Government tax,) on cash Capital		57,895 20
		$368,464 52
Deduct interest on Scrip issue of 1862, payable (free of Government tax) on and after March 10, 1864, being 6 per cent. on amount of such issue		1,747 20
		$366,717 32
Of this residue thirty per Cent. will be paid in cash to Stockholders on and after March 10, 1864, (free of Government tax,) as follows: On old stock 12 per Cent., and on new stock 10 per Cent.		110,000 00
		$256,717 32
There will also be a Scrip Dividend, payable (free of Government tax) on and after June 1, 1864, on the cash capital, as follows: On old stock 7 per Cent., and on new stock 5 per Cent., making the total dividend for the year paid to Stockholders equal to 26 per cent.		
Payable in cash on and after March 10, 1864, (free of Government tax,) to Makers of Security Notes, being 4 per Cent. on amount of such notes		1,313 50
		$255,403 82
Payable in Scrip (free of Government tax,) on and after June 1, 1864, to Dealers on Earned Premiums on Risks terminating without loss, (estimated at $1,700,000,) 15 per cent.		255,000 00
Undivided Balance		$403 82
The Company have the following Assets:		
United States, New-York City and other Stocks		$330,375 00
Accrued Interest, Gold at market value, Salvages and other Securities		714,992 61
Cash in Banks and Loans on demand		651,517 81
Bills Receivable, and Premium Notes		1,413,670 94
Scrip of Insurance Companies, Balances due from Agents, and sundry claims due the Company		30,374 44
Total amount of Assets		$3,140,930 80

To the President and Board of Directors of the Columbian Insurance Company:

We hereby certify that we have compared the above statement with the Balance Sheet of the Company, and the Balance Sheet with its Books, and found them to conform.

We have also examined the Cash Bank Balance, Securities, Bills Receivable and other Assets, and found them to conform accurately with the above statement made by the Company.

EDWARD ROWE,
JOSEPH MORRISON,
ALBERT G. LEE,
DAN'L. W. TELLER. } Committee.

JAN. 29, 1864.

On and after 1st February, 1864, Dealers with this Company will be allowed the option (to be signified at the time of application for insurance) of receiving in lieu of scrip, at the end of each year, returns in cash, (guaranteed by certificate) of premiums paid and earned during the year, whether loss accrues or not, upon all new risks under the New-York form of policy, as follows:

1st. Upon all Voyage Risks upon Cargo, a return of twenty-five per cent.

2d. Upon Voyage Risks upon Freight, a return of twenty per cent.

3d. Upon Time Risks upon Freight, and upon Voyage and Time Risks upon Hulls, a return of ten per cent.

Such privilege, however, being confined to persons and firms, the aggregate of whose premiums upon such policies earned and paid during the year, shall amount to the sum of one hundred dollars.

DIRECTORS:

EDWARD ROWE,
DANIEL W. LORD,
GEORGE MILN,
JOHN ATKINSON,
THOS. A. C. COCHRANE,
WM. H. HALSEY,
THOS. BARRON,
ROLAND G. MITCHELL,
ALBERT G. LEE,
GEO. P. DESHON,
O. L. NIMS,
M. F. MERICK,
WM. B. OGDEN,
JOHN ARMSTRONG,
B. C. MORRIS,
ANDREW J. RICH,
DANIEL W. TELLER,
JOHN D. BATES, JR.,
CHARLES HICKOX,
ROBERT BOWNE,
LAWRENCE MYERS,
S. N. DERRICK,
MOSES MERICK,
DAVID J. ELY,
JOSEPH MORRISON,
WM. H. POPHAM,
B. C. MORRIS, JR.,
EZRA NYE,
HENRY J. CAMMANN,
THOMAS LORD,
ROBERT S. HOLT,
J. B. GRIFFIN.

B. C. MORRIS, President.
THOS. LORD, Vice-President.
WM. M. WHITNEY, Second Vice-President and Secretary.

PUBLIC MINING BOARD.

NOTICE.

At the solicitation of many parties who are desirous of attending the meetings of the Board, otherwise engaged during the business hours of the day, the PUBLIC MINING BOARD will hereafter meet at 3½ o'clock P. M., at No. 52 William-st, instead of 11 o'clock A. M., as heretofore. The annual admission fee from this day will be $250, payable in advance, which will entitle members to buy and sell at the Board for 12 months without any additional charge.

ALBERT H. NICOLAY, Manager.

Feb. 4, 1864.

EDWARD KING

offers his services at the Board of Brokers for the purchase or sale of STOCKS, BONDS AND GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

NO. 4 HANOVER-ST.

BROWN BROTHERS & Co.,

NO. 59 WALL-ST.,

ISSUE COMMERCIAL AND TRAVELERS' CREDITS FOR USE IN THE COUNTRY AND ABROAD.

ERIE RAILWAY COMPANY, NEW-YORK, Jan. 22, 1864.

NOTICE.—THE HOLDERS OF SUCH BONDS (known as the Second Mortgage Bonds) of the New-York and Erie Railroad Company as have not been extended for the term of twenty years from the date of their maturity, are hereby notified that from and after the 29th day of February next, interest will cease, and the principal sum due on all such bonds will be paid on their presentation at the office of the Erie Railway Company.

HORATIO N. OTIS, Secretary.

NOTICE.—TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE "MANLEY PADDLE WHEEL COMPANY." —The Manley Paddle Wheel Company being desirous to call a meeting of the stockholders of said Company for the purpose of increasing its capital stock, hereby give notice that a meeting of the stockholders of said Company is hereby called for said purpose under the provisions of sec. 21 of an act entitled "An Act to authorize the formation of corporations for manufacturing, mining, mechanical or chemical purposes," passed Feb. 17, 1848. The said meeting will be held at the office of GENETS & GOEPP, No. 137 Broadway, Room No. 8, at 12 o'clock at noon, on the 6th day of February next. The amount to which it will be proposed at said meeting to increase the capital is $500,000.

NEW-YORK, Jan. 14, 1864.

JOHN EGERTON,
HENRY COGGILL,
GEORGE E. STONE, } Trustees.

OFFICE OF THE PENNSYLVANIA COAL COMPANY,
No. 111 BROADWAY,
NEW-YORK, Jan. 26, 1864. }

INTEREST ON BONDS OF THE PENNSYLVANIA COAL COMPANY will be paid at the Company's office in New-York on and after Feb. 1 prox. The bond transfer books will be closed from the 20th January to 1st February, both inclusive.

GEO. A. HOYT, Treasurer.

FINANCIAL.

FISK & HATCH.

BANKERS AND DEALERS
IN
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES
No. 38 WALL-ST,
BUY AND SELL AT MARKET RATES
U. S. 5-20 BONDS.
U. S. COUPON AND REGISTERED BONDS 1'81.
U. S. 7.30 TREASURY NOTES.
U. S. ONE YEAR CERTIFICATES.
U. S. QUARTERMASTERS' CHECKS.

U. S. QUARTERMASTERS' AND ORDNANCE VOUCHERS, the NEW U. S. FIVE PER CENT. LEGAL TENDER NOTES, and all GOVERNMENT issues.

BANKS, SAVINGS BANKS and investors will find us prepared at all times to furnish desirable lots of these Securities in large or small amounts.

DEPOSITS received and COLLECTIONS made on favorable terms. STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD bought and sold on commission.

FISK & HATCH,
BANKERS and DEALERS
In GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.
NO. 38 WALL-ST.

DREXEL, WINTHROP & CO'

NO. 40 WALL-ST.,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
DEALERS IN
UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT SECURITIES AND GOLD.

Stocks and Bonds bought and sold at the Brokers' Board on commission. Mercantile collections made on all points in the United States and Canada.

OFFICE OF VERMILYE & CO., BANKERS,
No. 44 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK. }

WE HAVE NOTICE FROM THE GENERAL Subscription Agent Five-Twenty Loan, that the whole amount of this Loan authorized by law has been taken by subscribers. We cannot, therefore, furnish, as heretofore, the Bonds at par and interest.

We shall be pleased to fill orders for these Bonds at market rate, and shall endeavor to keep constantly on hand, ready for immediate delivery, a full assortment.

We also buy and sell all kinds of Government Stocks:

The new 5 per cent. Interest-bearing Legal-Tender Notes.

6 per cent Certificates of Indebtedness.

7 3-10 Treasury Notes.

6 per cent. Coupon and Registered Bonds, 1881.

U. S. Quartermaster Checks.

Maturing certificates collected or cashed on favorable terms.

VERMILYE & CO.,
JAN. 22, 1864. Govt. Agents Five-Twenty Loan.

STATEMENT
OF THE
GREAT WESTERN MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY,
NEW-YORK.

For the fiscal year ending Dec. 31, 1863, as required by Charter.

Premiums on outstanding Risks, Dec. 31, 1862		$275,804 30
Premiums received on Marine Risks, from Jan. 1, 1863, to Dec. 31, 1863		2,200,397 27
Total Marine Premiums		$2,476,201 57
Premiums marked off from Jan. 1, 1863, to Dec. 31, 1863, less return premiums	$1,741,616 31	
Interest received and accrued, profits on Exchange, &c.	336,793 43—	2,078,409 74
Losses adjusted and paid, and estimated losses, less salvages	$1,337,312 34	
Expenses, commissions, taxes and July interest	169,813 24	
The Company has the following assets:		
Cash in bank, and funds in hands of London bankers	$796,533 35	
United States and City Bonds and Bank Stocks	192,213 00	
Scrip held by Company	56,693 20	
Accrued interest to be received	13,058 17	
Real estate and loans on bonds and mortgages	326,760 26	
Loans on demand	438,100 00	
Bills receivable	1,078,777 03—	2,902,145 01

Six per cent. interest on the outstanding certificates of profits will be paid to the holders thereof, or their legal representatives, on and after Tuesday, the 2d of February next.

A Cash Dividend of Eight and a half per cent. will be paid to stockholders, on and after the 20th of January inst.

After reserving over two million dollars capital and surplus, the balance of the outstanding certificates of the scrip issue of 1858, and fifty (50) per cent. of the scrip issue of 1859 will be redeemed and paid to the holders thereof, or their legal representatives, on and after Tuesday, the 2d of February next; from which date all interest on the respective portions indicated will cease.

A Scrip Dividend of Twenty-five per cent. is declared on the net earned participating premiums of the Company for the year ending Dec. 31, 1863, for which certificates will be issued on and after the 1st day of April next.

The stock transfer books will be closed until the 20th of January inst.

The scrip transfer books will be closed until the 2d of February next.

By order of the Board.

DOUGLAS ROBINSON, Secretary.

NEW-YORK, 14th January, 1864.

DIRECTORS.

W. C. PICKERSGILL,
WM. H. GUION,
SAML. D. BABCOCK,
JAS. M. BROWN,
N. CHANDLER,
GEO. W. HENNINGS,
ROBT. M. OLYPHANT,
W. B. DUNCAN,
H. F. SPAULDING,
J. L. ASPINWALL,
JOHN ALLEN,
GUSTAVUS KUTTER,
L. H. BRIGHAM,
J. A. MECKE,
JOHN R. GARDNER,
JAMES BENKARD,
WM. M. EVARTS,
ROBERT SPEDDING,
JOHN R. JOHNSTON,
FRED. G. GEBHARD,
SAMUEL B. CALDWELL,
WILSON G. HUNT,
J. J. CRANE,
J. PIERPONT MORGAN,
GEORGE W. BEE,
WM. WRIGHT,
EMIL HEINEMANN,
THOS. SLOCOMB,
GEO. A. PHELPS, JR.,
M. A. SORCHAN.

RICHARD LATHERS, President.
JOHN A. PARKER, Vice-President.
JAMES F. COX, 2d Vice-President.
DOUGLAS ROBINSON, Secretary.

The Company having established branch offices at London under the management of Messrs. JOHN PICKERSGILL & SON, and at Liverpool under the management of Messrs. GUION & CO., risks will be taken in London and Liverpool on shipments to and from all parts of the world on the same terms and conditions as are obtained from first-class companies in England. Losses under policies issued by these branches will be adjusted and paid either at London, Liverpool or New-York, as may be agreed on when the risks are taken.

OFFICE OF THE ATLANTIC MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY, NEW-YORK, Jan. 26, 1864. }

THE TRUSTEES, IN CONFORMITY TO the charter of the Company, submit the following statement of its affairs on the 31st December, 1863:

Premiums received on Marine Risks, from 1st January, 1863, to 31st December, 1863	$8,214,398 93
Premiums on Policies not marked off 1st January, 1863	1,790,602 24
Total amount of Marine Premiums	$10,005,001 17
No Policies have been issued upon Life Risks nor upon Fire Risks disconnected with Marine Risks.	
Premiums marked off from 1st January, 1863, to 31st December, 1863	$7,597,666 56
Losses paid during the same period	3,865,651 04
Returns of premiums and expenses	1,082,967 48
The Company has the following assets, viz.:	
United States and State of New-York Stock, City, Bank and other Stocks	$3,492,631 30
Loans secured by Stocks and otherwise	1,450,700 00
Real Estate and Bonds and Mortgages	193,760 00
Dividends on Stocks, interest on Bonds and Mortgages and other Loans, sundry Notes, reinsurance and other claims due the Company, estimated at	104,964 51
Premium Notes and Bills receivable	3,278,676 63
Cash in Bank	744,813 88
Total amount of Assets	$9,265,546 32

Six per cent. interest on the outstanding certificates of profits will be paid to the holders thereof, or their legal representatives, on and after TUESDAY, the 2d of February next.

After reserving three and one-half million dollars of profits, the outstanding certificates of the issue of 1862 will be redeemed and paid to the holders thereof, or their legal representatives, on and after Tuesday, the 2d of February next, from which date all interest thereon will cease. The certificates to be produced at the time of payment, and canceled.

A dividend of forty per cent. is declared on the net earned premiums of the Company, for the year ending 31st December, 1863, for which certificates will be issued on and after Tuesday, the 5th of April next.

The profits of the Company, ascertained from the 1st of July, 1842, to the 1st of January, 1863, for which certificates were issued, amount to	$14,328,880
Additional from 1st January, 1863, to 1st January, 1864	2,630,000
Total profits for 21½ years	$16,958,880
The certificates previous to 1862 have been redeemed by cash	11,690,210
Net earnings remaining with the Company on 1st January, 1864	$5,268,670

By order of the Board.

W. TOWNSEND JONES, Secretary.

TRUSTEES.

John D. Jones,
Charles Dennis,
W. H. H. Moore,
Thomas Tileston,
Henry Coit,
Wm. C. Pickersgill,
Lewis Curtis,
Chas. H. Russell,
Lowell Holbrook,
P. A. Hargous,
R. Warren Weston,
Royal Phelps,
Caleb Barstow,
A. P. Pillot,
Leroy M. Wiley,
Daniel S. Miller,
S. T. Nicoll,
Joshua J. Henry,
Geo. G. Hobson,
David Lane,
James Bryce,
W. Sturgis, Jr.,
Henry K. Bogert,
A. A. Low,
William E. Dodge,
Dennis Perkins,
J. Gaillard, Jr.,
J. Henry Burgy,
Cor. Grinnell,
C. A. Hand,
Watts Sherman,
E. E. Morgan,
B. J. Howland,
Benj. Babcock,
Fletcher Westray,
R. B. Minturn, Jr.,
G. W. Burnham,
Fred. Chauncey,
James Low.

JOHN D. JONES, President.
CHARLES DENNIS, Vice-President.
W. H. H. MOORE, 2d Vice-President.

OFFICE OF THE McGREGOR WESTERN RAILWAY CO.,
No. 8 WALL-ST.,
NEW-YORK, Jan. 22, 1864. }

THE COUPONS FROM THE FIRST Mortgage Bonds (Eastern Division) of the McGregor Western Railway Company, due Feb. 1, 1864, will be paid on and after that date on presentation at this office.

H. H. BOODY, Agent.

MEYLERT & CO.,

No. 6 Wall-st.,
BANKERS & BROKERS.

Stocks, Bonds and Gold bought and sold on commission. Collections made on all accessible points. Money received on deposit.

WANTED—BY A GENTLEMAN OF CAPITAL, position, education, and a good linguist, a situation of trust and confidence; can refer to many of the first bankers and merchants in New-York. Address H. C., Station D, Bible House.

FINANCIAL.

STATEMENT OF THE
MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF NEWARK, N. J.

JANUARY 1, 1864.

AGENCY, NO. 137 BROADWAY.

Balance, per statement Jan. 1, 1863			$4,439,231 77
Received for premiums during the year 1863		$1,209,519 40	
Received for interest during the year 1863		319,272 04	
Total receipts for 1863		$1,528,791 44	
Paid Claims by death	$287,500 00		
Paid Policies purchased	26,970 39		
Paid Salaries, Advertising, Postage, Exchange, &c.	38,533 05		
Paid Taxes	15,167 65		
Paid Commissions to Agents	90,130 15		
Paid Physicians' Fees	10,439 50		
Paid Annuities	1,681 00		
Paid Return Premiums	211,864 87	—$682,[illegible]	—$846,504 23
Net Balance Jan. 1, 1864			$5,285,736 00
ASSETS.			
Cash on hand		$144,460 42	
United States Securities		1,026,290 00	
Bonds of the State of New-Jersey		50,800 00	
City and County Bonds of New-Jersey and New-York		361,804 14	
Real Estate		79,359 56	
Bonds and Mortgages on Real Estate, worth double the amount loaned		1,989,447 53	
Loans on Policies in force		1,535,400 48	
Loans on Scrip		4,454 77	
Annuity Bond State of Massachusetts		800 00	
Premiums in course of transmission from Agents		93,809 10	—$5,285,736 00
Interest accrued unpaid			121,274 69
			$5,407,010 69
Total amount of Claims by Death paid to Jan. 1, 1864			$3,213,833 80
Total amount of Return Premium paid to Jan. 1, 1864			$2,130,935 99

The Directors have, from the surplus on hand, ordered a return of premiums to be made to all policies entitled to Return Premiums issued prior to Jan. 1, 1863, as follows: A DIVIDEND OF 45 PER CENT., AND A SPECIAL DIVIDEND OF 5 PER CENT., (MAKING 50 PER CENT.,) on the premiums paid in 1862, payable in conformity with the rules of the company, viz.: In scrip where the premiums have been paid in cash, and where there is an indebtedness to the company, the amount will be credited.

The Directors have also ordered the payment of the SIXTEENTH DIVIDEND (that declared Jan. 1, 1862,) to the members who are entitled to the same, when their annual premiums become due, during the year 1864; those holding SCRIP to be allowed the same as CASH in payment of premiums, and others to be credited the amount on their notes as they mature.

DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS.

LEWIS C. GROVER,
HENRY McFARLAN,
CHAS. S. MACKNET,
A. S. SNELLING,
RANDALL H. GREENE,
I. H. FROTHINGHAM,
JOHN R. WEEKS,
NEHEMIAH PERRY,
EDWARD A. STRONG,
JOSIAH O. LOW,
JOS. A. HALSEY,
BENJ. C. MILLER.

LEWIS C. GROVER, President.
BENJ. C. MILLER, Vice-President.
EDWARD A. STRONG, Secretary.
AMZI DODD, Mathematician.
JAMES STEWART, M. D.,
JOS. B. JACKSON, M. D.,
GABRIEL GRANT, M. D., } Medical Advisers.

JOS. L. & J. P. LORD, Agents,
No. 137 Broadway.

TO PEORIA AND OQUAWKA FIRST AND SECOND MORTGAGE BONDHOLDERS.

TAKE NOTICE.

All parties who signed the agreement for reorganization of the PEORIA AND OQUAWKA RAILROAD COMPANY, (now LOGANSPORT, PEORIA AND BURLINGTON RAILROAD COMPANY,) who wish to avail themselves of the reorganization, must send their bonds and coupons, before the 20th inst., to the office of WESTON, DE BILLIER & CO., No. 24 Exchange-place, and receive Trustees' Certificates. Parties neglecting this notice will be compelled to receive their portion of net proceeds of sale of the road.

CHARLES L. FROST,
EDWARD WESTON,
H. G. MARQUAND, } Trustees.

FEB. 4, 1864.

IRVING BANK, NEW-YORK, Feb. 1, 1864.

AT AN ELECTION HELD THIS DAY AT the Banking House, the following named gentlemen were elected Directors for the ensuing year:

JOHN CASTREE,
DAVID B. MOSES,
JOHN ROMER,
VANDERB'T L. BUXTON,
HERMAN H. BRUNJES,
ISAAC ODELL,
WM. A. THOMSON,
CHAS. BURKHALTER,
JOHN T. WILSON,
HECTOR ARMSTRONG,
HARVEY P. FARRINGTON.

And for Inspectors of the next election.

JAMES WIGGINS,
ZIMRI WEST,
W. H. B. TOTTEN.

At the meeting of the Board of Directors on the morning of the 2d inst., JOHN CASTREE was unanimously reelected President.

DANL. V. H. BERTHOLF, Cashier.

OFFICE OF CHICAGO AND ALTON R. R. CO.,
CHICAGO, Feb. 1, 1864. }

THE HOLDERS OF THE PREFERRED Stock of this company are hereby notified that by order of the Board of Directors, the transfer books in New-York will be closed at 2 o'clock, P. M., on Monday the 8th inst., and will be reopened at 10 o'clock, A. M., on the 25th inst.

Holders of certificates, not registered at the United States Trust Company, are requested to exchange them before the closing of the books.

JOSEPH PRICE, Secretary.

FOURTH NATIONAL BANK,
OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.

NEW-YORK, Feb. 4, 1864.

Notice is hereby given that a further installment of 20 per cent. on the capital stock of this bank, will be required to be paid in, on or before THURSDAY, the 18th day of February next, at the Banking House, No. 29 Pine-st.

GEORGE OPDYKE, President.

OFFICE MARIETTA AND CINCINNATI RAILROAD CO.,
AS REORGANIZED.
CHILLICOTHE, Ohio, Jan. 30, 1864. }

THE COUPONS DUE FIRST FEBRUARY, 1864, on the first mortgage bonds of the Marietta and Cincinnati Railroad Company, as reorganized will be paid on presentation at the office of Messrs. WINSLOW, LANIER & CO., New-York City.

W. E. WATSON, Secretary.

MECHANICS' BANK, NEW-YORK, Jan. 29, 1864.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of this bank will be held at the banking house on Tuesday, the 9th of February next. The poll will open at 12 M. and close at 2 P. M.

WM. H. COX, Cashier.

DIVIDENDS.

59TH DIVIDEND.

BROOKLYN FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
NO. 18 WALL-ST.

CAPITAL	$153,000 00
SURPLUS	131,949 15
ASSETS	284,949 15
UNSETTLED LOSSES	350 00

The usual semi-annual Dividend of TEN (10) PER CENT. and the Government Tax (payable on demand) has THIS DAY been declared from the profits of the last six months.

FRANCIS P. FURNALD, President.
CHARLES BURKHALTER, Vice-President
JOHN W. CHENEY, Secretary.
JANUARY 2, 1864.

OFFICE OF
WASHINGTON INSURANCE COMPANY,
No. 172 Broadway, corner Maiden-lane.

NEW-YORK, Feb. 2, 1864.

DIVIDEND.—A Dividend of Eight (8) per cent. is this day declared, payable on demand in cash to stockholders.

Also, an Interest Dividend of Six (6) per cent, on outstanding Scrip, payable 15th inst.

Also, a Scrip Dividend of Sixty (60) per cent. on the earned premiums of policies entitled to participate in the profits for the year ending 31st January, 1864. The Scrip will be ready for delivery on and after the 15th March prox.

WM. K. LOTHROP, Secretary.

THE NEW-YORK CENTRAL RAILROAD COMPANY,
TREASURER'S OFFICE, ALBANY, Jan. 20, 1863.

TWENTY-FIRST SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND.—The Directors of this Company have declared a Semi-Annual Dividend of Five Per Cent. on the capital stock thereof, free of the United States Income tax, payable on the twentieth day of February next.

Dividends in New-York will be paid at the office of DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO.; in Boston, at the office of J. E. THAYER & BROTHER; in Albany, at the Albany City Bank.

The transfer books will be closed at the close of business on SATURDAY, the 30th day of January inst., and be reopened on the morning of WEDNESDAY, the 24th day of February next.

JOHN V. L. PRUYN, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE DELAWARE AND HUDSON CANAL CO.,
NEW-YORK, Feb. 1, 1864. }

THE BOARD OF MANAGERS OF THIS Company have declared a semi-annual dividend of TEN PER CENT. (free from Government tax) out of the profits of the Company, payable on and after the 15th day of February inst., at the office of the Company, No. 29 William-st., corner of Exchange-place. The transfer books are now closed, and will remain closed until the morning of the 13th inst. By order of the Board.

ISAAC N. SEYMOUR, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE PEOPLE'S FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
NEW-YORK, Jan. 29, 1864. }

DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS have this day declared a semi-annual Dividend of FIVE (5) PER CENT. free of Government tax, payable on and after the 3d of February next. The transfer books will be closed until after that date. By order,

WM. S. MARTIN, Secretary.

ST. MARK'S FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
OFFICE NO. 67 WALL-ST.,
NEW-YORK, Feb. 2, 1864. }

DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS have this day declared a Semi-Annual Dividend of Five (5) Per Cent., payable on demand, free of Government Tax.

WASHINGTON POST, Secretary.

NEW-YORK, Jan. 14, 1864.

DIVIDEND.—MANHATTAN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.—A Dividend of Ten per Cent. has been declared, payable the 18th inst., at the office of the Company, No. 68 Wall-st. By order of the Board.

ANDREW J. SMITH, Secretary.

DIVIDENDS.

NEW-YORK AND NEW-HAVEN RAILROAD CO.,
CORNER 4TH-AV. AND 27TH-ST.,
TREASURER'S OFFICE, Jan. 6, 1864. }

A DIVIDEND OF THREE DOLLARS per share, free from Government Tax, has THIS DAY been declared on the capital stock of the Company, payable on and after MONDAY, the 15th day of February next.

The transfer books will be closed on the 30th inst., and reopened upon the morning of the 15th of February.

W. BEMENT, Treasurer.

OCEAN BANK, NEW-YORK, Jan. 30, 1864.

DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of this Bank have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of Four (4) per Cent., free from Government tax, out of the profits of the last six months, payable on and after the 10th day of February next. The Transfer books will be closed from the 4th to the 10th of February, inclusive.

CHARLES PALMER, Cashier.

BANK OF THE MANHATTAN COMPANY,
NEW-YORK, Feb. 1, 1864. }

THE PRESIDENT AND DIRECTORS OF the Manhattan Company have declared a semi-annual dividend of five per cent. (free from Government tax,) out of the profits of the last six months, payable on and after WEDNESDAY, the 10th inst.

J. S. HARBERGER, Cashier.

BUFFALO & STATE LINE RAILROAD CO.,
TREASURER'S OFFICE, Buffalo, Jan. 20, 1864. }

THIS COMPANY WILL PAY ITS USUAL semi-annual dividend of five per cent. (free of Government tax) on the 1st proximo, at its office, in Buffalo.

HENRY L. LANSING, Treasurer.

NORTHWESTERN INSURANCE COMPANY,
AGENCY OFFICE No. 60 WALL-ST.,
NEW-YORK, Feb. 2, 1864. }

THE NORTHWESTERN INSURANCE COMPANY of Oswego have declared a Semi-annual Dividend of Five (5) per cent., (free of Government tax,) payable to New-York stockholders at this office, on demand.

WM. LE COUNT, Agent.

LENOX FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
No 16 Wall-st. }

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS HAVE THIS day declared a Dividend of Five per cent., payable on demand, free of Government tax.

JAN. 13, 1864. WALTER M. FRANKLIN, Sec'y.

OFFICE OF YONKERS & NEW-YORK FIRE INSURANCE CO.
No. 161 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, Jan. 13, 1864.

DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS have this day declared a Dividend of Five (5) per Cent. payable on demand, free of Government tax.

JOHN W. MURRAY, Secretary.

CLINTON FIRE INS. CO., No. 52 WALL-ST.,
NEW-YORK, Jan. 7, 1864. }

DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS have this day declared a Semi-annual Dividend of Six per Cent., payable on demand, free of Government tax.

JAMES B. AMES, Jr., Secretary.

ORIENTAL BANK,
NEW-YORK, Feb. 3, 1864. }

A DIVIDEND OF THREE AND ONE half (3½) per cent., (free from Government tax,) has this day been declared payable on and after WEDNESDAY, the 10th instant. The transfer books will remain closed until that date.

W. A. HALL, Cashier.

OFFICE OF THE NEW-YORK FIRE AND MARINE INS. CO.,
NEW-YORK, Feb. 3, 1864. }

DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS have this day declared a Semi-Annual Dividend of SIX PER CENT., free of Government tax, payable on demand, at No. 72 Wall-street.

DANIEL UNDERHILL, Secretary.

BANK OF THE REPUBLIC, NEW-YORK, Jan. 29, 1864.

A DIVIDEND OF FOUR PER CENT., FREE of Government tax, is this day declared payable on and after Monday, Feb. 8, proximo.

HENRY W. FORD, Cashier.

INSURANCE.

COMMONWEALTH FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY

HAS REMOVED TO
No. 151 BROADWAY,
ONE DOOR ABOVE LIBERTY-ST.

JOSEPH HOXIE, President

GEORGE T. HAWS, Sec'y.

REMOVAL.—THE NORTH AMERICAN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, of the City of of New-York, have removed to No. 114 Broadway, between Pine and Cedar sts.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR FORAGE.

CHIEF QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
WASHINGTON DEPOT, Dec. 8, 1863. }

SEALED PROPOSALS are invited by the undersigned for supplying the United States Quartermaster's Department, at Washington, D. C., Baltimore, Md., Alexandria and Fort Monroe, Va., or either of these places, with Hay, Corn, Oats and Straw.

Bids will be received for the delivery of 5,000 bushels of corn or oats, and 50 tons of hay or straw, and upward.

Bidders must state at which of the above-named points they propose to make deliveries, and the rates at which they will make deliveries thereat, the quantity of each article proposed to be delivered, the time when said deliveries shall be commenced, and when to be completed.

The price must be written out in words on the bids.

Corn to be put up in good stout sacks, of about two bushels each. Oats in like sacks, of about three bushels each. The sacks to be furnished without extra charge to the Government. The hay and straw to be securely baled.

The particular kind or description of oats, corn, hay or straw, proposed to be delivered must be stated in the proposals.

All the articles offered under the bids herein invited, will be subject to a rigid inspection by the Government Inspector before being accepted.

Contracts will be awarded from time to time to the lowest responsible bidder, as the interest of the Government may require, and payment will be made when the whole amount contracted for shall have been delivered and accepted.

The bidder will be required to accompany his proposal with a guarantee, signed by two responsible persons, that in case his bid is accepted, he or they will, within ten days thereafter, execute the contract for the same, with good and sufficient sureties, in a sum equal to the amount of the contract, to deliver the forage proposed in conformity with the terms of this advertisement; and in case the said bidder should fail to enter into the contract, they to make good the difference between the offer of said bidder and the next lowest responsible bidder, or the person to whom the contract may be awarded.

The responsibility of the guarantors must be shown by the official certificate of a United States District-Attorney, Collector of Customs, or any other officer under the United States Government, or responsible person known at this office.

All bidders will be duly notified of the acceptance or rejection of their proposals.

The full name and Post-office address of each bidder must be legibly written in the proposal.

Proposals must be addressed to Brigadier-General D. H. Rucker, Chief Depot Quartermaster, Washington, D. C., and should be plainly marked "Proposals for Forage."

Bonds, in a sum equal to the amount of the contract, signed by the contractor and both of his guarantors, will be required of the successful bidder or bidders upon signing the contract.

Blank forms of bids, guarantees, and bonds, may be obtained upon application at this office.

FORM OF PROPOSAL.

(Town, County, and State.) ———
(Date) ———

I, the subscriber, do hereby propose to furnish and deliver to the United States, at the Quartermaster's Department, at ———, agreeably to the terms of your advertisement, inviting proposals for forage, dated Washington, Depot, Dec. 8, 1863, the following articles, viz.:

——— bushels of Corn, in sacks, at ——— per bushel of 56 pounds.
——— bushels of Oats, in sacks, at ——— per bushel of 32 pounds.
——— tons of baled Hay, at ——— per ton of 2,000 pounds.
——— tons of baled Straw, at ——— per ton of 2,000 pounds.

Delivery to commence on or before the ——— day of ———, 186 , and to be completed on or before the ——— day of ———, 186 , and pledge myself to enter into a written contract with the United States, with good and approved securities, within the space of ten days after being notified that my bid has been accepted.

Your obedient servant,

Brigadier-General D. H. RUCKER,
Chief Depot Quartermaster,
Washington, D. C.

GUARANTEE.

We, the undersigned, residents of ———, in the County of ———, and State of ———, hereby, jointly and severally, covenant with the United States, and guarantee in case the foregoing bid of ——— be accepted, that he or they will, within ten days after the acceptance of said bid, execute the contract for the same with good and sufficient sureties, in a sum equal to the amount of the contract, to furnish the forage proposed in conformity to the terms of advertisement dated Dec. 8, 1863, under which the bid was made, and, in case the said ——— shall fail to enter into a contract as aforesaid, we guarantee to make good the difference between the offer by the said ——— and the next lowest responsible bidder, or the person to whom the contract may be awarded.

Witness, { Given under our hands and seals this ——— day of ———, 186 .
[Seal.]
[Seal.]

I hereby certify that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, the above-named guarantors are good and sufficient as sureties for the amount for which they offer to be security.

To be certified by the United States District-Attorney Collector of Customs, or any other officer under the United States Government, or responsible person known to this office.

All proposals received under this advertisement will be opened and examined at this office on Wednesday and Saturday of each week, at 12 M. Bidders are respectfully invited to be present, at the opening of bids if they desire.

D. H. RUCKER,
Brigadier-General and Quartermaster.

QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, No. 6 STATE-ST.,
NEW-YORK, Feb. 2, 1864. }

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at this Office until 2 o'clock P. M. on MONDAY next, the 8th inst., for the cartage of all Government stores in the City of Brooklyn, which it may be the duty of this department to move, for the period of one year. Persons offering to perform this service are requested to state the price per carman's load of five barrels of pork, seven barrels of flour, or fifteen hundred pounds weight of other goods, for any distance not exceeding half a mile, with an increase of one-third for any additional half mile. The party to whom the contract may be awarded will be required to have in readiness at all times a sufficient number of teams to perform the service required, and to call at the office once a day, and as much oftener as circumstances may require, to receive orders.

If required, service must be performed at night, or on Sundays, without increased compensation.

No proposal will be received unless coming from a responsible party, nor unless accompanied by the names of two persons of responsibility who are willing to become surety for the party making the bid in the penal sum of five thousand dollars.

STEWART VAN VLIET,
Major and Quartermaster U. S. A.

FORAGE DEPARTMENT, No. 66 CEDAR-ST.,
NEW-YORK CITY.

WANTED—HAY, STRAW, CORN AND OATS, for which cash will be paid on delivery.

S. L. BROWN, Capt. and A. Q. M. U. S. A.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR ICE.

MEDICAL PURVEYOR'S OFFICE,
WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 1, 1864. }

Sealed Proposals will be received at this office until 12 M., February the 29th, for furnishing ice to the Medical Department of the Army during the present year, at the points herein designated. The ice to be stored by the contractor in properly constructed ice-houses at each point of delivery, on or before the 15th day of April next; the ice not to be receipted for until its quality, the fitness of the ice-house, and the manner in which it is packed shall have been approved by a medical officer appointed for the purpose, or by a Medical Inspector, and payment will be made only for the amount thus actually stored and receipted for.

The proposals will be for the quantities indicated below as required at the respective places, with the provision, that should more be needed at any time for the year's supply, it shall be furnished at the same rates and under the same conditions.

QUANTITY TO BE DELIVERED AT

Annapolis, Md.—Ice-house owned by the United States—150 tons.

Fortress Monroe, Va.—Ice-house owned by the United States—280 tons.

Point Lookout, Md.—Ice-house owned by the United States—200 tons.

Portsmouth, Va.—Ice-house not owned by the United States—100 tons.

Newbern, N. C.—Ice-house not owned by the United States—400 tons.

Hilton Head, S. C.—Ice-house owned by the United States—450 tons.

Beaufort, S. C.—Ice-house owned by the United States—300 tons.

Proposals will also be received for furnishing ice daily by weight for the year 1864, in such quantities as may be required by the Surgeons in charge at United States General Hospitals, upon the following annual estimate, in and near

Boston, Mass., 10 tons.
New-York, 800 tons.
New-Haven, Conn., 60 tons.
Portsmouth Grove, R. I., 120 tons.
Philadelphia, Penn., 1,300 tons.
Newark, N. J., 100 tons.
Washington, D. C., 2,500 tons.
Baltimore, Md., 500 tons.
Frederick, Md., 75 tons.

All additional amounts that may be required at these places until Jan. 1, 1865, are to be furnished at the same rates.

FORM OF PROPOSAL.

The undersigned proposes to furnish ——— tons of first quality of ice, carefully packed in suitable ice-houses, at the within-named points, namely:

at the following price per ton of two thousand pounds, namely, at

tons, at $——— per ton.

The ice to be subject to the inspection, measurement, and approval of a medical officer, or other properly appointed inspector, before being receipted for.

Payment to be made from time to time upon duplicate bills, certified to by the Medical Director.

Signed, ———

FORM OF PROPOSAL.

The undersigned proposes to furnish daily, or otherwise, all the ice required for the hospitals, upon approved requisitions of surgeons in charge, at or near the within-named points, at the following price per hundred pounds, namely:

$——— cts. per hundred pounds.

The ice shall be of the best quality, and subject to the approval of the surgeon in charge, who will receipt for the actual amount delivered at each hospital.

Payment to be made from time to time upon duplicate bills, certified to by the Medical Director.

Signed, ———

The above form of proposals will be adhered to as closely as practicable. Other forms will be received by the department and duly considered.

A proper guarantee that the bidder is able to fulfill the contract, certified to by the clerk of the nearest District Court or a United States District-Attorney, must accompany the proposal or it will be rejected.

An oath of allegiance to the United States Government must also accompany the proposal.

The contracts will be awarded to the lowest responsible party or parties, who will be duly notified, by mail or otherwise, that their bid is accepted, and they will immediately be required to enter into contract, under bonds to the amount of $5,000. Bonds to be properly certified to.

Bidders may be present in person when the Proposals are opened.

The Post-office address of the parties proposing must be distinctly written upon the Proposal.

Proposals must be addressed to HENRY JOHNSON, Medical S. K. and Purveyor, U. S. A., Washington, D. C.

The department reserves the right to reject any or all bids deemed unsuitable.

HENRY JOHNSON,
M. S. K. and Purveyor, U. S. A., Washington, D. C.

Printed forms of Proposals can be had at this office.

ALBANY RAILWAY.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Proposals will be received until Feb. 6, 1864, at noon, for the construction of six sections, or about eight miles of equivalent single track Street Railway, in the City of Albany and suburbs. To be laid with plate rail, about 45 pounds per yard, on timber sills and ties; to be commenced as early in the Spring as practicable, and completed on or before June 1, 1864, as per specifications and plans on exhibition at the office of the Chief Engineer.

Each offer must be accompanied by a written guarantee, duly executed by two or more responsible parties, binding themselves to become securities for the party proposing, in a penal sum of not less than $5,000 per mile of work proposed for. The Company reserve the right to accept either or neither of the proposals made, and to restrict the amount of any part of the proposed constructions.

Proposals may be made for the whole or any division of said work, and must be indorsed "Proposals for the Albany Railway," and addressed to

SAMUEL McELROY, Chief Engineer,
Office No. 45 North Pearl-st.,
Albany, N. Y.

PROPOSALS FOR BUNTING AND DRY GOODS.

BUREAU OF NAVIGATION, NAVY DEPARTMENT,
WASHINGTON, Jan. 25, 1864. }

Sealed Proposals will be received at this office until 12 M. on the 25th day of February next, for furnishing the requisite supply of Bunting and Dry Goods for the use of the navy at the Brooklyn Navy-yard during the balance of the year ending the 30th June, 1864.

Proposals must be indorsed "Proposals for Bunting and Dry Goods," and directed to the Chief of this Bureau.

The articles to be included in these proposals are particularly described in the printed schedules, copies of which may be obtained on application to the Navigation Officer at the Brooklyn Navy-yard or to the bureau. Samples will be seen and special information obtained on application to the Navigation Officer.

All articles must be delivered to the yard at the expense and risk of the contractor, in suitable packages, with his name properly marked thereon; and the articles must be subject to inspection, measurement, weight, &c., at the yard, and entirely satisfactory to the Navigation Officer thereat.

Every offer must be accompanied by a written guaranty, as required by law.

Sureties in the full amount will be required to sign the contract, and their responsibility certified to by a United States District Judge, Attorney, Collector or Navy Agent.

PROPOSALS FOR BOOTS.

NAVY DEPARTMENT,
BUREAU OF PROVISIONS AND CLOTHING,
Feb. 3, 1864. }

Sealed Proposals will be received at this Bureau until 2 o'clock P. M. on the 19th February inst., for five thousand pairs grained leather boots.

The boots must be of the best quality of oak-tanned grained leather, sewed with a square awl. All the sewing and stitching to be done with the hand, to correspond in every respect with the sample to be found at the Brooklyn Navy-yard, except that the sides shall be sewed with the hands, and not machine stitch, as on sample.

The same to be delivered at the Brooklyn yard at the rate of one thousand pairs every ten days, first delivery to be made within ten days after being notified of the acceptance of the proposal, and there undergo the usual inspection of the yard.

[No. 107.]

ARMY CLOTHING AND EQUIPAGE OFFICE,
CINCINNATI, Ohio, Feb. 1, 1864. }

PROPOSALS ARE INVITED BY THE undersigned, until WEDNESDAY, Feb. 10, 1864, at 12 o'clock M., for furnishing this department with

Drawers—Canton Flannel, Army Standard.
Shirts—Gray Flannel.
Bootees—Nos. 9 to 14.
Regimental Morning Report Books.
Post Morning Report Books.
Trowsers for Horsemen.
Trowsers for Footmen.
Blankets—Woolen.

To be delivered, free of charge, at the U. S. Inspection Warehouse, in this city, in good new packages, with the name of the party furnishing, the kind and quantity of goods distinctly marked thereon.

Parties offering goods must in all cases furnish samples, marked and numbered to correspond with their proposal, and distinctly state in their bids the quantity of goods they propose to furnish, the price and time of delivery.

Bids will be opened on WEDNESDAY, Feb. 10, 1864, at 1 o'clock P. M., at this office, and bidders are invited to be present.

Awards will be made on THURSDAY, Feb. 11, when bidders, or duly authorized agents, are expected to be prepared to give security that the goods will be furnished if an award is made.

The right to reject any bid deemed unreasonable is reserved.

By order of Col. THOMAS SWORDS, A. Q. M. G.

C. W. MOULTON,
Captain and A. Q. M.

ARMY CLOTHING AND EQUIPAGE OFFICE,
STEUBENVILLE, Ohio, Jan. 29, 1864. }

PROPOSALS ARE INVITED BY THE undersigned until Feb 12, 1864, for furnishing this department with

SKY-BLUE KERSEYS, ARMY STANDARD, to be delivered free of charge at Steubenville, O., in good new packages, with the name of the party furnishing, the kind and quantity of goods distinctly marked thereon.

Parties offering goods must in all cases furnish samples, marked and numbered to correspond with their proposal, and distinctly state in their bids the quantity of goods they propose to furnish, the price and time of delivery.

Bids will be opened on the 13th day of February, 1864, at 10 o'clock A. M., when bidders are invited to be present, and awards will be made as soon as practicable thereafter. Bidders or their duly authorized agents are expected to be prepared to give security that the goods will be furnished if an award is made. The right to reject any bid deemed unreasonable is reserved.

By order of Col. THOMAS SWORDS,
Acting Quartermaster-General.

ALEXANDER COUN, Captain and A. Q. M.

TO IRON WORKERS.

OFFICE CROTON AQUEDUCT DEPARTMENT,
ROTUNDA, PARK, Jan. 22, 1864. }

Sealed proposals will be received at this office until 12 M. of Wednesday, Feb. 10, 1864, at which hour they will be publicly opened, for furnishing and setting in place around the New Reservoir, about 3,300 lineal feet of iron railing. Drawings and specifications can be seen on application at the Engineer's office, Rotunda, Park.

THOMAS STEPHENS,
ROBERT L. DARRAGH,
W. CRAVEN,
Croton Aqueduct Board.

MEDICAL.

PRIVATE DISEASES CURED IN THE shortest possible time, by DR. WARD & CO., No. 50 Lispenard-st., near Broadway, without the use of Mercury, loss of time or change of diet. DR. WARD, from the hospitals of London, Paris, and Edinburgh, is the discoverer of the only certain and reliable remedies for diseases of a private character. In 28 years' practice he has cured more cases of Secret Diseases and Wrong Treatment than all others combined. I can and will cure you in less time and at less expense than any other can or will, and those who have been robbed of their money and health, call: it will take but little money and time to restore you. If you have been unfortunate, call at once. By his special experience in this much neglected branch of medical science, he is enabled to guarantee a cure in the most complicated cases. Recent cases of Gonorrhœa or Syphilis cured in a few days, without change of diet or hindrance from business. Secondary Syphilis—the last vestige eradicated without the use of Mercury. Involuntary emissions stopped in a short time. Sufferers from Impotency, or loss of sexual power, restored to full vigor in a few weeks. Permanently and speedily cured by a new treatment. Persons at a distance failing to receive prompt treatment elsewhere, may get a permanent cure effected by writing a full diagnosis of their case, addressed to Dr. WARD, No. 50 Lispenard-st., the only place. Call, send, or write for a circular.

SURE CURE—BY DR. POWERS, SUCCESSfully consulted with Dr. WARD, No. 50 Lispenard-st. Conducted on the plan of the Hospital des Veneriens, Paris, where those afflicted with any form of private disease can receive prompt treatment, without risk or exposure, viz.: Syphilis, gonorrhœa, gleet, strictures, ulcers, tumors, cancers, secondary and constitutional syphilis, diseases of the kidneys, &c., &c. Thirty years of extensive practice, exclusively devoted to the treatment of those complaints enable us to effect cures in cases where others of less experience have failed. Dr. Powers' Essence of Life restores the vigor of youth in four weeks. This marvelous agent restores manhood to the most shattered constitution—physical disqualifications, impediments to marriage, speedily cured. The men to consult, Drs. Ward and Powers, the champions and kings of venereal diseases, possessing the most certain, speedy and only effectual remedies in the world, guarantee a perfect cure, or no charge, in from one to three days. Established in 1840. Those who have used their preventives are never without. Send for a circular. To Ladies.—Dr. Powers' Periodical Drops are a safe and certain remedy for monthly irregularities. The above remedies sent by mail. The afflicted should read their circular. Postage free, on receipt of a stamp. Cures warranted.

AFFLICTED RESTORED! IGNORANCE EXPOSED! FALLACIES UNMASKED!—Highly important to both sexes, married or single, in health or disease. Dr. LARMONT'S Paris, London and New-York Medical Adviser and Marriage Guide, 80th edition, over 400 pages, nearly 100 figure illustrations upon mental and nervous debility, urinary deposits, involuntary loss of semen, impotency, affections of the bladder and kidneys, genito-urinary diseases and their consequences, the anatomy of the sexual organs of the male and female, latest researches in physiology; European hospital practice; quacks, recipes and specifics; the author's unequaled Paris and London treatment, &c. Mailed for $1, closely sealed, by the publisher, E. WARNER, No. 1 Vesey-st., Astor House.

All who would avoid unsuccessful and barbarous treatment with mercury, copaiba, injections, cauterizations, quack specifics, antidotes, instruments, &c., should read this original book, or consult the Doctor, No. 173 Broadway, (up stairs,) New-York, from 10 to 5.

"We concur with other papers in recommending Dr. Larmont and his work."—*Courrier des Etats Unis, Dispatch, Staats Zeitung, Atlas, Medical Review, &c.*

DR. COBBETT, MEMBER OF THE N. Y. University, (Medical College,) and Royal College of Surgeons, London, has removed from No. 19 Duane-st. to his present very convenient suite of offices at No. 22 Centre-st., between Chambers and Reade sts., with a private entrance at No. 6 City Hall-place, where he can be consulted with the most honorable confidence on all diseases affecting the urinary organs; thirty years in his present specialty, (three of which have been at the Hospitals of this City,) enable him to guarantee a cure in every case undertaken, or make no charge. Strictures of the urethra, impotency, seminal weaknesses, &c., treated on the most scientific principles. N. B.—As a proof of Dr. C.'s qualifications, he would call special attention to his Diplomas, which can be seen in his office.

DR. COOPER, NO. 14 DUANE-ST., MAY BE confidently consulted on all diseases of a private nature. A practice of 30 years, devoted to the treatment and cure of Syphilitic, Mercurial and diseases of a delicate nature, enables Dr. C. to make speedy and permanent cures, no matter of how long standing the case may be. Strictures of the urethra and seminal weakness, brought on by a secret habit, effectually cured. The victims of misplaced confidence, who have been misled by quack advertisements, can call on Dr. C. with the certainty of being radically cured or no charge made.

IMPORTANT TO THE MARRIED AND THOSE ABOUT TO BE MARRIED.—Dr. A. M. MAURICEAU, Professor of Diseases of Women, has just published the 160th edition of the valuable book, entitled "THE MARRIED WOMAN'S PRIVATE MEDICAL COMPANION," strictly intended for those whose health or circumstances forbid a too rapid increase of family. Price $1. Sold at his office, No. 129 Liberty-st., New-York; or can be sent by mail, free of postage, to any part of the United States and Canada, by inclosing $1, and addressing Box No. 1,224 New-York City. For sale by H. RICHARDSON, at No. 1 Vesey-st., (Astor House,) and 13 Ann-st.; FEDERHEN & CO., 13 Court-st., Boston.

MANHOOD AND THE VIGOR OF YOUTH regained in three days by Dr. POWERS' ESSENCE OF LIFE. This wonderful agent restores manhood to the most shattered constitution, radically curing Seminal Weakness, Sexual Debility, and impediments to marriage generally; Nervousness, Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from self-abuse, &c. The time required to cure the most inveterate case is one week. Failure is impossible. This life-restoring remedy should be taken by all about to marry, as its effects are permanent. Young man, are you subject to that soul and body destroying disease, secret habits? Dr. POWERS' Invigorating Essence is a never-failing cure. Sold by WALTER POWERS, M. D., No. 50 Lispenard-st., between Broadway and Church-st., New-York.

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY FOR GOUT AND RHEUMATISM.

All sufferers from the above complaints, either of recent or long standing, are advised to use Blair's Gout and Rheumatic Pills. They can be relied upon as the most safe and effectual remedy ever offered to the public, and have been universally used in Europe for many years with the greatest success.

Prepared by PROUT & HARSANT, No. 229 Strand, London, England; and sold by their Agents, F. C. WELLS & CO., 115 Franklin-st., and by most Druggists.

Her Majesty's Commissioners have authorized the name and address of "Thomas Prout, No. 229 Strand, London," to be impressed upon the Government stamp affixed to each box of the genuine medicine.

HUNDREDS UPON HUNDREDS HAVE ruined their health by using medicines containing calomel, or its kindred poisons. The unfortunate can rely on Dr. RODMAN'S SPECIFIC DROPS. They contain nothing injurious, and never fail in performing a speedy and permanent cure in all cases of private diseases, no matter how obstinate the case may be. They never have, and never will fail to cure. Can be obtained at No. 41 Division-st., New-York. Price $1, or sent to any address on receipt of price.

DR. WARD'S MAGICAL INVIGORATORS, IN the form of Pills, will, in fifteen minutes after being taken, make the recipient as vigorous as if nature had never been retarded or debilitated. To the unmarried or single, in every physical exigency, this unrivaled medicine is earnestly recommended as a complete restorative of the nervous system where manhood has been impaired. Procured of Dr. WARD, No. 50 Lispenard-st., between Broadway and Church-st. Call or send for circulars.

DR. POWERS' PERIODICAL DROPS are designed for both married and single ladies, and are the very best thing known for the purpose, as they will bring on the monthly sickness in cases of obstruction from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. Expressly for obstinate cases. Warranted as represented in every respect, or the price will be refunded. ☞ Beware of imitations! Purchase directly of Dr. POWERS, 50 Lispenard-st., N. Y.

TREATED FREE OF CHARGE.—BAKER'S kidney, gravel, and urinal remedies are the best that are known. Consultation by letter or in person, at No. 154 10th-st., near 4th-av., New-York. Fee, $5, including remedies. Patients unable to pay the above charge will be attended to free, from 3 to 4 P. M. Remedies sent to any address on receipt of above amount. Office hours from 10 to 3.

EPILEPTIC AND NERVOUS FITS—CURED by JOHN McDONALD, who may be consulted for the present at the Stevens House, No. 25 Broadway, every morning, from 9 till 12 o'clock. Satisfactory references given to parties who have been already cured, and to some of the most respectable medical practitioners in the City.

SOMETHING FOR EVERY LADY.—DR. WARD'S Great Female Benefactor or Golden Regulating Pills. Infallible in correcting, regulating and removing all obstructions, from whatever cause, and they will never disappoint the anxious patient. Office No. 50 Lispenard-st., near Broadway, where Dr. WARD can be consulted, confidentially, day and evening.

DR. RICORD'S ESSENCE OF LIFE RESTORES MANHOOD to the DEBILITATED in four weeks, from whatever cause arising. Price $3, or four quantities in one for $9.

PHILIP ROLAND, sole agent for the United States, 447 Broome-st., one door west of Broadway, New-York.

DOCTOR HUNTER'S BOTANIC TINCTURE AND ROOT EXTRACT will restore manhood and the vigor of youth in five days.

HUNDREDS ARE RUINED BEYOND redemption in this life by not calling on Dr. HUNTER at first: he has for thirty years confined his attention to diseases of a certain class, in which he has cured no less than fifty thousand cases. His remedies are mild, and there is no interruption to business or change of diet. Dr. HUNTER is in constant attendance from 8 o'clock in the morning until 10 at night, at his old office, No. 3 Division-st. Charges moderate and a cure guaranteed. Separate rooms, so that the patient sees no one but the Doctor himself. His wonderful medical discovery, Dr. Hunter's Red Drops, cures certain diseases, when regular treatment, and all other remedies fail; cures without dieting or restriction in the habits of the patient; cures without the disgusting and sickening effects of all other remedies; cures in new cases in less than six hours: cures without the dreadful consequent effects of mercury, and possesses the peculiarly valuable property of annihilating the rank and poisonous taint that the blood is sure to absorb unless his remedy is used. This is what he claims for it, and what no other will accomplish. It is $1 a vial, with a medical work on *Human Frailty, Nervous Debility, Early Indiscretion,* and consultation gratis.

DENTISTRY.

N. B. GRIFFIN & BROS., NO. 268 GRAND-st., New-York, and No. 257 Fulton-st., Brooklyn, are extracting Teeth positively without pain, by the use of nitrous oxide gas. No charge for extracting when artificial teeth are to be inserted. They are also inserting full sets of Teeth on Gold, $25; Platina, $25; Silver, $10; Rubber, $10. Partial sets on gold, $3; silver, $1. Extracting, 25 cents.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED.

HOUSE WANTED IN BROOKLYN.—Wanted to rent by a family of three, a small house in the vicinity of Wall-st. Ferry or near Clinton or Washington-av. Address Box No. 3,208 Post-office.

FIRST-CLASS LARGE FURNISHED house wanted to hire for three or four months. HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS,

BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR,
AND BETWEEN BOSTON AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT HALIFAX AND CORK HARBOR.
CANADA leaves Boston Wednesday, Feb. 3.
AUSTRALASIAN leaves New-York Wednesday, Feb. 10.
ASIA leaves Boston Wednesday, Feb. 17.
CHINA leaves New-York Wednesday, Feb. 24.
ARABIA leaves Boston Wednesday, March 2.
AFRICA leaves New-York Wednesday, March 9.

FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.

Chief Cabin Passage	$132 50
Second Cabin Passage	80 00

FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.

Chief Cabin Passage	$112 50
Second Cabin Passage	65 00

payable in gold, or its equivalent in United States currency.

Berths not secured until paid for.

An experienced Surgeon on board.

The owners of these ships will not be accountable for Specie or Valuables unless bills of lading having the value expressed are signed therefor.

For freight or passage apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

NATIONAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.

The undersigned will dispatch one of the undermentioned or other first-class full powered British built steamers from
NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL,
calling at Queenstown to land passengers and latest
TELEGRAPHIC DISPATCHES.

Ship.	Tons.	Commander.	To sail.
LOUISIANA	2,879	Brooking.	——
VIRGINIA	2,878	Grace.	——
PENNSYLVANIA	3,000		——

These steamers have been all built under the inspection of the Chief Surveyor to the Liverpool Underwriters' Registry of Iron Ships, they have extra water-tight compartments, and classed first class for 22 years.

They are fitted up for first, second, and third-class passengers, which are charged at the following rates:

First Cabin.......... $90 / 75 } Payable in Currency.
Steerage.......... 35

Dietary and accommodation unsurpassed by any other line of steamers.

For further particulars, apply to
WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 71 Wall-st.

STEAM WEEKLY TO LIVERPOOL—Touching at QUEENSTOWN, (CORK HARBOR.) The well-known Steamers of the Liverpool, New-York and Philadelphia Steamship Company are intended to sail as follows:

CITY OF NEW-YORK	Saturday	Feb. 6
EDINBURGH	Saturday	Feb. 13
CITY OF WASHINGTON	Saturday	Feb. 20

and every succeeding Saturday, at Noon, from Pier No. 44, North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE.
Payable in Gold, or its equivalent in Currency.

First Cabin	$80 00	Steerage	$30 00
First Cabin to London	85 00	Steerage to London	34 00
First Cabin to Paris	95 00	Steerage to Paris	40 00
First Cabin to Hamburg	90 00	Steerage to Hamburg	37 00

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Bremen, Rotterdam, Antwerp, &c., at equally low rates.

Fares from Liverpool or Queenstown: First Cabin, $75, $85, $105; Steerage, $30. Those who wish to send for their friends can buy tickets here at these rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's Offices.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent, No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

GALWAY LINE.

The Atlantic Irish Royal Mail Steam Navigation Company's first-class side-wheel steamships, sailing fortnightly:

ADRIATIC, 4,000 Tons. COLUMBIA, 3,000 Tons.
HIBERNIA, 3,000 Tons. ANGLIA, 3,000 Tons.

HIBERNIA, Capt. Moreland, will sail from New-York Feb. 9. Rates of passage:—First Cabin, $80 and $70; Steerage, $30; to St. John's, N. F., $40, $30 and $02. Gold or its equivalent.

THE MONTREAL O. S. S. COMPANY'S.

Steamship NOVA SCOTIAN, from Portland to Liverpool, Feb. 6. Rates of passage:—$80, $66 and $30.

Sight Drafts on the National Bank, payable at all its branches in England and Ireland.

For passage apply to
SABEL & SEARLE,
No. 23 Broadway, New-York.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS VIA HAVANA.

To sail on
SATURDAY, Feb. 6, at 3 o'clock P. M.,
The U. S. Mail Sidewheel Steamship
EVENING STAR,
W. R. BELL, Commander,
will sail as above from Pier No. 46, foot of King-st., N. R.
For freight or passage, apply to
JAMES A. RAYNOR,
No. 161 Broadway.

N. B.—The Steamship MORNING STAR will follow, and sail SATURDAY, Feb. 20.

FOR NEW ORLEANS DIRECT.

The new and first-class U. S. steamship,
GEORGE CROMWELL,
JNO. A. POST,
will leave Pier No. 9, N. R., on Saturday, Feb. 13, at 3 P. M.

Passage, with unsurpassed accommodation, $60.

No freight received or bills of lading signed on day of sailing.

For freight or passage, apply to
H. B. CROMWELL & CO.,
No. 86 West-st.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS—DIRECT.

The new and elegant U. S. Mail Steamship
YAZOU,
GEORGE W. COUCH, Commander,
will leave Pier No. 13 North River, for NEW-ORLEANS direct, on WEDNESDAY, Feb. 10, 1864, at 3 o'clock P. M., precisely.

No freight received or Bills of Lading signed on the day of sailing.

For freight or passage apply to
LUDLAM, HEINEKEN & CO., No. 115 Broadway.

FOR HAVANA, VIA NASSAU, N. P.

The British and North American Royal Mail Steam Packet Company's new steamer CORSICA, Capt. LE MESSURIER, will sail for the above ports, from the Company's Wharf, at Jersey City, on
MONDAY, 29th of February.
SATURDAY, 26th of March.

Passage money to Nassau	$45
Passage money to Havana	50

Payable in gold or its equivalent.

No freight received on day before sailing.

For freight or passage, apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU, No. 262 Broadway. Passports issued through J. B. NONES.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT OFFICE — Passports from the Department of State furnished by A. C. WILLMARTH, U. S. C. Buildings, 41 Chambers-st.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

A MORNING NEWSPAPER ROUTE IN Brooklyn for sale, containing over 1,000 subscribers, profits over $30 per week, ground covering the Heights. Will be sold cheap, or will sell it in separate parts. Apply at subscription desk *Times* Office, between 10 A. M. and 6 P. M., or at No. 323 Adelphi-st., Brooklyn, after 8 P. M.

PARTNER WANTED.—A SPECIAL OR GENeral partner, with $25,000 or $30,000, to take an interest in an establishment which is manufacturing patented machinery, and in which the proprietor has invested $50,000. The concern has a very desirable location down in the business part of the City, and the additional capital is needed to increase the business, which is done for cash. To any gentleman having the amount required, and a taste for mechanical pursuits, this is a rare opportunity, as the associations are of the most highly respectable character. Address a note to HENRY & CO., Box No. 2,134 Post-office.

LITERARY.—A GENTLEMAN, CORRESPONdent for several foreign journals, wishes to make arrangements with a respectable publisher for the publication in America of a politico-humoristic work, to appear in weekly numbers during a period of five to six months. Or to any enterprising person who understands the management of such an undertaking, a liberal share will be offered. Address G., Box No. 116 *Times* Office.

DRUG-STORE FOR SALE IN THE flourishing town of Newburgh, 60 miles from New-York City, on the Hudson River. For particulars, address DRUGGIST, Box No. 393, Newburgh, Orange County, N. Y.

FOR SALE.—THE DRUG STORE LOCATED AT No. 405 8th-av., near 31st-st., an old established stand, with stock, fixtures and good will. Apply to S. P. SMITH, No. 135 Maiden-lane.

FOR SALE—A LARGE BUTTER AND CHEESE stand, in one of the City markets. For particulars apply, after 6 P. M., at No. 25 Myrtle-av., Brooklyn.

SAVINGS BANKS.

BROADWAY SAVINGS INSTITUTION, No. 237 Broadway, entrance on Park-place, New-York, Jan. 13, 1864.—The trustees of this institution have directed that interest on deposits entitled thereto, at the rate of SIX PER CENT. per annum on sums not exceeding $500, and FIVE PER CENT. over $500, free from Government tax, will be paid on and after MONDAY, Jan. 18. Interest placed to the credit of depositors, if not withdrawn will draw interest the same as a deposit from Jan. 1. Bank open daily from 10 to 3 o'clock.
FRANCIS P. SCHOALS, President.
WADE B. WORRALL, Secretary.
PETER CUMMING, Accountant.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

THE COMMITTEE ON DONATIONS AND CHARITIES of the Board of Councilmen will meet on SATURDAY, at 12 o'clock, P. M., in Room No. 6, City Hall. All parties having business before the Committee are requested to attend.
SAMUEL T. WEBSTER, } Committee on
WILLIAM S. OPDYKE, } Charities and
JOHN BRICE, } Donations.

DANCING.

CLASSES FORMING AT J. H. SEARING'S PRIVATE DANCING ACADEMY,
No. 292 4th-av., near 23d-st. Private lessons daily.

A. DODWORTH'S DANCING ACADEMIES.
No. 204 5th-av., New-York.
No. 137 Montague-st., Brooklyn.
NEW-YORK CLASSES—Mondays and Thursdays or Wednesdays and Saturdays.
Children at 4, gentlemen at 8 P. M.
BROOKLYN CLASSES—Tuesdays and Fridays at 4 P. M. for children, at 8 P. M. for gentlemen.
At 10 A. M. on Saturdays for children and young ladies.

COAL.

LIVERPOOL COAL.—NOW LANDING FROM ship *Monarch of the Sea*, best house or red coal, in lots to suit purchasers. CORNELIUS GRINNELL, No. 26 Burling-slip.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE HIPPOTHEATRON

AND
NEW-YORK CIRQUE.
Fourteenth-st., opposite Academy of Music.
Proprietor and Director.......... JAMES COOKE
THIS NEW AND SUPERB
EQUESTRIAN TEMPLE,
Entirely constructed of Corrugated Iron,
WILL OPEN FOR WILL OPEN
THE SEASON, THE SEASON,
ON MONDAY EVENING, FEB. 8.

This Mammoth Iron Building is the first one ever designed and constructed specially for Hippodramatic performances, and has by far the largest seating capacity of any place of public amusement, in the United States; it also exceeds in size, elegance and comfort, any of the Imperial Cirques and Hippodromes of Continental Europe. It has been constructed regardless of outlay as
THE MODEL AMPHITHEATRE OF THE WORLD.
LAWRENCE B. VOLK, Architect; W. G. LORD, Contractor. The carpenter's work by Mr. LANTREY. The upholstering by Mr. HARGIN. The painting and decorations by Mr. H. WILSON. The steam and gas-fitting by OTTIWELL & CO.

The great features of marked excellence in this magnificent structure, are its beauty of form. The perfection of view afforded and the sterling comfort of the Auditorium, which will be thoroughly warm in Winter and equally cool in Summer.
GORGEOUSLY LIGHTED AND DECORATED,
it presents the most brilliant ensemble of refined elegance and artistic skill
EVER GIVEN TO THE WESTERN WORLD.
THE GRAND
HIPPOTHEATRONIC PERFORMANCES,
which will be presented on
MONDAY AND EVERY EVENING,
will be of the most brilliantly diversified character, embraced in a succession of ever-varying programmes, in which the grandest
CONSTELLATION OF STAR ARTISTS
EVER ASSEMBLED IN AMERICA
will appear in a rapid succession of
MARVELS OF EQUITATION,
Gracefully daring acts of "Noble Horsemanship," calculated
"TO WITCH THE WORLD WITH WONDER,"
Elegant and Astounding Feats of
GYMNASTIC SKILL, ACROBATIC DEXTERITY
AND ATHLETIC STRENGTH,
UNPARALLELED IN HIPPODRAMATIC ANNALS.
THE COMPANY
will embrace a number of our leading performers. The following
TRULY EMINENT ARTISTS:
MME. SCHMIDT, MME. VIRGINIA,
MISS ELIZA GARDINER, MLLE. ISABEL,
MME. DESOIRNE, MLLE. ROSALIE,
AND
MME. MARIE MACARTE.
The justly celebrated
SHERWOOD FAMILY,
MR. RICHD. HEMINGS, MR. DANIEL GARDINER,
MR. N. AUSTIN, MR. C. W. PARKER,
MR. H. NICHOLS, M. C. CONRAD,
MR. H. WILLIAMS, M. MORESTE,
MR. J. LAWRENCE, M. DOLINARI,
M. DARVIONI, MR. WM. KINCADE,
AND
MR. JAMES COOKE,
(The Courtly Jester.)
MR. S. LATHROP,
(The Grimaldi of the age.)
MR. N. AUSTIN,
(The Polichinelle of the Arena,)
PROFESSOR PARKER,
(The Parisian Grotesque.)
Master of the Horse.......... Mr. Horace Nichols.

The Grand Brass and String Bands will be UNDER THE DIRECTION OF MR. REIVES.

PRICES OF ADMISSION.—Dress Circle 50 cents. Amphitheatre 25 cents. Reserved Stalls 75 cents. Children under 10 half price. Tickets can be obtained at the box office, and at all the principal hotels. Doors open at 7¼. The performance commencing at 8. Carriages can be ordered at 10 o'clock.

WALLACK'S. FRIDAY.

Doors open at 7¼; Overture commences at 7¾; Curtain rises at its conclusion.
PARTICULAR NOTICE.

Reserved seats are retained until the conclusion of the first act. It is respectfully requested that parties securing such seats will be as punctual as possible, as there are many plays in which the first act does not last more than fifteen minutes.

Fourth time this season, Garrick and Coleman's standard comedy, the
CLANDESTINE MARRIAGE.

Lord Ogleby	Mr. Gilbert
Lovewell	Mr. Charles Fisher
Sterling	Mr. Mark Smith
Sir John Melville	Mr. Daly
Canton	Mr. John Sefton
Brush	Mr. W. R. Floyd
Miss Sterling	Mrs. Hoey
Mrs. Heidelberg	Mrs. Vernon
Fanny	Miss Madeline Henriques
Betty	Miss Ione Burke
Trusty	Miss Carman
Chambermaid	Miss Green

SATURDAY and MONDAY.
eighty-seventh and eighty-eighth nights of Mr. Lester Wallack's standard play,
ROSEDALE,
WITH ITS
BEAUTIFUL SCENERY,
NOVEL MACHINERY,
ORIGINAL MUSIC,
GREAT CAST, AND
ATTRACTIVE TABLEAUX.
ON TUESDAY
will be given (for the first time in this country) a new play, in four acts, recently produced in London with immense success, written by
WESTLAND MARSTON, ESQ.,
called
with PURE GOLD,
NEW AND SPLENDID SCENERY,
ORIGINAL MUSIC BY MOLLENHAUER,
COSTUMES, &c.
WEDNESDAY AND FRIDAY,
ROSEDALE.

GRAND CONCERT.

DEBUT IN AMERICA OF
MR. ALFRED H. PEASE, PIANIST.
Mr. ALFRED H. PEASE would announce his first Grand Concert, to take place at Dodworth's Hall, on MONDAY EVENING, Feb. 8, 1864, on which occasion he will be assisted by the following eminent artists:
MRS. JENNIE VAN ZANDT, Soprano;
HERR HABLEMANN, Tenor;
MR. J. R. THOMAS, Basso.
Further particulars in future advertisements.

MASTER EMIL MOLLENHAUER'S FIRST grand Concert will take place on Feb. 8, at Niblo's Saloon, Broadway. Tickets 50 cents, to be had at Beer & Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway; Latimer Bros. & Seymour's, No. 21 Nassau-st.

RAILROADS.

ATLANTIC AND GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY,

NEW BROAD GAUGE ROUTE.

Passenger trains leave New-York via the Erie Railway, from foot of Chambers-st., running through to Cleveland, Ohio, without change of cars, connecting with railroads for all principal cities in the West.

This Road is being extended, and will soon be in complete running order to Mansfield, Galion, Urbana, Dayton, Cincinnati and St. Louis, without break of gauge.
H. F. SWEETZER, General Superintendent.
T. B. GOODMAN, General Ticket Agent, Meadville, Pa.

NEW-YORK & FLUSHING RAILROAD.

Leave New-York, at James-slip Ferry and 34th-st. Ferry, at 6, 7, 8, 9, 11, 2, 4, 5, 6 and 7¼.
Leave Flushing at 6, 7, 8, 9, 11 A. M.; 1, 3, 5, 6 and 7¼ P. M.
N. B.—On TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS, a special night train leaves Flushing at 11 P. M., and from 34th-st. Ferry at 12 P. M.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD—FOR ALBANY, TROY, THE NORTH AND WEST.—Trains leave:

FROM CHAMBERS-ST.	FROM THIRTIETH-ST.
Express, 7 and 10 A. M., and 3:15 and 5 P. M.	7:22, 10:27 A. M. and 3:37 and 5:22 P. M.
Troy and Albany, (with sleeping car,) 10:40 P. M.	11:02 P. M.

On SUNDAYS, at 5:22 P. M., from 30th-st.

Tickets may be procured at any of the offices of Westcott's Express, in New-York and Brooklyn, and baggage checked at the house to all points on the road, and to Saratoga Springs.

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD—WINTER ARRANGEMENT, commencing Nov. 12, 1863.—Leave James-slip and 34th-st., East River, at 9 A. M., and on FRIDAYS and SATURDAYS at 4 P. M. Also, for Greenport, Sag Harbor, Hamptons, &c., stopping at all stations. For Islip, at 9 A. M. and 4 P. M. For Syosset, at 9 A. M., 11 A. M. and 4 P. M. For Jamaica and Hempstead, at 9 and 11 A. M., and 4 and 5 P. M.
Sunday excursion trains to Islip, at 9:15 A. M., from 34th-st., stopping at all stations.
Fare for this train at excursion rates.
For Syosset, (on Sundays,) at 5:45 P. M., stopping at all stations.
A. REASONER, Superintendent.

ERIE RAILWAY.—PASSENGER TRAINS leave from foot of Chambers-st.
7 A. M.—Express for Buffalo.
8:30 A. M.—Milk, daily, for Otisville.
10 A. M.—Mail, for Buffalo and intermediate stations.
4:15 P. M.—Way, for Port Jervis and Newburgh.
5 P. M.—Night Express, daily, for Dunkirk, Buffalo, Rochester, Canandaigua, &c. The train of Saturday runs through to Buffalo, but does not run to Dunkirk.
CHAS. MINOT, General Superintendent.

RARITAN AND DELAWARE BAY RAILROAD.—The steamboat J. D. BEERS will leave the wharf foot of Murray-st., EVERY AFTERNOON, (except Sundays,) at 3:15 o'clock, connecting at Port Monmouth with trains for Middletown, Red Bank, Long Branch, Shark River, Farmingdale, Tom's River and intermediate stations. Returning, leave Manchester at 6:40 A. M. and Long Branch at 7:25 A. M., arriving in New-York at 10:15 A. M. A freight train, with passenger car attached, leaves Port Monmouth every morning for Camden. Freight received foot of Murray-st. till 2:30 P. M. B. S. SEYMOUR, General Superintendent.

NEW-YORK, HARLEM AND ALBANY RAILROAD.—Increased accommodations. Trains for Albany, Troy, the North and West, leave 26th-st. Depot at 10 A. M. and 4:25 P. M.
Sunday trains leave New-York for Albany at 4:25 P. M., and Albany for New-York at 9:15 A. M.
JOHN BURCHILL, Superintendent.

NORTHERN R. R. OF NEW-JERSEY.—Trains leave Jersey City for Piermont at 9:15 A. M., 12:35 P. M., 4:25 P. M., 6:05 P. M., and on Mondays only at 5:30 A. M. The 9:15 and 4:25 run through to Monsey.
THOS. W. DEMAREST, Sup't.

MORRIS AND ESSEX RAILROAD COMPANY, FOOT OF BARCLAY-STREET.—Through Mail trains for Hackettstown and intermediate stations leave New-York at 9 A. M. and 4 P. M. Morristown Express at 5 P. M. J. B. BASSINGER, Superintendent.

STEAMBOATS.

FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD AND SPRINGFIELD.—Steamers leave Peck-slip at 3:15 P. M. Passengers go north and east from New-Haven at 11 P. M., or remain on board over night without charge.

SHEET IRON AND TIN PLATES FOR sale—By A. A. THOMSON & CO., 215 and 217 Water-st.

AMUSEMENTS.

WINTER GARDEN.

MR. AND MRS. W. J. FLORENCE
AND
THE-TICKET-OF-LEAVE-MAN
EVERY NIGHT.

The management has pleasure in inviting attention to the following criticism from the NEW-YORK TIMES:

"To-night the Florences commence their fifteenth week. The 'Ticket-of-leave-Man' is still the all-sufficient attraction. To record the success of such a work is a grateful task to the critic, and one, unhappily, that he is not often called upon to perform. It does not deal with the cheap devices of the sensational school—devices that are intended to supply the absence of either construction, plot, imagination or fancy; but with a great social question, which it treats with a definite purpose, an earnestness and an artistic skill that places it in a far different light. A play like this, which, while so ingeniously constructed as to excite the interest of the audience, yet sends the spectator home with other thoughts than those that are idly taken from a place of amusement—with thoughts affecting the happiness and welfare of an unfortunate class of humanity, is a novelty that recommends itself cordially to the kindest consideration. Nor is its influence less powerful because the moral, or rather reflection it creates, flows naturally from the feelings or circumstances of each individual in the play, instead, as is too often the case, of being poked *nolens volens* down the throat by a single performer with a propeller of mock heroic sentences and personal glorification. In the creations of grotesque character, stranger than fiction, because drawn from life, which this play embodies, as well as in the tender vein of humanity which glows beneath, one can almost fancy at moments they detect the hand of Dickens, while other of the sketches of character, as the idle apprentice, 'Sam Willoughby,' have all the coloring of Hogarth. Indeed, the whole atmosphere of the classes among whom the scene is laid is depicted with wondrous faithfulness, and forms a background which sets off all the characters in an unusually vivid reality. The production of this piece, too, carries other and not perhaps less valuable significance. In his personation of 'Robert Brierley,' Mr. Florence furnishes another of many examples of how real artistic merit may be, as doubtless it too often is, buried under the heap of rubbish with which modern plays abound, and only find a resurrection and discovery in a character like this. How can a man seem, or be a good artist, who has to speak night after night such words as are set down in those star pieces with which Mr. Florence's name has been until recently associated. He has now shown that where the stuff that makes an artist exists, if honest poetry of sentiment or passion is put into the actor's mouth, he will warm to his work, and win the educated as well as the uneducated masses to the stage. Nothing is more worthy of remark than the occasional flashes of unexpected power of which the cast of this piece at the Winter Garden furnishes many instances by artists not hitherto deemed first-rate. Good parts would, in a few years, breed good actors. There is a way, too, of quarrying into the mass of our own literature, our own customs and follies, that would yield the very best and the brightest material. For the rest, Mr. Florence, by the simplicity and earnestness with which he has portrayed the character of 'Robert Brierley,' and his artistic abstinence from the many temptations to rant and exaggeration, has stamped himself as a genuine artist. Nor is the success of the piece less due, perhaps, to the admirable rendering of their parts by Messrs. Davenport and Bland. The former gentleman's 'city get up' is one of the best bits of character-acting seen for a long time on the stage. Mrs. Florence, too, deserves credit for the piquancy and jollity she imparts to a rôle of very slender structure—so slender that it will not bear some of her recent additions. Indeed, all the characters are admirably filled, and the manager, as is ever the case in New-York, finds his deserved reward in an attraction the end of which it is impossible at present to foresee."

Open 6¾; commences at 7¼.

HOPE CHAPEL—NO. 718 BROADWAY.

HOPE CHAPEL, NO. 718 BROADWAY.
HOPE CHAPEL, NO. 718 BROADWAY.
EVERY DAY, AT 3 O'CLOCK.
EVERY DAY, AT 3 O'CLOCK.
EVERY DAY, AT 3 O'CLOCK.
EVERY NIGHT, AT 8 O'CLOCK.
EVERY NIGHT, AT 8 O'CLOCK.
EVERY NIGHT, AT 8 O'CLOCK.
THE NEW SENSATION OF THE DAY.
The most refined and delightful resort in the City for ladies.
FOURTEENTH WEEK
FOURTEENTH WEEK
OF THE MAMMOTH STEREOSCOPTICON;
MAMMOTH STEREOSCOPTICON;
Or, MIRROR OF THE UNIVERSE,
MIRROR OF THE UNIVERSE,
which is still a brilliant success. In connection with the
TOUR OF THE WORLD,
a good many local scenes of
THRILLING INTEREST
will be exhibited.
Doors open at 7; tours begin at 8 P. M.
Ticket 25 cents; reserved seats 50 cents.
H. B. McKEON, Manager.

PERHAM'S,

No. 585 Broadway, opposite Metropolitan Hotel.
GREAT SUCCESS
OF THE
NATIONAL HOME ENTERPRISE.
TICKETS SELLING BY HUNDREDS!
CROWDED HOUSES
to witness the wonderful
STEREOSCOPTICON,
surpassing in BRILLIANCY, NOVELTY and BEAUTY any exhibition of the kind ever known; and the
MIRROR OF THE REBELLION,
a superb and gigantic pictorial history of the war.
EVERY EVENING, at 7¾; WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY AFTERNOONS at 3 o'clock; single admission, 25 cents; National Home tickets, admitting four, $1. See Enterprise bills.

A GRAND ORGAN CONCERT,

In aid of the Missions of St. George's Church, will be given by
MR. JOHN K. PAINE,
At ST. GEORGE'S CHURCH, Stuyvesant-square,
On TUESDAY, Feb. 9, at 7½ P. M.
Mr. Paine will be assisted by talented resident artists, and "Trinity Choir," (by kind permission of Mr. Cutler.)
Tickets 50c. For sale at the Episcopal bookstores, the principal music-stores, and at the doors.

PARK THEATRE—BROOKLYN.

Lessee and Manager.......... Mr. Gabriel Harrison
HARRISON'S ENGLISH OPERA TROUPE.
OPERA NIGHT, MONDAY, Feb. 8.
BOHEMIAN GIRL.

Arline	Mme. Comte Borchard
Count Arnheim	Mr. S. C. Campbell
Thaddeus	Mr. Wm. Castle
Director	Mr. THEO. THOMAS

Seats secured one week in advance.

FIFTH-AVENUE SKATING POND.

Season tickets for a gentleman	$5
Season tickets for ladies	2
Season tickets for boys under 15 years	3

For sale at the Astor House, St. Nicholas and Metropolitan Hotels. Principal office at the 5th-av. Hotel, in the Reading Room.

INSTRUCTION.

THE RIVERDALE INSTITUTE,

A COLLEGIATE SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES,
Fourteen miles from New-York,
At Riverdale, on the Hudson.
Rector, Rev. WM. C. LEVERETT, M. A.
Circulars at Messrs. D. Appleton & Co.'s, No. 443 Broadway, New-York.

MISS KENNEDY'S

FRENCH AND ENGLISH SCHOOL, 79 East 14th-st.,
Between Irving-place and 4th-av.
The Spring session commences Feb. 8.
French is the language of the school.

MR. GEORGE C. ANTHON'S

CLASSICAL FRENCH AND ENGLISH SCHOOL,
No. 204 5th-av., corner 26th-st. Opens Sept. 9.

MAPLEWOOD YOUNG LADIES' INSTITUTE, PITTSFIELD, MASS.—In a location well known for its salubrity and beauty, six hours from New-York, commences its 46th semi-annual session April 1, 1864. As the attendance of its Winter term entirely filled its accommodations, application should be made early. It affords peculiar advantages for instruction in music and for an appropriate gymnastic culture. Address Rev. C. V. SPEAR, the Principal, for further information.

RENSSELAER POLYTECHNIC INSTITUTE, TROY, N. Y.—The Eightieth Semi-Annual Session of this well-known School of Engineering will commence Feb. 10, 1864. For the New Annual Register, giving full information, address
Prof. CHARLES DROWNE, Director, Troy, N.Y.

GROVE HILL SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES—Great Barrington, Mass. Term commences WEDNESDAY, Feb. 24, 1864, and continues twenty weeks. Address, the Principal, Mrs. M. W. ALLEN.

THE MISSES BUCKNALL'S ENGLISH and French boarding and day school for young ladies, No. 3 West 37th-st., second door from 5th-av. The Spring term will commence Feb. 3.

A MORNING HOUR.—ELLSWORTH'S MODEL writing and book-keeping rooms will hereafter be open from 9 to 11 A. M. for pupils unable to attend in the afternoon or evening. Broadway, corner of 12th-st.

GARDNER INSTITUTE.—DAY AND BOARDing School for young ladies, No. 16 East 28th-st. Spring term commences Feb. 2. C. H. GARDNER, Principal.

MT. KISCO MILITARY INSTITUTE.—A superior Boys' Boarding School. Address A. B. WIGGIN, Mount Kisco, Westchester County, N. Y.

TEACHERS.

AN EDUCATIONAL CORRESPONDENT or TEACHER WANTED for each COUNTY in the U. S., for about an hour daily. Remuneration about $500 per annum. Address, with reference, the NATIONAL TEACHERS INSTITUTE, No. 713 Broadway, N. Y.

TO TEACHERS.—WANTED, IMMEDIATELY, a male teacher, for classics and English branches, in the French and English Institute, Grand-av., near Fulton, Brooklyn. Apply personally, on Saturday, between 12 and 3 o'clock P. M., or address PRINCIPAL, Brooklyn Post-office.

AS GOVERNESS.—A LADY, EDUCATED IN Europe, wishes to procure a situation as governess in or near New-York; she is competent to give instruction in English, French and music, in which latter she is considered a proficient. Can give most satisfactory references. Address A. B. C., Box No. 100 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A JUNIOR COLlegian as instructor in English, mathematics and the ancient languages; can also give instructions in vocal and instrumental music, including the organ. Address CARL, Box No. 1,565 N. Y. Post-office.

A GOVERNESS WANTED—IN THE COUNtry; one who is thoroughly qualified to teach the English branches, music and drawing. Address R. W., Box No. 165 *Times* Office.

A PARISIAN TEACHER OF EXPERIENCE will give private lessons in the French language and literature. Apply at No. 42 6th-av., from 9 to 12 A. M. or 4 to 6 P. M.

TEACHER WANTED—ENGLISH AND MATHematics. Apply, after 2 P. M., at No. 204 5th-av., corner of 26th-st.

AMUSEMENTS.

BARNUM'S AMERICAN MUSEUM.

ONLY TWO DAYS MORE,
of the new Domestic Romantic Drama,
CAMILLA'S HUSBAND,
It will be produced
EVERY AFTERNOON AT 3 O'CLOCK, and
EVERY EVENING AT 7¼.
But it will have to be withdrawn after this week to give place to
ANOTHER SPLENDID NEW DRAMA,
which will be brought out Monday, Feb. 8.
Mr. WM. B. HARRISON,
COMIC IMPROMPTU SINGER,
will appear in his inimitable comic and extemporaneous songs at each performance, as will also
THE TYROLEAN WHISTLER,
who produces beautiful music at each performance,
ON THREE WHISTLES AT ONCE.
and on
THE TYROLEAN FAMILY COFFEE-POT.
To be seen at all hours, every day and evening,
FOUR ENORMOUS GIANTS,
the largest ever seen in any part of the world.
EACH OVER 8 FEET HIGH.
OVER 32 FEET OF GIANTS,
AND OVER FIFTEEN HUNDRED POUNDS.
They are visible at all hours, as are also
TWO OF THE SMALLEST DWARFS,
THE LILLIPUTIAN KING,
14 years old, only 22 inches high, and weighs but 17 pounds,
GEN. GRANT, JR.,
12 years old, only 23 inches high and weighs but 18½ pounds.
A JAPANESE MASKING HOG.
THE WHAT IS IT?
OR MAN MONKEY.
ALBINO FAMILY,
THREE GROUPS OF MOVING WAX FIGURES,
THE MONSTER SERPENTS.
GRAND AQUARIA, Mammoth Bear.
ROBERT HOUDIN'S AUTOMATON WRITER.
EDUCATED SEAL, which plays a MUSICAL INSTRUMENT, and a million other wonders.
Admission, 25 cents. Children under ten, 15 cents.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

THE OPERA.
Director.......... MAX MARETZEK
FOURTH SUBSCRIPTION NIGHT.
THIS (FRIDAY) EVENING, Feb. 5, at 8,
first night this season of Verdi's Grand Opera of
I DUE FOSCARI,
with new scenery and appointments, and the following extraordinary cast:

Lucretia	Mme. MEDORI
Jacopo Foscari	Sig. MAZZOLENI
Francisco Foscari	Sig. BELLINI
Loredano	Sig. WEINLICH
Barbarigo	Sig. REICHARDT
Conductor	Sig. J. NUNO.

A new scene, a Gothic Chamber, has been painted expressly for this opera by Mr. Mainard Lewis.

The sale of tickets and secured seats will commence this morning at the box office of the Academy, at Beer & Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway, and at Root & Anthony's, stationers, corner of Nassau and Pine sts., from 8 to 5 o'clock.

TO-MORROW (Saturday) AFTERNOON, Feb. 6, at 1.
FIRST GRAND MATINEE,
when will be produced Flotow's charming Opera of
MARTHA,
with the following splendid cast:

Lady Henriette.......(her favorite rôle)	Miss Kellogg
Nancy	Mlle. Sulzer
Lionel	Sig. Lotti
Plunkett	Sig. Biachi
Lord Tristan	Sig. Muller
Conductor	MAX MARETZEK.

Admission to the Matinée $1, to all parts of the house. No reserved seats. Doors open at 12, to commence at 1.

Tickets may now be had at all the principal music-stores and hotels; also, at the regular ticket-offices.

OLYMPIC.

Lessee and Directress.......... Mrs. John Wood.
CONTINUED SUCCESS
OF THE
PRESENT MOST LAUGHABLE ENTERTAINMENT.
Commencing every evening with
A BULL IN A CHINA SHOP.
THIRD WEEK
of the Great Original Equestrian Burlesque of
MAZEPPA,
in which
MRS. JOHN WOOD and MR. FRANK DREW
Appear.
MR. FRANK DREW.......... as.......... MAZEPPA.
MRS. JOHN WOOD.......... as.......... OLINSKA.
WILL SHORTLY BE PRODUCED,
For the first time in America.
The Great Burlesque on a well-known but somewhat confusing Opera entitled
ILL-TREATED IL TROVATORE,
OR
THE MOTHER, THE MAIDEN AND THE MUSICIANER.
Doors open at 7. Performances commence at 7¾.
Seats secured three days in advance.

VAN AMBURGH & CO.'S MENAGERIE.

GREAT MORAL EXHIBITION
AND EGYPTIAN CARAVAN.
HYATT FROST.......... Manager.
539 and 541 Broadway, between Prince and Spring-sts.
Open from 10 A. M. to 10 P. M. Admission, 25c.
TWELFTH WEEK
of unprecedented success of this Mammoth Zoological Enterprise.
IMMENSE CROWDS! IMMENSE CROWDS!!
daily visit this unparalleled exhibition, and are astonished and delighted by the overwhelming grandeur and gorgeous magnificence of the interior decorations. The birds and animals therein contained for beauty and variety surpass anything of the kind ever before seen on this continent.
A PAIR OF WHITE PEACOCKS,
recently imported from Germany, are as white as the driven snow, and the first of their kind ever seen in any country. Their tails form a magnificent plume which they elevate over their bodies at pleasure. Not one spot or a single dark shade tarnishes the dazzling whiteness of their plumage.
MORNING, AFTERNOON AND NIGHT are to be seen THREE GRAND PERFORMANCES with Elephants, Ponies, Monkeys, Mules, Lions, Tigers, Leopards, &c.
STRICTLY MORAL AND REFINED.
Animals and birds of every variety and species to be seen at all hours.

BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

GERMAN OPERA.
FRIDAY, Feb. 5, 1864,
for the last time
TANNHAUSER
Grand Opera, in three acts, by R. Wagner, with the same cast as performed in New-York.
Conductor.......... C. ANSCHUTZ.
Prices as usual.
Sale of tickets will commence in Brooklyn on Thursday morning.

THE PRIVATE COLLECTION OF W. T. WALTERS, Esq., of Baltimore, is now open for exhibition DAY and EVENING, at the old Dusseldorf gallery, No. 548 Broadway. Also a large picture by May, of Paris, "The Women of Babylon." Admission free.

LECTURES.

PROF. DOREMUS

will deliver a Course of
FOUR LECTURES
On the
"WORLD'S INDEBTEDNESS TO SCIENCE,"
with ILLUSTRATIVE EXPERIMENTS
on the
GRANDEST SCALE,
AT THE COOPER INSTITUTE,
on the evenings of MONDAY, Feb. 8; THURSDAY, 11;
MONDAY, 15; THURSDAY, 18.

Tickets for the course	$1 00
For reserved seats	2 00
Single admission	50

Particulars in future advertisement.

ANNA E. DICKENSON,

AT THE
ACADEMY OF MUSIC IN BROOKLYN,
MONDAY EVENING, Feb. 8.
Miss DICKENSON will repeat her Lecture, "Words for the Hour," (lately delivered at the Capitol in Washington) as above.

Tickets for the parquet, balcony, dress circle and stage, 50 cents; family circle and amphitheatre, 25 cents. Sold on and after Friday at the academy; Swayne's, No. 210 Fulton-st.; Rose's, No. 142 Atlantic-st.; Pyle's, corner Pierrepont and Fulton; and Sawyer & Thompson's, No. 59 Fulton-av.; also at Tousey's, No. 121 Nassau-st. N. Y.

Box tickets sold only at the academy.

COOPER UNION,

FOR THE ADVANCEMENT OF SCIENCE AND ART.
The second FREE LECTURE of the COURSE ON POLITICAL ECONOMY, which is being delivered before the Cooper Union, will take place
FRIDAY EVENING, Feb. 5, at 8 o'clock.
Subject:
CAPITAL IN ITS CONNECTIONS WITH LABOR.
The doors will be opened at 7 o'clock, and the Lecture will be commenced at 8; after which there will be no admission.
By order of the Trustees.
ABRAM S. HEWITT, Secretary.

MEETINGS.

AT A MEETING OF THE NEW-YORK FIRE DEPARTMENT BALL COMMITTEE, convened on Monday evening, Feb. 1, 1864, it was unanimously

Resolved, That our thanks are due and are hereby tendered to the following gentlemen for their liberal donations, in aid of the widows and orphans of our deceased firemen:

N. H. Wolfe, Esq.	$50
Phelps, Dodge & Co.	25
M. M. Van Dyck, Esq.	25
L. H. Biglow, Esq.	30

They also take the opportunity of making their acknowledgments to Mr. Grafulla, who generously gave his personal services in leading the orchestra on the evening of the Ball gratuitously; and also to Thomas G. Voorhis, of the firm of Voorhis & Whiteman, whose refined taste and energetic labors facilitated us greatly in completing our decorations.

To Capt. Thorne, of the Twenty-sixth Police Precinct, the committee return their especial thanks for the interest manifested on the reception and dismissal of the hacks, and the general good order around the external portions of the house. The admirable system he adopted contributed greatly to the comfort and convenience of our guests, and is an additional proof of his eminent ability to fill the position he now occupies.
C. GODFREY GUNTHER, Chairman.
JAMES F. WENMAN, Secretary.

COLUMBIA COLLEGE.—THE INTERMEDIate examination of all the classes will begin on MONDAY, 8th February, at 9½ o'clock A. M., and continue throughout the week.

The Regents of the University, the parents of students, the Trustees and Alumni of the College and others interested in education are invited to attend.

The examination of candidates for admission will be held on MONDAY, 15th February, at 10 A. M.

The second term will begin on FRIDAY, 12th February, at 9½ A. M.
CHAS. KING, LL.D.,
President Columbia College.

WANTED—A PAIR OF PARLOR CHANDEliers, rich and cheap. Address
GEORGE N. UNDERWOOD, Times Office.

AMUSEMENTS.

NIBLO'S GARDEN. COMMENCE AT 7¾.

Lessee and Manager.......... Wm. Wheatley
THIS (Friday) EVENING, Feb. 5,
FIRST BENEFIT THIS SEASON OF
MRS. BARNEY WILLIAMS,
who, in conjunction with
MR. BARNEY WILLIAMS,
will appear in Charles Gayler's new Irish Drama, (now in the fourth week of its brilliant triumph,) entitled the
CONNIE SOOGAH, acknowledged by houses crowded from parquet to ceiling to be the GREATEST SUCCESS ACHIEVED FOR YEARS. Mr. and Mrs. BARNEY WILLIAMS in their lifelike portraiture of
IRISH PEASANT LIFE.
ALL THE BEAUTIFUL TABLEAUX
ARE NIGHTLY ENCORED.
The scenery is all new, and a fac-simile of the original.
THE WATER SCENE
SURPASSING, IN NATURALNESS and EFFECT,
any representation of a similar character
EVER PRESENTED TO THE NEW-YORK PUBLIC.
APPROPRIATE MUSIC, SONGS AND DANCES,
are interspersed throughout the piece. The cast of characters is so distributed as to introduce every member of the Talented Company. It is confidently claimed that the manner in which THE CONNIE SOOGAH is mounted has never been surpassed in
EITHER EUROPE OR AMERICA,
making in its entirety
A MOST RECHERCHE ENTERTAINMENT.
PRICES.—Admission, 50 cents; Seats secured to Parquet Stalls and Parquet Circle, 75 cents; Family Circle, (entrance on Crosby-st.,) 25 cents; Private Boxes, $6 and $8. Box Office open from 8 A. M. till 5 P. M.
In order to prevent the patrons of
MR. AND MRS. BARNEY WILLIAMS
from being disappointed in gaining admission in the evening, and to enable families to make up their parties in advance, arrangements have been made by which
SEATS MAY BE SECURED SIX DAYS IN ADVANCE.

THEATRE FRANCAIS.

NIBLO'S CONCERT SALOON.
EVERY TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY
SATURDAY, Feb. 6, 1864,
EXTRAORDINARY PERFORMANCE—assisted by
Mme. DE LUSSAN.
First representation in New-York of
LE MARIAGE AUX LANTERNES.
Comic opera in one act by Jacques Offenbach,
LE POUR ET LE CONTRE.
Executed by Mesdames De Lussan, Maillet and Hamburg, and Messieurs Donatien and Maillet.
Proverbe in one act, M. Octave Feuillet,
LE CAPORAL ET LA PAYSE.
Folie Vaudeville in one act by MM. Paul de Kock and Varin.
Doors open at 7½; curtain will be raised at 8 o'clock.
Carriages can be ordered at 11 P. M.
Box-office at No. 623 Broadway.

CIRCUS—BROADWAY AMPHITHEATRE,

No. 485 Broadway.
L. B. Lent.......... Manager
THIS EVENING THE
WONDERFUL BEDOUIN ARABS
WONDERFUL BEDOUIN ARABS
WONDERFUL BEDOUIN ARABS,
will appear in their
UNIQUE AND EXTRAORDINARY PYRAMIDS
GROUPINGS, AND ACROBATIC FEATS.
The premiere equestrienne of the world,
MADAME LOUISE TOURNAIRE,
IN TWO MAGNIFICENT ACTS!
DASHING HORSEMANSHIP
AND CLASSIC OLYMPIC GAMES,
introducing the entire mammoth combination of
STAR RIDERS, AND ATHLETES.
Doors open at 7; to commence at 7¾.
ON SATURDAY AFTERNOON,
ON SATURDAY AFTERNOON,
a matinée for families, commencing at 2½ o'clock.

GRAND CONCERT

BY
MME. J. DIRIX,
at the Church of the Messiah, opposite the New-York Hotel, on MONDAY, Feb. 8, on which occasion she will be assisted by her pupils and the following eminent artists:
Mme. HENRIETTE FRINGS,
Miss MINNA GEARY,
Mlle. ALICE FRINGS,
Mr. GUSTAVUS GEARY, Tenor,
Mr. HERRMASON, Basso,
Mr. DOYLE, Violinist,
Mr. MEADER, Conductor.
Tickets 50 cents. Reserved seats $1. Can be had (also programmes) at the principal music-stores, of the sexton, or at the door on the evening of the concert.

NIBLO'S SALOON.

HARRISON'S ENGLISH OPERA TROUPE.
OPERA NIGHT—FRIDAY, FEB. 5,
MARITANA.
Mme. COMTE BORCHARD, Mr. T. C. CAMPBELL,
Mr. WM. CASTLE, Miss MYERS, Mr. GEO. RAY.
Director.......... Mr. THEODORE THOMAS
Seats secured three days in advance at Beer & Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway, and at Irving Hall.

HOWE'S GREAT CIRCUS,

No. 199 and 201 Bowery.
THIS EVENING,
BENEFIT OF MISSES IDA AND AMELIA AND MASTER CHAS. SHERWOOD.
Several excellent performers have volunteered for the occasion, and will appear in addition to the ENTIRE STRENGTH of the Company.
Tickets, 25 cents. Reserved seats, 50 cents. Commence at 7½ o'clock.
MLLE. MARIETTA RAVEL,
the celebrated tight rope performer, and Mr. JOHN DENIER, the wonderful gymnast, are engaged, and will appear on MONDAY next.

ARMY RELIEF BAZAAR BUILDINGS,

ACADEMY PARK, ALBANY, N. Y., Jan 13, 1864.

THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES, through the Secretary of State, having generously donated to this Bazaar (which is to be held at Albany, in the month of February, A. D., 1864, in aid of the Sanitary Commission for the benefit of our sick and wounded soldiers,) the original draft of his FIRST EMANCIPATION PROCLAMATION, dated Sept. 22, A. D. 1862, the undersigned, a Special Committee appointed for that purpose, hereby give public notice that the said Proclamation will be sold by issuing a series of tickets, duly numbered from 1 to 5,000, at $1 for each ticket. The number of tickets issued not to exceed 5,000, but the issue may be limited to any less number in the discretion of the Committee. The drawing to be made by putting the various numbers or names of the purchasers of tickets sold in the same wheel used by the Provost-marshal of the Fourteenth Congressional District of the State of New-York, in making the draft of soldiers for said district. The holder of the first ticket drawn will be entitled to the Proclamation.

The Proclamation is in the proper handwriting of Abraham Lincoln, President of the United States of America, excepting two interlineations in pencil made by William H. Seward, Secretary of State, and the formal heading and ending of the document, which are in the handwriting of the Chief Clerk in the office of the Secretary of State. It is written on one side of four half sheets of foolscap paper, and can be seen and examined either in the Bazaar Buildings or in the Office of the Superintendent of the Insurance Department, in the State Hall, Albany.

This Proclamation is, in the opinion of the Committee, an autographic and historic treasure of more interest and importance even than the Proclamation of Jan. 1, 1863, which was only the necessary sequence of the September Proclamation.

Tickets can be obtained immediately by inclosing $1 for each ticket, with name and residence, to WILLIAM BARNES, Chairman of the Committee, Albany, N. Y. If any of our friends in Great Britain wish to compete for this valuable document, a contribution of four shillings sterling will give one chance for it, and all sums realized for exchange over $1 per ticket will, if desired, be given in shares to the British Museum. Mr. T. H. Barker, No. 41 John Dillon-st., Manchester, is solicited to act for Great Britain.

WILLIAM BARNES, GERRIT SMITH,
EDWARD C. DELAVAN, THOS. W. OLCOTT,
JOHN K. PORTER, WM. C. BRYANT,
JAMES A. BELL, Special Committee.

MUSICAL.

CHICKERING & SONS,

MANUFACTURERS OF GRAND, SQUARE, AND UPRIGHT PIANO-FORTES. No. 652 BROADWAY.—The superiority of these instruments has of late been amply demonstrated by the voluntary testimony of the foremost artists of the day, who claim for them excellencies of tone and workmanship hitherto unobtained by any other makers.

Mr. GOTTSCHALK'S constant use of the NEW SCALE CHICKERING GRAND PIANO-FORTES has severely tested their musical qualities, and resulted in establishing the justice of the very flattering estimation in which they are held.

STEINWAY & SONS'

GOLD MEDAL GRAND AND SQUARE PIANOS are now considered the best in Europe as well as this country, having received the first Prize Medal at the World's Exhibition in London, 1862.

The principal reason why the Steinway Pianos are superior to all others, is, that the firm is composed of five practical pianoforte makers, (father and four sons,) who invent all their own improvements, and under whose personal supervision every part of the instrument is manufactured. Warerooms, Nos. 82 and 84 Walker-st., New-York. After March 1, 1865, 71 and 73 East 14th-st.

HAINES BROTHERS,

PIANO-FORTE MANUFACTURERS.
WAREROOMS
No. 753 Broadway.

AT HORACE WATERS', NO. 481 BROADWAY—Pianos, Melodeons, Harmoniums and Musical instruments of every description, at the very lowest cash prices. The Horace Waters Pianos and Melodeons are made of the very best materials. Warranted for five years, and guaranteed to give entire satisfaction. New and second-hand Pianos, Melodeons and Cabinet Organs to rent; monthly payments received for the same. A large assortment of second-hand Pianos very low. Pianos and Melodeons tuned, repaired, moved, boxed and shipped.
HORACE WATERS, Agent, No. 481 Broadway.

THE MASON & HAMLIN CABINET ORGANS—One to twelve stops: prices $85 to $600. Is the best instrument of its class in the world. Nearly all the most eminent organists and artists in the country bear written testimony to this fact. (See illustrated catalogues.) No instruments in the world can present such weight of eminent testimony to their superiority as these. Also, Melodeons from $70 to $170 each. Warerooms No. 7 Mercer-st., New-York. MASON BROTHERS.

WORCESTER'S HINGED-PLATE PIANO-FORTES.—These instruments are recommended by Gottschalk, Mason, Mills, Morgan, Berge, Fradel and others, as possessing double the volume and musical quality of pianos of a corresponding scale made upon the ordinary method. Warerooms corner 14th-st. and 3d-av.

PIANOS, MELODEONS, HARMONIUMS, wholesale or retail, to let, or by installments, on favorable terms. Peloubet's Harmoniums, superior to all, $85 and $120; with pedals, $175 to $450. J. M. PELTON, No. 841 Broadway, near 14th-st., New-York.

BOARDMAN, GRAY & CO.'S NEW AND elegant piano-fortes, unrivaled for excellence of workmanship and purity of tone. Depot, 726 Broadway.

PIANOS, HARMONIUMS AND MELODEONS.—Best quality; lowest prices; fully warranted. G. G. SAXE, No. 37 Park-row, New-York.

SUPERIOR IRON-FRAME PIANOS, guaranteed five years. I. G. DAVIES, 481 Broome-st.

ONE DAY LATER FROM EUROPE.

ARRIVAL OF THE JURA AT PORTLAND.

The Schleswig-Holstein Question Less Warlike.

Rumor that Denmark Will Temporarily Suspend the Constitution.

THE PIRATE ALABAMA AT SINGAPORE

The Great Eastern Lottery Scheme Abandoned.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

PORTLAND, Me., Thursday, Feb. 4.

The Canadian Company's screw steamship *Jura*, Capt. AITON, from Liverpool 21st, via Londonderry 22d ult., arrived at this port at 5:15 this evening. The *Jura* experienced strong westerly gales and violent squalls throughout the passage.

The steamers *Olympus* and *St. George*, from New-York, arrived at Liverpool on the 19th.

The steamers *North American* and *City of Manchester* arrived at Liverpool on the 20th.

The steamer *Hammonia*, from New-York, arrived at Southampton on the 21st.

The rebel pirate *Alabama* is reported at Singapore, on the 22d of December.

It is asserted that the Austro-Prussian troops have been ordered to march forthwith to Schleswig.

There are unconfirmed rumors that Denmark has temporarily agreed to suspend the constitution.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Hon. MILNER GIBSON had been addressing his constituents at Ashton. He predicted a speedy revival of the cotton trade, and plentiful supplies. He combatted the idea that the American war was beneficial to England. He pointed out that the rebel cruisers were a lesson to England, whose commerce might be similarly attacked at a future time, and the Government must be supported in its efforts to stop the supply of such vessels. He asserted that England had acted toward the Americans as she would like America to act toward her in a similar emergency. He uttered no prophecies as to the issue of the war, but contended that Slavery was the sole motive, and that the South was the aggressors in order to found a slave empire. He trusted the Danish question would be settled without a war.

The *Great Eastern* lottery scheme has been abandoned. Another suit has been commenced against her. Capt. PATON had the vessel arrested on a claim of £2,000.

THE HOLTSEIN QUESTION.

The Danish refusal of the Austro-Prussian demands had reached those Governments, and is announced. The Austro-Prussian troops would march without further delay into Schleswig.

A Kiel telegram of the 20th says:

It is reported that the Saxon and Hanoverian troops were to be withdrawn from their positions in Holstein, and concentrated at Altona, in order to allow a free passage for the Austro-Prussians. There was great consternation at Kiel. A thaw had set in.

Frankfort letters say the opinion prevailed that Austria and Prussia must have come to a definite understanding with England.

The London *Globe* expresses confidence that peace will be maintained, now that two substantial Governments have substituted themselves for the shadowy German Diet.

The London *Times* of the 21st says: "Our columns this morning might have contained the telegraphic announcement of the first shot having been fired. In this critical moment, we trust there is good ground for a report which has reached us that the Danish Government have, at the eleventh hour, made a conciliatory offer, and entered into some sort of an obligation, as yet, of course, informal, to suspend the obnoxious constitution. If such offer has really been made, it will for the time arrest the imminent danger of war. The course of events pauses, and dispute comes again into more controllable and more reasonable stage of negotiation. It is earnestly hoped the good news may receive a speedy confirmation. If Denmark has suspended the constitution, she will have taken the only step which was wanting to deprive the German Powers of any decent pretext for hostilities, and she will have displayed power of self-control which will gain for her overpowering moral support in foreign countries; and a people who can at once display so much determination, and so much self-sacrificing prudence, deserves the utmost consideration."

When the *Jura* left Liverpool there was no confirmation of these hopes of the *Times*.

The Wurtemburg Chambers take exception to the pretensions of Austria and Prussia, and have unanimously adopted resolutions in favor of placing the army of Wurtemburg on a war footing, putting troops at the disposal of the Diet, and requesting that the German States would not allow the territories and railroads to be used for transporting troops which have not been called out by the Diet.

FRANCE.

The debate on the address still continues in the Chamber of Deputies. All the opposition amendments have been rejected, but in one case they obtained sixty-two votes.

According to the latest estimate, the applications for the loan were expected to reach fifteen or twenty times the amount to be allotted.

The Bourse was lower. Rentes 66f. 40c.

BELGIUM.

The King called to his assistance in the formation of the new Ministry M. DESCHAMPS, who demands a dissolution of the Chamber.

NORWAY.

CHRISTIANA, Thursday, Jan. 21.

A Royal Proclamation has been issued, convening an extraordinary session of the Norwegian Storthay for the 14th of March.

PRUSSIA.

BERLIN, Thursday, Jan. 21.

It is asserted that Russia declares that if the London protocol be suspended, she will immediately renew her claims to Gotorp, a portion of Holstein.

AUSTRIA.

VIENNA, Thursday, Jan. 21.

Count RECHBERG has stated to the Finance Committee that the coöperation of Austria with Prussia was based upon the formal State treaties, and in the Schleswig-Holstein question, upon a military convention.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON MONEY MARKET.

The demand for discount is active, notwithstanding the advance in the Bank minimum to 8 ₩ cent. The Bank of France had not followed the example of the Bank of England, and specie continued to flow from London to Paris. The Stock Market was depressed by warlike appearances and the action of the bank, but there was more tone on the 21st, and Consols were fractionally higher under the more pacific rumors.

LONDON, Friday Evening.

Consols closed at 90⅜ for money. The bullion in the bank has decreased £734,000.

MANCHESTER TRADE REPORT.

There is very little disposition for actual business, but the market is not quite as depressed as on Tuesday, there being a little more inquiry, accompanied by rather heavy offers, but these are still too low to induce acceptance, especially for anything not in stock.

LONDON PRODUCE MARKET.

SUGAR steady, with a limited demand. COFFEE rather quiet. TEA firm, with a fair business. RICE unchanged. TALLOW quiet at 41s. 9d.@42s. on the spot. BREADSTUFFS quiet.

PROVISIONS—The market is steady.

GLASGOW IRON MARKET.

The iron market is firm; No. 1 quoted at 63s. 6d.@64s.; mixed numbers warrants 64s. 8d.@64s. 9d.; No. 3, 62s. 6d.@63s.

LIVERPOOL BREADSTUFFS MARKET.

LIVERPOOL, Thursday, Jan. 21—Evening.

Messrs. RICHARDSON, SPENCE & Co. and others, report: FLOUR quiet and steady. WHEAT upward, with an advance of 1d.@2d., owing to warlike reports. CORN firmer; Mixed 35s. 6d.

LIVERPOOL PROVISION MARKET.

LIVERPOOL, Thursday, Jan. 21.

PARSON'S Circulars report: BEEF steady. PORK firm. BACON steady. LARD firm, at 42s. 6d.@43s. TALLOW dull.

LIVERPOOL PRODUCE MARKET.

LIVERPOOL, Thursday, Jan. 21.

ASHES flat. SUGAR very dull. COFFEE—no sales. RICE steady. LINSEED OIL steady. ROSIN quiet. SPIRITS TURPENTINE steady. PETROLEUM firm, at 1s. 11d. for refined.

LONDON, Thursday, Jan. 21—Evening.

BREADSTUFFS dull. SUGAR quiet and steady. COFFEE firm. TEA steady. RICE quiet. TALLOW quiet and steady. JUTE has declined £2@£3.

LONDON, Thursday, Jan. 21.

The American Stock Market is dull. Illinois Central Railroad Shares, 25@24 discount; Erie Railroad 64¼@65¾.

COMMERCIAL VIA LONDONDERRY.

LIVERPOOL, Saturday, Jan. 22.

COTTON.—Sales for the week, 26,000 bales, including 3,270 bales to speculators, and 4,500 to exporters. The market is dull at a decline of ¼d.@⅜d. ₩ lb., the decline being mostly on the middling and lower grades. Sales to-day (Friday,) were 4,000 bales, including 1,500 to speculators and exporters, the market closing firmer, at the following quotations:

Fair Orleans......Nominal	Middling Orleans....27¾d.
Fair Mobile.......Nominal	Middling Mobile....27¼d.
Fair Uplands......Nominal	Middling Uplands...27d.

Stock in port, 266,000 bales, including 33,000 bales of American.

LONDON, Thursday, Jan. 21—Evening.

Consols for money, 90⅜@90½. The Bank minimum has been advanced to 8 ₩ cent.

FROM ALBANY.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE LEGISLATURE.

SENATE.

ALBANY, Thursday, Feb. 4.

BILLS REPORTED.

Granting prison convicts certain commutations for good behavior.

Against abolishing the Recorder's Court of Oswego. Agreed to.

The annual report of the Trustees of the Astor Library was presented and ordered to be printed.

BILLS NOTICED.

By Mr. MURPHY—To amend the Brooklyn Park and Parade Ground Act.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

By Mr. LAIMBEER—Relative to the New-York District Courts.

By Mr. WILLIAMS—Amending the law relative to State Prisons.

BILLS PASSED.

Legalizing the Bounty and Riot Ordinances of the Board of Supervisors of New-York, and authorizing an additional expenditure of four millions of dollars for raising volunteers.

Incorporating the Missionary Society of the Most Holy Redeemer.

ASSEMBLY.

ALBANY, Thursday, Feb. 4.

Mr. CROOKE reported a bill to provide for the payment of a State bounty to volunteers.

The Speaker presented the annual report of the State Engineer and Surveyor on the Canals.

The bill to amend the act relative to Justices and Police Courts in Brooklyn was ordered to a third reading. Adjourned.

SPECIAL BOUNTY BILL.

SECTION 1. There shall be paid to every volunteer enlisting into the military service of the United States to fill the quota required from the State of New-York of the 200,000 men ordered by the President on the first day of February, 1864, as provided in this act, three hundred dollars. The moneys herein appropriated shall be paid at such time or times, and in such manner and proportion, as shall be considered most likely to promote such enlistments and prevent fraud and desertion, and shall be directed by the Governor or Commander-in-Chief in general order. But the aforesaid sum shall not be paid to any volunteer in any city, town or county, where the inhabitants of such city, town or county, in their private or public capacity, or where the local authorities of such city, town or county shall offer a bounty for such enlistment; nor to any volunteer enlisting under any other call, or to fill any other regiment heretofore made by the President.

SEC. 2. The sum of $12,000,000, or so much of that amount as shall be necessary, is hereby appropriated for the purposes of this act.

SEC. 3. The Comptroller is hereby authorized and directed, for the purposes of this act pursuant to the seventh article of the Constitution, to issue State stocks to the amount required to meet the expenditures herein authorized, which stocks shall be issued in certificates not exceeding $1,000 each, payable to the Treasurer of this State, and bearing annual interest of 6 per centum, and shall be redeemable at the pleasure of the Legislature at any time after twenty years from the date of issue. The indebtedness thus created shall be a charge against the general fund, and shall be repaid, together with the interest accruing upon the same, from the sinking fund, to redeem the principal and pay the interest of the general fund State debt.

SEC. 4. If any county, town or city in this State, shall have, before the passage of this act, provided for the payment of any bounty to volunteers to fill the quota of any county, town or city, under the last call for 200,000 men, the amount paid by such county, town or city, before this act shall have become a law, to the amount of three hundred dollars to each volunteer so paid by such county, town or city, to fill the said quota, shall be a claim against the State, and shall be paid from the money appropriated by this act by the Comptroller of this State.

SEC. 5. This act shall take effect from its passage.

EVENING SESSION.

ALBANY, Thursday, Feb. 4.

The Assembly held a session this evening for the consideration of the Governor's Message, and Mr. WOOSTER, of Herkimer County, addressed the House at length in support of the National Administration and in condemnation of Gov. SEYMOUR's public policy.

Provision for Paying Damages from the Riots.

To the Legislature of the State of New-York:

The undersigned respectfully represent:

That during the last year, one thousand four hundred and fifty-six actions have been commenced, and are now pending, against the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New-York, for damages to property injured or destroyed during the riots which occurred in this City during the month of July, 1863.

That some of these actions have been brought for injury or destruction of personal property, and the amount of damages claimed, in not a few instances, is very large.

That the existing law, which enables plaintiffs to be witnesses in their own behalf, and to prove their own cases, holds out a strong inducement to dishonest parties to avail themselves of the opportunity afforded by these riots to present and prove claims without any foundation whatever, or to exaggerate the value of their property and the amount of their damages.

That it is almost, if not quite, impossible for the City authorities to obtain any testimony to contradict or modify the statements these parties may make, and thus this Corporation is, except so far as it may invalidate the testimony by cross-examination, entirely at the mercy of such claimants.

That as experience has shown, the same evil exists, but to a less degree, in other actions, in the nature of tort against this Municipality; the undersigned respectfully submit that the principle upon which this statute allowing parties to be witnesses in their own cases, was enacted, is not applicable to these classes of actions against public corporations. Their officers can scarcely ever be cognizant of facts, out of which such actions arise, and the trials of them are had so long after the occurrences have taken place that it is always difficult and frequently impossible to obtain any testimony for the defence. Nor would a change in this statute work any injustice to the plaintiff, for the events out of which cases of tort against a city arise, generally occur in the presence of more or less persons, and in the case of property injured or destroyed by a mob, the property and its condition and value, if furniture or wardrobes, must be known to members of the family and friends, or if merchandise, to clerks and other employes.

Wherefore, the undersigned respectfully request your Honorable Body so to amend the statues of this State, as to take away from parties to actions for damages occasioned by riots, and in actions in the nature of torts against municipal corporations the privilege of being witnesses on their own behalf.

C. GODFREY GUNTHER, Mayor.
MATTHEW T. BRENNAN, Comptroller.
JOHN E. DEVLIN, Counsel to the Corporation of the City of New-York.
[Seal.] D. T. VALENTINE, Clerk Common Council.

Reception of Veterans.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT, ALBANY, Jan. 30, 1864.

DEAR SIR: I am informed that there is a movement on foot in your City to give to our veteran volunteers, who have recently reënlisted and are now at home on furlough, some form of public reception as a mark of our appreciation of their patriotic services, and that you are actively engaged in the matter. The proposition has my cordial sympathies, and I trust that all the civil authorities and military officers of the State will heartily coöperate with you.

You are at liberty to make use of this note in any quarter you think proper, as an expression of my wishes on the subject.

Truly yours, &c., HORATIO SEYMOUR.
THEODORE ROOSEVELT, No. 94 Maiden-lane.

Fire in Pearl-street.

LOSS OVER $25,000.

Soon after 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon, a fire was discovered in the drying-room of the confectionary establishment of Messrs. A. & C. KAUFMANN, Nos. 444 and 446 Pearl-street, near Chatham. Owing to the combustible nature of the contents, the flames spread with great rapidity, and in a short time the two buildings and their contents were wholly destroyed. The damage cannot be less than $25,000, and probably it will much exceed that sum. The buildings were three stories in height; said to be fully insured in the Williamsburgh City, Pacific and other Insurance Companies. The premises No. 448 Pearl are occupied by Mr. THOMAS W. BAILEY, as a carpet-store. His goods are extensively damaged by water. The stock of Mr. B. TWEED, Jr., chair manufacturer, is also much injured by water.

United States Sanitary Commission—Liberal Gift.

Mr. WALLACK has handed to the Treasurer of the Metropolitan Fair the very liberal donation of $904 25, the proceeds of the benefit given them at his theatre on Tuesday night. Every dollar of the receipts of the night mentioned was donated. The weather was unfavorable, and but for this the munificent gift would have been somewhat increased. Mr. WALLACK has thus initiated the rivalry of generosity in behalf of the great fair and its purposes. It was done quietly, modestly, without blazoning or parade, and the generous spirit that prompted it meets with a proper recognition.

GENERAL CITY NEWS.

FUNERAL OF A BRAVE OFFICER.—A large body of the Metropolitan Police will assemble, to-day, at the Police Headquarters to pay the last tribute of respect to Lieut. BENJAMIN F. DENTON, late of Company A, One Hundred and Thirty-third Regiment New-York Volunteers, who was at one time a highly-respected and useful officer of the force. His regiment was included in the famous Metropolitan Brigade, commanded by Brig.-Gen. BOWEN, which is now in service under Gen. BANKS, in the Department of the Gulf, where it has achieved a glorious distinction for bravery and efficiency. In consequence of the absence of his Captain, who had been detached for duty in New-Orleans, the command of his company in the field devolved upon Lieut. DENTON, and it was while bravely leading his men on the occasion of the second assault on Port Hudson, that he fell mortally wounded, and was buried on the field. His body, after several days, was recovered and buried in a soldier's grave on the ground which his blood had consecrated. Recently, however, his remains were disinterred, and forwarded to this City by the steamship *Western Metropolis*, which arrived on Wednesday. Few men have given their lives in this struggle of the nation who were more beloved and more deserving of honor than he to whom a fitting tribute will be paid by his late comrades, to-day. Sandy Hill, Washington Co., N. Y., will be his final resting-place. A captain and twenty men from each of the twenty-four lower precincts will act as escort. The route of the procession will be up Broadway to Fourteenth-street, and up Fifth-avenue to Twenty-third-street; thence to Ninth-avenue and to Hudson River Railroad depot.

OUR VETERANS RETURN TO THE ARMY.—The Ninety-third Regiment of New-York State Volunteers, Veteran Corps, commanded by Col. JOHN S. CROCKER, leaves Albany this morning on its second journey to the seat of war. Arriving in New-York this afternoon, it will remain here all night, going on in the morning to Washington and Brandy Station. This splendid regiment—one of the finest this State has sent into the field—was one of the first to reënlist as veterans for three years more, or during the war and returned home but a little more than a month ago to enjoy its well-merited furlough and fill up its thinned and wasted ranks. It constitutes the guard to the general headquarters of the Army of the Potomac. This fine organization was raised in the Fall and Winter of 1861, in the counties of Washington, Warren, Essex and Allegany, and took its departure from the State early in March, 1862, one thousand strong of whom but 260 now remain.

DEPARTURE OF THE ELLSWORTH ZOUAVES.—The Ellsworth Zouaves, under command of Maj. E. L. BRAND, left yesterday evening for Chicago, via the New-York Central Railroad. Before leaving, a collation was given them in the armory of the Seventy-first Regiment, N. Y. N. G.; after which the Zouaves marched down to the City Hall Park, and were reviewed by the Mayor and Common Council. At the conclusion of the review, the Zouaves went through their drill, and elicited loud applause from the spectators who thronged the Park and City Hall steps, for their precision and excellence in military evolutions. Companies B, F, D and G, of the Seventy-first regiment, under command of Maj. LIBBY, acted as escort, and marched with them to the depot of N. Y. C. R., where they left for home.

SUPERB CONTRIBUTION.—Mr. E. D. PALMER, the sculptor, has presented four of his latest and most valuable works of art to the Army Relief Bazaar, at Albany, viz.: "The Angel of Peace in Bondage," the "Bust of Hamilton," "Bust of the Peasant Girl," and the alto relievo "Good Morning." The managers design disposing of them by subscription tickets. For the first there will be 1,200 tickets at $2 each; for each of the others, 1,000 tickets at $1 each. They can be obtained, in this City, at GOUPIL's. The chance of securing one of these valuable works of art is tempting, and tickets will undoubtedly be speedily disposed of.

THE PASS SYSTEM REVIVED.—The pass system, which has been in abeyance for some time, has been revived, and is being carried into effect with considerable vigor. The revenue-cutters are now actively engaged in overhauling all vessels leaving New-York for suspected ports. The Stevens' battery *Naugatuck* is stationed off Throgg's Neck for the purpose of examining all craft, except the regular steamers, bound up the Sound. There are five cutters at Sandy Hook and the Narrows, which ply regularly from those points round the bay, and a short distance up the North and East Rivers.

THE COURT-MARTIAL TRYING OFFICERS OF GEN. SPINOLA'S BRIGADE.—The defence of Surgeon JOSEPH A. KERRIGAN was continued yesterday by his counsel, Mr. MCKEON. Judge-Advocate Capt. WRIGHT RIVES answered the defence, and in conclusion stated that there could be no doubt in the minds of the court but that the accused was guilty of the charges preferred against him. The court then retired to deliberate upon the finding, which will be promulgated by Gen. DIX.

SEIZURE OF IMPORTANT PAPERS.—Yesterday, Surveyor ANDREWS, by order of Gen. DIX, took possession of the papers of J. C. RAHMING, relative to blockade-running. A careful examination of the papers is to be made with a view to selecting such as may be used in evidence when the case comes up for trial. RAHMING is now in Fort Lafayette. The papers of a man named GEORGE WOLF were also seized, and will be used as evidence.

A RECRUITING RUNNER ARRESTED.—Marshal MURRAY has arrested a man named JAMES H. WEAVER, for enlisting a boy, the son of Mrs. ELIZA STRIBECK, in the Sixteenth Heavy Artillery. Out of the $300 bounty, Mrs. STRIBECK only got $40 and her son $5, the broker pocketing the rest. The accused was taken before Gen. DIX, who ordered him to refund the remainder of the bounty. Upon his refusal to do so, the General sent him to Fort Lafayette.

THE CITY GOVERNMENT.

[OFFICIAL.]

BOARD OF COUNCILMEN.

STATED SESSION—THURSDAY, Feb. 4, 1864, 1 o'clock P. M.

The Board met pursuant to adjournment, in their Chamber, No. 16 City Hall.

Present—Councilmen Healy, Brophy, Hagerty, Heffernan, Repper, Koster, McGrath, Jaques, Schaefer, Cook, Brice—11.

A quorum not answering to their names on roll-call, the President declared that the Board stood adjourned until Monday, eighth instant, at one o'clock P. M.

JAMES M. SWEENY, Clerk.

Evening Exchange.

FIFTH-AV. HOTEL, Thursday, Feb. 4.

(Reported by S. H. GALLAHER & BRO., Brokers, No. 18 William-st.)

300	N. Y. Cen. R.	b4.132⅝	50	Ill. Cen. R.	b3 129¾
500	do	132½	1300	do	b3.129⅝
400	Erie Railroad	108⅛	700	Galena	114
1300	do	s3.138¼	700	do	b3.114
100	Erie Pref.	b3 102	100	do	s3.113⅞
400	Mich. Cen. R.	b3.134¾	200	do	114⅛
50	Mich. So.	93⅞	200	Canton Co.	b10 39
200	do	94	100	do	38⅞
500	do	94⅛	100	do	38¾
100	do	b3 94⅛	100	Mar. Min. Co.	31⅛
200	do	b4 94	100	do	b3 31¼
100	Hud. R. R.	144	200	do	31¼
100	Pittsburgh	114¼	500	do	s3 32
700	do	s3.114⅜	400	do	b10 32
200	do	s30.114⅛	100	do	32
700	do	b3.114⅜	200	Fort Wayne R.	88⅛
200	do	114⅜	200	Cumb. Coal	s10 51⅛

[Advertisement.]

WANTED—A partner with a capital of $15,000, to manufacture an article which pays 75 per cent. Can be increased to any amount in sales. To a party of good business qualifications this is a rare chance. The article can be seen after addressing

L. G. TOMPKINS,
Nos. 20 and 22 Commerce-st., New-York.

Address for three days.

[Advertisement.]

DEMOREST'S ILLUSTRATED NEWS—WITH GRAPHIC ILLUSTRATIONS.—Jennie June's Parlor, Kitchen and Nursery Gossip, with other valuable literary matter, in *Demorest's New-York Illustrated News* of this week, the most spicy and interesting illustrated paper now in America. Price eight cents. Sold everywhere. Now ready.

[Advertisement.]

A COAL COMPANY is now organizing to work a valuable property, recently made accessible by completion of railroad, which makes it the nearest bituminous coal to Eastern and Northern markets; can be placed in the latter cheaper than Cumberland. Parties desiring a sure and profitable investment can ascertain full particulars, geological reports, &c., at Room No. 12, No. 58 Liberty-st.

[Advertisement.]

HERRING'S Patent Champion Fire-proof Safes, and HERRING'S new Patent Burglar-proof Safes, with HERRING & FLOYD'S Patent Crystalized Iron—the only material which cannot be drilled—at No. 251 Broadway, New-York.

[Advertisement.]

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.—If you would be entertained and instructed, at the same time, read the Illustrated PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL for February, now ready. Physiology, Psychology, Physiognomy, Ethnology, are amply illustrated. Only 15 cents, by first post, or $1 50 a year. FOWLER & WELLS, No. 308 Broadway, New-York.

MARRIED.

BEARD—POTTER.—On Thursday, Jan. 4, at the residence of the bride's father, by Rev. Albert S. Hunt, Mr. SAMUEL S. BEARD to Miss MARY ELIZABETH, eldest daughter of Gilbert Potter, all of Brooklyn.

ELLIOTT—LOVE.—On Wednesday, Feb. 3, at St. John's Chapel, by Rev. S. H. Weston, WILLIAM P. ELLIOTT and SARAH A., daughter of Thomas Love, all of this City.

JACOBS—HUBBARD.—On Tuesday evening, Feb. 2, at the residence of the bride's father, by Rev. A. H. Partridge, LOUIS H. JACOBS to MARY LOUISE, second daughter of Geo. D. Hubbard, all of Brooklyn, E. D.

PITCHER—SPARKS.—On Tuesday, Feb. 2, at the residence of Mr. Calvin Sparks, near Chapinville, in the Town of Salisbury, Conn., by Rev. T. Edwards, Mr. OBADIAH PITCHER, of Milan, N. Y., to Miss SARAH P. SPARKS, niece of Mr. C. Sparks.

DIED.

BRIGGS.—On Wednesday, Feb. 3, FRANK P., son of Isaac V. and Elizabeth Briggs, in the 12th year of his age.

The funeral services will be held on Friday, Feb. 5, at 7½ o'clock P. M., at No. 225 East Broadway. The remains will be taken to Yonkers for interment. The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

CORNELL.—On Wednesday, Feb. 3, HELEN H., infant daughter of J. B. and Minnie R. S. Cornell, aged 10 months and 29 days.

The funeral will take place on Friday, at 1 o'clock P. M., from the residence of her parents, No. 5 Charlton-st. Relatives and friends are invited to attend.

CARLTON.—At Denver City, Colorado Territory, on Monday, Feb. 1, DAVID ROWLAND CARLTON, eldest son of Col. Rowland Carlton, of Sedgwick, Me., aged 40 years.

☞ Boston and Maine papers please copy.

ELY.—On Wednesday morning, Feb. 3, SARAH HAMMOND, daughter of Z. S. and Sarah H. Ely, aged 8 weeks and 1 day.

The friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral on Friday morning, at 9½ o'clock, from their residence, No. 26 West 26th-st.

FORSHEE.—At Warwick, N. Y., on Thursday, Feb. 4, ABRAM FORSHEE, in the 60th year of his age.

Funeral on Sunday.

GODDARD.—On Monday, Feb. 1, at his residence in Zanesville, Ohio, CHARLES B. GODDARD, aged 67 years.

GREGORY.—Suddenly, at his late residence, No. 26 Carmine-st., THOMAS GREGORY, in the 24th year of his age.

Due notice of his funeral will be given.

GREER.—Suddenly, on Wednesday, Feb. 3, MARGARET, relict of the late Samuel Greer, aged 65 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, No. 180 West 22d-st., on Friday, the 5th inst., at 2 o'clock P. M. The remains will be taken to Greenwood for interment.

KING.—On Thursday, Feb. 4, Mrs. ANN KING, wife of Aaron O. King, in the 76th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her son-in-law, W. H. Dusenberry, No. 56 Charles-st., on Saturday afternoon, at 3 o'clock, without further notice.

KIRKPATRICK.—On Thursday, Feb. 4, of a long illness, JANE KIRKPATRICK.

The friends and acquaintances of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, this (Friday) afternoon, at 2 o'clock, from the residence of her brother-in-law, Richard Knowles, No. 70 North Moore-st.

☞ Londonderry papers please copy.

MITCHELTREE.—On Wednesday, Feb. 3, WILLIAM MITCHELTREE, Jr., formerly of Pittsburgh, Penn.

His friends are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, from the Anthon Memorial Church, West 48th-st., between 6th and 7th avs., this day, (Friday,) the 5th inst., at 2 P. M.

ROSS.—In Brooklyn, on Thursday, Feb. 4, MARTHA, wife of Nathaniel Ross, in the 42d year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, No. 95 1st-place, on Saturday, the 6th inst., at 2 o'clock P. M., without further invitation.

ROCKWOOD.—On Thursday, Feb. 4, EDWARD FOWLER, youngest child of George G. and Araminta Rockwood, aged 20 months and 15 days.

Funeral this day, (Friday,) at 4 o'clock, from the Church of the Holy Apostles, corner of 9th-av. and 28th-st.

STONE.—At Geneva, N. Y., on Tuesday, Feb. 2, EDITH, infant daughter of Robert and Margaret T. Stone, aged 5 months and 19 days.

STEWART.—At Waterford, N. Y., on Monday, Feb. 1, Hon. JOHN STEWART, aged 73 years.

THAYER.—In Brooklyn, on Wednesday evening, Feb. 3, HERBERT BRYANT, youngest child of A. E. and Eleanor B. Thayer, aged 3 years, 11 months and 3 days.

The friends of the family are invited to attend his funeral, this day, (Friday,) at 3 o'clock P. M., at the residence of his parents, No. 90 Hamilton-st., without further invitation.

TWEEDY.—Suddenly, at Danbury, Conn., on Wednesday, Feb. 3, of congestion of the lungs, Mr. A. E. TWEEDY, aged 61 years.

The funeral will be attended from his late residence, in Danbury, on Saturday, the 6th inst., at 1½ o'clock. A special train for Danbury will connect with the 8 A. M. train from New-York.

VAN WYCK.—In Fishkill, Dutchess County, N. Y., Gen. ABRAHAM VAN WYCK, in the 90th year of his age.

Funeral at his late residence on Saturday, Feb. 6, at 1 P. M.

VANDEROEF.—On Thursday, Feb. 4, after a short illness, MARY ELLA, daughter of John J. and Emeline Vanderoef, in the 17th year of her age.

Notice of funeral in to-morrow's papers.

WIECHMANN.—In Brooklyn, on Wednesday, Feb. 3, of scarlet fever, ANNA CÆCILIE, only daughter of Ernst Gustav and Anna C. Wiechmann, aged 7 years, 5 months and 11 days.

Funeral from No. 32 Johnson-st., Brooklyn, on Friday, Feb. 5, at 2 o'clock P. M.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.
Sun rises..... 7 06 | Sun sets..... 5 22 | Moon rises. 5 03
HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.
Sandy Hook. 5 53 | Gov. Island.. 6 42 | Hell Gate.. 8 04

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....THURSDAY, Feb. 4.

Cleared.

Ships Horatio, Palmer, Shanghai, Francis Hathaway; Mattie Banks, (Br.,) Edwards, Nassau, John Hughes; Borneo, Reed, New-Orleans, Nesmith & Son.

Bark Gluckan, (Prus.,) Reidel, Rio Janeiro, Funch, Meincke & Wendt.

Brigs Gen. Marshall, Staples, Cardenas, Walsh, Carver & Chase; Zillah, (Br.,) Munson, Liverpool, J. W. Elwell & Co.

Schooners B. F. Reeves, Stunford, Philadelphia, Bentley, Smith & Co.; Wm. P. Orr, Chambers, Lewis, Del.; May, Wooster, New-Orleans, Murray & Nephew; Mary Kelly, Reed, Machias, Simpson & Eaton; Horace, Wilson, New-Orleans, B. P. Sherman; Cornelius, Johnson, Washington, Mott Bedell.

Arrived.

U. S. supply steamer Union, A. V. Lieut. Edward Conroy commanding, from the East and West Gulf Squadrons, and Pensacola Jan. 20, St. Andrew's Jan. 20, St. Joseph's Bay, East and West Passes, St. George's Sound Jan. 21, St. Mark's 21st, Cedar Keys 22d, Tampa Bay 22d, Charlotte Harbor Jan. 23, Key West Jan. 28, Port Royal Jan. 31, Hampton Roads Feb. 2, to U. S. Navy Department.

Steamer Parkersburgh, Whitehead, Portland, with mdse. and passengers to H. B. Cromwell & Co.

Steamer Salvor, Robinson, Baltimore 3 ds., with mdse. to James Hand.

Steamer Osprey, Aldrich, Providence.

Bark Martha's Vineyard, Luce, New-Orleans 16 ds., with mdse. to Thomas Dunham. Sld. in co. with bark Almira Coombs, Drinkwater, for Matagorda Bay.

Bark Toennes Voss, (Meckl.,) Voss, Marseilles 58 ds., with mdse. to Funch, Meincke & Wendt. Jan. 21, lat. 31 50, lon. 67 30, signalized a schooner of Bath, Me., showing Nos. 5, 3, 7, 4, bound S.—all well.

Bark Southeaster, (of Glasgow,) Welsh, Glasgow 42 ds., with iron, etc., to Middleton & Co. Had strong westerly gales most of the passage.

Bark Johann Martin, (Pruss.,) Muller, Rotterdam 70 ds., with mdse. to Wm. Salem & Co. Had strong westerly gales most of the passage.

Bark Kristiansund, (Norw.,) Boyer, Santos 56 ds., with coffee to order.

Brig Lilly, (of Maitland, N. S.,) Esdale, Point Petre, Guad., Jan. 14, via Grand Turk Jan. 22, with salt to H. J. & C. A. De Wolf. Jan. 29, Alexander Sterling, steward, died; Feb. 1, Jacob Dinsmore, seaman, died, both of Maitland, N. S.

Brig Velocity, (of Jamaica,) ——, St. Thomas Jan. 14, via Salt Cay, T. I., Jan. 20, with salt to Darrell & Co. Vessels left not recollected.

Brig Mersey, (of Liverpool, N. S.,) Ford, Pernambuco Jan. 8, with sugar to Brett, Son & Co. The bark Hugh Birkhead, of Baltimore, sld. Dec. 25 for Valparaiso.

Brig Emma, (of Nassau,) Locke, Matamoras 18 ds., with cotton to G. Knoop. Sld. in co. with schr. Sybil, Haskins, and brig Robert Bruce, Claypool, for New-York.

Brig Veteran, (of Liverpool, N. S.,) Gamage, Matamoras 23 ds., with cotton to master.

Brig Eluesia, (Ital.,) Maresca, Odessa Nov. 4, and Constantinople Nov. 18, with wool to Holmboe & Balchen.

Schr. Red Fox, (of Nassau, N. P.,) Rickers, Demerara 26 ds., with sugar to N. L. McCready & Co. Jan. 28, lat. 33 10, lon. 74 13, saw a large frigate strg. N. E., under steam and canvas. Jan. 29, lat. 34 03, lon. 75 05, exchanged signals with a U. S. steamer, strg. S. by W.

Schr. Blue Jacket, (Br.,) Horn, Halifax 5 ds., with fish to master.

Schr. S. P. Godwin, Hobby, Elizabethport, for Stamford.

Schr. Annie J. Russell, Hedges, New-Haven.

Schr. Julie E. Pratt, Brown, New-Haven.

Schr. Belle of the Bay, Crooker, New-London.

Schr. Siak, Ingalls, Elizabethport, for Boston.

Schr. Gen. Putnam, Sharit, York River, oysters.

WIND—Sunset, S. W.

Sailed.

Feb. 3—Steamships Illinois, Champion, Merrimac, Dudley Buck.

Ships Parana, Webster, Georgina.

Barks Elise, Ibis, Edward Hill, Jane A. Bishop, Columbia, Venus, Palmyra, Ansdell, W. A. Platenius, Union.

Brigs Olga, Abby Watson, Fashion, Ruby, A. Richards, Ariel, Jason, Patrie, Crimea, Sarahs, Guide, Topia, Amelia, Argo, Rush, J. Newius, Florence, Geo. A. Prescott, Pioneer, H. F. Cotthirst, Alma.

Schooners R. Baker, Helena, Mazeppa, S. J. Waring, Letetia Ann, Anachita, Curlew, and 13 others.

Feb. 4—Steamships Kedar, for Liverpool; City of Limerick, for do.

Ships Universe, Ann E. Thompson.

Miscellaneous.

The steamship City of Limerick, while going to sea, yesterday, touched on the S. W. Spit, but came off at high water and proceeded on her voyage.

The announcement in some of the papers that the guard-boats stationed at the Narrows and at Throgg's Neck were removed, is incorrect. The cutter Crawford is near the Narrows, and has not been absent. At Throgg's Neck the battery Naugatuck will be stationed in a few days, her place being temporarily filled by another.

A heavy gale from the north was experienced at Matamoras about Jan. 1, during which several vessels dragged their anchors, and causing considerable damage among the shipping.

The schr. S. A. Appleton, from New-York for Washington, which put into Delaware Breakwater, leaky, was to proceed to Philadelphia for repairs on the 2d inst.

Spoken, &c.

Balpia—schr., of St. John, N. B., hence for St. Jago, Jan. 22, lat. 27 26, lon. 69 50.

Foreign Ports.

At Demerara, Jan. 9, bark Princeton, Seeley, for New-York, ready; schr. C. D. Horton, McKeever, for New-York in 3 days.

At Matamoras, Jan. 12, bark Twilight, for New-York, with loss of bowsprit; brig Truaman, (Br.,) with bulwarks stove, foretopmasts gone.

At Point Petre, Guad., Jan. 14, schr. Dacotah, Clifford, for Turks Island, to load for Portland.

[PER JURA.]

Arrived from New-York—Dec. 12, Eleanor Miller; 19th, Marengo; 20th, Menora, at Rio Janeiro; 17th, Gazelle, at Bahia; Jan. 16, Celestial, at Havre; 18th, Istorkin and Maria Adelaide, at Flushing; 19th, Bridgewater at Liverpool; Theresa; 20th, Yorktown, Columbia and Lizzie Southard, at Deal.

Arrived from Baltimore—Dec. 4, W. E. Alexander and John Adrianne, at Rio Janeiro; Jan. 20, Verbenna, Elida and Telegram, at Liverpool.

Arrived from San Francisco—Oct. 9, Nero, at Aurkland.

Arrived from Callao—Jan. 10, Enoch Talbot, at Antwerp.

Latest via Londonderry.

Arrived from New-York—Hippopotamus, at Yarmouth; Frank Lovell, at Kingstown; Java, and J. Cargill, in the Clyde; Adler, at Falmouth; Eliza Young, and Michael, at "Haven"; Bluenose, Maria Adelaide, and Istock, at Antwerp; Carolus, at Genoa.

Arrived from Philadelphia—Jane, at Crookhaven.

Arrived from Baltimore—Industry, at Cadiz.

Arrived from Callao—Lancaster, at Cowes.

MEM.—Ships R. Rovery, for Philadelphia, and Lizzie Herman, for New-York, at Queenstown, have lost rudders, etc.

Sailed for New-York—20th, Queen of the Eye; 21st, Hamburg, Parkel, Rio Janeiro, Golden Fleece, St. Helena; Jan. 16, Ellen Austin; 20th, Howard, from Liverpool.

Sailed for Boston—19th, Waverley, from Liverpool.

Sailed for Philadelphia—16th, Gen. Williams; 17th, Eastern State, from Liverpool.

MEM.—The ship Berlin, from the Clyde for San Francisco, is at Rio Janeiro, leaky, and will discharge.

The ship Eastern State, from Liverpool for Philadelphia, is at Lough Foyle, leaky.

The brig Gen. W. Taylor, New-York for Malta, is ashore near Cadiz. She will be a total wreck, though the cargo will be saved.

Spoken—Schr. Energy, ships Sumatra, Ealing Grove, American Eagle, G. R. Nettletine and Louisa, (whaler.)

DEAFNESS
NOISES IN THE HEAD,
Diseases of the Eye, Ear & Throat,
CATARRH CURED
BY
DR. VON EISENBERG,
AT HIS CONSULTING ROOMS,

DEAFNESS AND CATARRH.

No. 23 FORSYTH-ST., NEW-YORK, Oct. 1, 1863.

Dr. Von Eisenberg:

DEAR SIR: Without recapitulating the numerous benefits I have received through your wonderful cure of the deafness I have labored under many years, the blessings I enjoy will convince the most skeptical.

I have tried many aurists, in Europe and America, without success. I was still deaf as a post.

Three years ago I entered your office, underwent one operation, hoping, yet doubting, I should receive any relief, but was agreeably disappointed in finding the genius of your profession.

The innate skill you possess cured my deafness in one almost painless operation.

The joy I experienced was indescribable; 'twas a new life to me.

My hearing is perfect to this day.

I strongly advise all who are suffering under a difficulty of hearing, or total deafness, to consult you immediately, as I also personally recommend all who apply to me. The numerous calls trespass on my time and patience, yet, remembering my own long, weary affliction, causes me to pity them.

This is not written to advertise your well-known, unrivaled reputation—that would be peurile; but as a measure of precaution, to induce all to call on you at once, without troubling me; yet I do not refuse to see any one who comes to me. This is the only way I can show my gratitude.

I also call the attention of those who are suffering from Catarrh, which disease I have labored under one year or more.

I experienced difficulty in breathing, langour, heaviness over the eyes, a sense of tightness on the brain, and copious expectorations of a hard and viscid nature. Accompanying this is a "polypus," quite filling the right nostril. On the 25th ult. you operated on both, killing the polypus, which is gradually passing away, and giving me great relief from the Catarrh. One more operation will effectually cure.

This testimonial brings with it my unalloyed and grateful thanks, with but a poor delineation of your wondrous skill as an Aurist.

I am, Sir, yours very gratefully,
EDWARD TEMPLE HARRISON.

DR. VON EISENBERG'S OFFICE
NO. 816 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK.

COLGATE & CO.'S
HONEY SOAP,
BROWN WINDSOR
GLYCERINE,
BATH AND PALM
SOAPS.

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For sale by nearly all the respectable Druggists and Perfumers in the

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EAGLE MILLS.
PLACE & TURLAY,
Successors to
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DEALERS IN
COFFEES, SPICES, MUSTARDS
&c., &c., &c.
ALSO, THE CELEBRATED
RUBIA MILLS GOVERNMENT COFFEE.
No. 200 Fulton and No. 42 Dey sts.

NOTHING BUT NECK-TIES.
JOBBERS
will find, at No. 36 WARREN-ST., N. Y., the most extensive assortment of NECK-TIES ever exhibited in America.
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Delicate in perfume, very emollient in lather, and warranted not to injure the skin. Sold in large oval cakes, by drug, grocery and fancy stores. Wholesale depot, Nos. 31 and 33 Dey-st., New-York.
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CRIMSON WRITING FLUID.
More brilliant and permanent than the best carmine.
S. S. STAFFORD, Manufacturer,
No. 11 Cedar-st., New-York.

LIBERTY DIVISION NO. 7, S. OF T.—Will hold a public temperance meeting in Clinton Hall, Astor-place, on FRIDAY EVENING, Feb. 5, 1864, at 7½ o'clock. P. T. BARNUM, Esq., and Mr. CARSWELL, the great Canadian orator, will address the meeting. Admission free, and all are invited.
JOHN McMILLAN, Chairman.
J. RIKER, Vice-Chairman.
A. F. FITCH, Secretary.

DALLEY'S PAIN EXTRACTOR—GENUINE has no equal. H. DALLEY, printed, cancels each stamp. Retailed at 35c., 70c. and $1 40 per box. Cures piles, corns, diarrhea, rheumatism, worms; always stops burn-pain in five minutes.

TO WET NURSE.—A RESPECTABLE MARRIED woman wants a baby to wet nurse at her own house, with a fresh breast of milk two weeks old; the best of reference from her family doctor. Apply at No. 219 Columbia-st., near Joralemon, Brooklyn, first floor.

DYSPEPSIA
AND
DISEASES RESULTING FROM
DISORDERS OF THE LIVER AND DIGESTIVE ORGANS,
ARE CURED BY
HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS.

These Bitters
HAVE PERFORMED MORE CURES!
HAVE AND DO GIVE BETTER SATISFACTION!
HAVE MORE TESTIMONY!
HAVE MORE RESPECTABLE PEOPLE TO VOUCH FOR THEM
Than any other article in the market.

IT IS NOT A LIQUOR PREPARATION,
BUT
THE BEST TONIC
In the World.

READ WHO SAYS SO:

From Rev. Levi G. Beck, Pastor of the Baptist Meeting, Pemberton, N. J., formerly of the North Baptist Church, Philadelphia.

I have known Hoofland's German Bitters favorably for a number of years. I have used them in my own family and have been so pleased with their effects that I was induced to recommend them to many others, and know that they have operated in a strikingly beneficial manner. I take great pleasure in thus publicly proclaiming this fact, and calling the attention of those afflicted with the diseases for which they are recommended, to these Bitters, knowing from experience that my recommendation will be sustained. I do this more cheerfully as Hoofland's Bitters is intended to benefit the afflicted, and is "not a rum drink."

Yours truly,
LEVI G. BECK.

From Rev. J. Newton Brown, D. D., Editor of the Encyclopedia of Religious Knowledge.

Although not disposed to favor or recommend Patent Medicines in general, through distrust of their ingredients and effects, I yet know of no sufficient reasons why a man may not testify to the benefits he believes himself to have received from any simple preparation, in the hope that he may thus contribute to the benefit of others.

I do this the more readily in regard to Hoofland's German Bitters, prepared by Dr. C. M. Jackson, of this City, because I was prejudiced against them for many years, under the impression that they were chiefly an alcoholic mixture. I am indebted to my friend, Robert Shoemaker, Esq., for the removal of this prejudice by proper tests, and for encouragement to try them, when suffering from great and long continued debility. The use of three bottles of these Bitters, at the beginning of the present year, was followed by evident relief and restoration to a degree of bodily and mental vigor which I had not felt for six months before, and had almost despaired of regaining. I therefore thank God and my friend for directing me to the use of them.

J. NEWTON BROWN.

From Rev. Joseph H. Kennard, Pastor of the Tenth Baptist Church.

DR. JACKSON—*Dear Sir:* I have been frequently requested to connect my name with commendations of different kinds of medicines, but regarding the practice as out of my appropriate sphere, I have in all cases declined; but with a clear proof in various instances, and particularly in my own family, of the usefulness of Dr. Hoofland's German Bitters, I depart for once from my usual course, to express my full conviction that, *for general debility of the system, and especially for Liver Complaint, it is a safe and valuable preparation.* In some cases it may fail; but usually, I doubt not, it will be very beneficial to those who suffer from the above causes.

Yours, very respectfully,
J. H. KENNARD,
8th, below Coates-st., Philadelphia.

From Rev. Warren Randolph, Pastor of Baptist Church Germantown, Penn.

DR. C. M. JACKSON—*Dear Sir:* Personal experience enables me to say that I regard the German Bitters prepared by you as a most excellent medicine. In cases of severe cold and general debility I have been greatly benefited by the use of the Bitters, and doubt not they will produce similar effects in others.

Yours, truly, WARREN RANDOLPH,
Germantown, Penn.

From Rev. J. H. Turner, Pastor of Hedding M. E. Church, Philadelphia.

DR. JACKSON—*Dear Sir:* Having used your German Bitters in my family frequently, I am prepared to say that it has been of great service. I believe that in most cases of general debility of the system it is the safest and most valuable remedy of which I have any knowledge.

Yours, respectfully. J. H. TURNER.
No. 726 North 19th-st.

From Rev. J. M. Lyons, formerly Pastor of the Columbus (N. J.) and Milestown (Penn.) Baptist Churches, New-Rochelle, N. Y.

DR. C. M. JACKSON—*Dear Sir:* I feel it a pleasure thus, of my own accord, to bear testimony to the excellence of the German Bitters. Some years since, being much afflicted with Dyspepsia, I used them with very beneficial results. I have often recommended them to persons enfeebled by that tormenting disease, and have heard from them the most flattering testimonials as to their great value. In cases of general debility, I believe it to be a tonic that cannot be surpassed. J. M. LYONS.

From Rev. Thomas Winter, Pastor of Roxborough Baptist Church.

DR. JACKSON—*Dear Sir:* I feel it due to your excellent preparation, Hoofland's German Bitters, to add my testimony to the deserved reputation it has obtained. I have for years, at times, been troubled with great disorder in my head and nervous system. I was advised by a friend to try a bottle of your German Bitters. I did so, and have experienced great and unexpected relief; my health has been very materially benefitted. I confidently recommend the article where I meet with cases similar to my own, and have been assured by many of their good effects.

Respectfully yours,
T. WINTER, Roxborough, Penn.

From Rev. J. S. Herman, of the German Reformed Church, Kutztown, Berks County, Penn.

DR. C. M. JACKSON—*Respected Sir:* I have been troubled with Dyspepsia nearly twenty years, and have never used any medicine that did me as much good as Hoofland's Bitters. I am very much improved in health, after having taken five bottles.

Yours, with respect,
J. S. HERMAN.

PRICES.

Large Size, (holding nearly double quantity,) $1 per Bottle—half dozen........ $5
Small Size, 75c. per Bottle—half dozen........ $4

The Large Size, on account of the quantity the Bottles hold, are much the cheaper.

Should your nearest druggist not have the article, do not be put off by any of the intoxicating preparations that may be offered in its place, but send to us, and we will forward, securely packed, by express.

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